



**Unified Air  
Toxics Website**

## **Summary of Testing, Monitoring, Recordkeeping, and Reporting Requirements of 40 CFR 63 Subpart CC Petroleum Refineries NESHAP**

This document summarizes in table form the testing, monitoring, and recordkeeping and recording requirements of the petroleum refinery NESHAP (40 CFR 63, Subpart CC). Separate summary tables are presented for the different kinds of emission sources (e.g., process vents, storage vessels, wastewater, equipment leaks, and loading operations), with links to the corresponding regulatory text. All rule amendments adopted through November of 2000 have been incorporated.

[Click here to enter](#)

---

[EPA Home](#) | [OAR Home](#) | [OAQPS Home](#) | [TTN Home](#) | [UATW Home](#)

[ContactUATW Webmaster-\(919-541-5347\)](#)



## Table of Contents

<u>Table</u>	<u>Title</u>
1-1	<a href="#">Petroleum Refinery NESHAP General Requirements</a>
2-1	<a href="#">Requirements for Group 1 Miscellaneous Process Vents Routed to a Flare</a>
2-2	<a href="#">Requirements for Group 1 Miscellaneous Process Vents Routed to an Incinerator</a>
2-3	<a href="#">Requirements for Group 1 Miscellaneous Process Vents Routed to &lt; 44 MW Boiler or Process Heater and not Introduced into the Flame Zone</a>
2-4	<a href="#">Requirements for Group 1 Miscellaneous Process Vents Introduced into the Flame Zone of a Boiler or Process Heater or Routed to &lt; 44 MW Boiler or Process Heater</a>
3-1	<a href="#">Requirements for Group 1 Storage Vessels Equipped With a Closed Vent System Routed to a Flare</a>
3-2	<a href="#">Requirements for Group 1 Storage Vessels Equipped With a Closed Vent System Routed to a Control Device Other Than a Flare</a>
3-3	<a href="#">Requirements for Group 1 Storage Vessels Equipped With a Fixed Roof and an Internal Floating Roof and Storage Vessels Equipped With a External Floating Roof Converted to an Internal Floating Roof</a>
3-4	<a href="#">Requirements for Group 1 Storage Vessels Equipped With an External Floating Roof</a>
4-1	<a href="#">Requirements for Group 1 Wastewater Streams</a>
5-1	<a href="#">Requirements for Refineries Complying with the Equipment Leaks Standards in § 63.648 by Implementing 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart VV</a>
5-2	<a href="#">Requirements for Refineries Complying with the Equipment Leaks Standards in § 63.648 by Implementing 40 CFR part 63, subpart H</a>
6-1	<a href="#">Requirement for Gasoline Loading Racks</a>
7-1	<a href="#">Requirements for Marine Vessels Loading Operations</a>

**Table 1-1. Petroleum Refinery NESHAP General Requirements**

<b>Item</b>	<b>Requirement</b>	<b>Section</b>	<b>Frequency</b>
Testing	Notify the regulatory authority 30 days prior to conducting a performance test (if a test is required - see process vent tables).	<a href="#">63.642(d)(2)</a>	Once
	Conduct tests at representative operating conditions that result in the lowest emission reduction.	<a href="#">63.642(d)(3)</a>	N/A
Monitoring	See tables for each kind of emission point.		

Reporting	<p><u>Permit Application</u> An owner or operator subject to the provisions of the petroleum refinery NESHAP must apply for a part 70 or part 71 permit.</p>	<a href="#">63.642(a)</a>	Once (and as directed by the permit)
	<p><u>Application for Approval of Construction or Reconstruction</u> Applies to new or reconstructed sources only, general application requirements include the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● applicant's name and address;</li> <li>● notification of intention to construct a new major affected source;</li> <li>● address of source;</li> <li>● identification of relevant standards;</li> <li>● expected commencement date of construction or reconstruction;</li> <li>● expected completion date of construction or reconstruction;</li> <li>● anticipated date of startup; and applicability determinations (e.g., distillation units, storage vessels, flexible operation units).</li> <li>● additional information may also be requested.</li> </ul>	<a href="#">63.5(d)</a>	Once
	<p><u>Notification of Compliance Status (NCS)</u> Information required in a NCS report may be submitted in an operating permit application, in an amendment to an operating permit application, or as a separate submittal. The following information is required:</p>	<a href="#">63.654(f)</a>	Once
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● information on individual emission points to demonstrate compliance--see tables for each kind of emission point</li> <li>● If initial performance tests are required, only one example complete test report for each test method used must be included in the NCS. For additional tests using the same method, submit the results rather than the full report.</li> <li>● Results of any continuous monitoring system performance evaluations (if any emission points require continuous monitoring--see process vents tables)</li> </ul>	<a href="#">63.654(f)(1)</a> and <a href="#">(f)(3)</a>	
	<u>Requirement</u>	<a href="#">63.654(f)(4)</a>	

- The determination of applicability of subpart CC to process units that are designed and operated as flexible operation units.<sup>a</sup> [63.654\(h\)\(6\)\(i\)](#)
- The determination of applicability of subpart CC to any storage vessels for which use varies from year to year.<sup>a</sup> [63.654\(h\)\(6\)\(ii\)](#)
- The determination of applicability of subpart CC to any distillation column for which use varies from year to year.<sup>a</sup> [63.654\(h\)\(6\)\(iii\)](#)

Periodic Report

If no compliance exceptions occur in the 6 month reporting period, a periodic report is not necessary, unless (1) emissions averaging is used, (2) a Group 1 emission point becomes a Group 2 emission point, (3) a new Group 1 emission point is added, or (4) a floating roof storage vessel is brought into compliance.<sup>a</sup>

Periodic reports must include information on compliance exceptions (see tables for each kind of emission point).

If a performance test is done for an emission point that is added or changed from Group 2 to Group 1, include the results (e.g., percent emissions reduction or concentration) in the next periodic report.

If a Group 2 emission point becomes a Group 1 emission point or a new Group 1 emission point is added, include the Notification of Compliance Status report in the next periodic report.<sup>a</sup> Refer to tables 2 through 7 for the type of information that is to be included for each kind of emission point.

If a floating roof storage vessel is brought into compliance, include the Notification of Compliance Status report for the vessel in the next periodic report. Include the method of compliance, a list of storage vessels subject to control requirements, and the anticipated and actual compliance dates.

[63.654\(g\)](#)

Semi-annual (if there is a compliance exception). Quarterly for points in emissions averages.

[63.654\(g\)\(7\)](#)

Once

[63.654\(f\)\(6\)](#)

[63.654\(f\)\(6\)](#)

[63.654\(f\)\(1\)\(i\)\(A\)](#)

Startup, Shutdown, and Malfunction Report

[63.654\(h\)\(1\)](#),

Semi-annual (if a malfunction has occurred)

A startup, shutdown, and malfunction report is not required if a malfunction does not occur during a reporting period. If a malfunction occurs and corrective actions are consistent with the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan (SSMP) include a statement to that effect in the next periodic report.

[63.10\(d\)\(5\)\(i\)](#)

If a malfunction occurs and corrective actions are not consistent with the SSMP, submit in the next periodic report:

[63.10\(d\)\(5\)\(ii\)](#)

Semi-annual (if a malfunction has occurred and the actions taken are not consistent with the SSMP)

- circumstances of the event;
- the reasons for not following the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan; and
- whether any excess emissions and/or parameter monitoring exceedances occurred.

Other Reports Required for Special Situations

Once (if applicable)

The following information, if applicable, must be submitted with the Notification of Compliance Status report for existing sources or with the application for approval of construction for new sources:

- requests for approval to monitor an alternative control device operating parameter, with support justification<sup>b</sup> [63.654\(h\)\(4\)](#)

The following information, if applicable, must be submitted 18 months before the compliance date for existing sources or with the application for approval of construction for new sources:

[63.654\(h\)\(4\)](#)

- requests for approval to monitor an alternative control device operating parameter, with supporting justification<sup>b</sup>
- requests for approval to use data compression systems instead of keeping hourly records, with supporting information<sup>b</sup> [63.654\(h\)\(5\)](#)

- requests to use other alternative monitoring methods, with supporting justification<sup>b</sup> [63.654\(h\)\(5\)\(iv\)](#) and [63.8\(f\)\(4\)\(ii\)](#)

A request may be submitted to establish an alternative emission standard. A test plan or results of testing and monitoring must be submitted. (If the EPA finds that the alternative standard is equivalent to the NESHAP, the EPA will request public comment and publish a Federal Register notice allowing its use.)

[63.6\(g\)\(2\)](#)

Request for Extension of Compliance

[63.6\(i\)\(3\)](#)

Once (not required unless an extension of compliance is sought)

Such requests are allowed only for existing sources and must be submitted at least 12 months before the compliance date (18 months if emissions averaging is used). The request must include:

- description of controls to be installed;
- compliance schedule; and
- interim emission control steps.

Application for a Performance Test Waiver

[63.7\(h\)\(3\)\(iii\)](#)

Once (not required unless a performance test waiver is sought)

An application for a waiver shall include information justifying the request (e.g., technical or economic infeasibility).

Recordkeeping

Records must be maintained for at least 5 years. [63.642\(e\)](#) and

N/A

Records must be accessible within 24 hours of request in either hard copy or computer-readable form.

Maintain records of the occurrence and duration of each startup, shutdown, or malfunction of operation and each air pollution control equipment malfunction. [63.10\(b\)\(2\)\(i-ii\)](#)

During each malfunction

Maintain records of any actions that are inconsistent with the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan; and records that demonstrate the plan has been followed. [63.10\(b\)\(2\)\(iv-v\)](#)

During each malfunction

Maintain records of continuous monitoring system calibration checks (if continuous monitoring is required). [63.10\(b\)\(x\)](#)

After each calibration check

<sup>a</sup>This requirement represents a recent amendment (63 FR 44135, August 18, 1999) to the petroleum refineries NESHAP.

<sup>b</sup>Not required unless a source wishes to use monitoring procedures different from those specified in the NESHAP.

**Table 2-1. Requirements for Group 1 Miscellaneous Process Vents Routed to a Flare**

Item	Requirement	Section	Frequency
Testing	An initial test showing compliance with Section 63.11(b), including measurement/determination of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● No visible emission</li> <li>● Net heat value of combusted gas</li> <li>● Exit velocity</li> </ul>	<a href="#">63.643(a)(1)</a> <a href="#">63.116(a)</a> <a href="#">63.11(b)</a>	once
Monitoring	Monitor the presence of a pilot flame. <sup>a</sup>	<a href="#">63.644(a)(2)</a>	once/hr

If vent stream could be diverted from control device by a bypass line:

- Monitor presence of flow in bypass line OR [63.644\(c\)\(1\)](#) once/hr
- Inspect valve to bypass line to ensure that it is maintained in the closed position [63.644\(c\)\(2\)](#) once/month

Reporting

Notification of Compliance Status (NCS)

Identification of vent and method of compliance [63.654\(f\)\(1\)\(ii\)](#) once

Report results of initial test, including: [63.654\(f\)\(1\)\(iv\)](#) once

- Visible emission readings, heat content determinations, flow rate measurements, and exit velocity determinations
- A statement as to whether a flame was present over the full period of the compliance determination

If parameter other than presence of pilot flame is monitored, acceptable range for parameter and rationale for range. [63.654\(f\)\(3\)\(ii\)](#) once

Times at which an operating day begins and ends [63.654\(f\)\(3\)\(iii\)](#) once

Semi-Annual Reports

Report periods of excess emissions, including: [63.654\(g\)\(6\)\(i\)](#) Every 6 Months

- an operating day when all pilot flames are absent
- an operating day when the determination of the presence of a pilot flame is available for less than 75 percent of operating hours
- periods when vent stream is diverted from the flare or when monthly inspections show bypass line valve has been open

Recordkeeping

Complete test report for initial test results [63.654\(i\)\(2\)](#)

Each pilot flame presence determination [63.654\(i\)\(3\)\(ii\)\(A\)](#)

Times and durations of periods when monitoring device is not operating [63.654\(i\)\(3\)\(v\)](#)

Retain all information required to be reported for five years. [63.654\(i\)\(4\)](#)

<sup>a</sup>A request may be made to monitor an alternate parameter.

<sup>b</sup>If all values of monitored parameter are within range reported in the NCS, may record that all values were within range instead of daily average values [[63.654\(i\)\(3\)\(iv\)](#)].

**Table 2-2. Requirements for Group 1 Miscellaneous Process Vents Routed to an Incinerator**

Item	Requirement	Section	Frequency
------	-------------	---------	-----------

Testing	Initial performance test to show compliance with requirement to reduce organic HAP by 98% or to a concentration 20 ppmv	<a href="#">63.645</a> , <a href="#">63.116</a> except (d) and (e)	once
Monitoring	Monitor the firebox temperature. <sup>a,b</sup> If vent stream could be diverted from control device by a bypass line:	<a href="#">63.644(a)(1)(i)</a>	once/hr
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Monitor presence of flow in bypass line <u>OR</u></li> </ul>	<a href="#">63.644(c)(1)</a>	once/hr
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Inspect valve to bypass line to ensure that it is maintained in the closed position.</li> </ul>	<a href="#">63.644(c)(2)</a>	once/month
Reporting	<u>Notification of Compliance Status (NCS)</u>		
	Identification of vent and method of compliance.	<a href="#">63.654(f)(1)(ii)</a>	once
	Report results of performance test, including:	<a href="#">63.654(f)(1)(iii)</a>	once
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● the percent reduction in organic HAP or TOC or the outlet organic HAP or TOC concentration</li> <li>● average firebox temperature<sup>a</sup> over the duration of the performance test</li> </ul>		
	Acceptable range for daily average firebox temperature <sup>a</sup> and rationale for range	<a href="#">63.654(f)(3)(iii)</a>	once
Times at which an operating day begins and ends			
<u>Semi-Annual Reports</u>		<a href="#">63.654(g)(6)</a>	Every 6 Months
Report periods of excess emissions, including:			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● an operating day that the average firebox temperature was outside the range established in the NCS</li> <li>● an operating day when the firebox temperature is available for less than 75 percent of operating hours.</li> <li>● periods when vent stream is diverted from the incinerator or when monthly inspections show bypass line valve has been open.</li> </ul>			
Recordkeeping	Complete test report for initial performance test results	<a href="#">63.654(i)(2)</a>	

Each value of firebox temperature<sup>a</sup> or a [63.654\(i\)\(3\)\(ii\)](#)  
 block average of values for periods  $\leq$  1  
 hour  
 Daily average of firebox temperature,<sup>a,c</sup> [63.654\(i\)\(3\)\(iii\)](#)  
 Times and durations of periods when [63.654\(i\)\(3\)\(v\)](#)  
 monitoring device is not operating  
 Retain all information required to be [63.654\(i\)\(4\)](#)  
 reported for five years.

<sup>a</sup>For Catalytic Incinerators, monitor the gas stream temperature immediately before and after the catalyst bed and calculate temperature difference across the bed.

<sup>b</sup>A request may be made to monitor an alternate parameter.

<sup>c</sup>If all values of monitored temperatures are within range reported in the NCS, may record that all values were within range instead of daily average values [[63.654\(i\)\(3\)\(iv\)](#)].

**Table 2-3. Requirements for Group 1 Miscellaneous Process Vents Routed to a < 44 MW Boiler or Process Heater and not Introduced into the Flame Zone**

Item	Requirement	Section	Frequency
Testing	Initial performance test to show compliance with requirement to reduce organic HAP by 98% or to a concentration $\leq$ 20 ppmv	<a href="#">63.645</a> , <a href="#">63.116</a> except (d) and (e)	once
Monitoring	Monitor firebox temperature. <sup>a</sup> If vent stream could be diverted from control device by a bypass line:	<a href="#">63.644(a)(4)</a>	once/hr
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Monitor presence of flow in bypass line <u>OR</u> <a href="#">63.644(c)(1)</a></li> <li>● Inspect valve to bypass line to ensure that it <a href="#">63.644(c)(2)</a> is maintained in the closed position</li> </ul>		once/hr once/month
	<u>Notification of Compliance Status (NCS)</u>		
Reporting	Identification of vent and method of compliance.	<a href="#">63.654(f)(1)(ii)</a>	once
	Report results of performance test, including:	<a href="#">63.654(f)(1)(iii)</a>	once
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● the % reduction in organic HAP or TOC, or</li> <li>● the outlet organic HAP or TOC concentration</li> <li>● average firebox temperature over the duration of the performance test</li> </ul>		
	Acceptable range for daily average firebox temperature and rationale for range. Times at which an operating day begins and ends.	<a href="#">63.654(f)(3)(iii)</a>	once
	<u>Semi-Annual Reports</u>		
	Report periods of excess emissions, including:	<a href="#">63.654(g)(6)</a>	Every 6 Months

- an operating day that the average firebox temperature was outside the range established in the NCS
- an operating day when the firebox temperature is available for less than 75 percent of operating hours
- periods when vent stream is diverted from the boiler or when monthly inspections show bypass line valve has been opened

Recordkeeping	Complete test report for initial performance test results	<a href="#">63.654(i)(2)</a>
	Each firebox temperature or a block average of values for periods <= 1 hour	<a href="#">63.654(i)(3)(ii)</a>
	Daily average firebox temperature <sup>b</sup>	<a href="#">63.654(i)(3)(iii)</a>
	Times and durations of periods when monitoring device is not operating	<a href="#">63.654(i)(3)(v)</a>
	Retain all information required to be reported for five years.	<a href="#">63.654(i)(4)</a>

<sup>a</sup>A request may be made to monitor an alternate parameter.

<sup>b</sup>If all values of firebox temperature are within range reported in the NCS, may record that all values were within range instead of daily average values [[63.654\(i\)\(3\)\(iv\)](#)].

**Table 2-4. Requirements for Group 1 Miscellaneous Process Vents Introduced into the Flame Zone of a Boiler or Process Heater or Routed to a > 44 MW Boiler or Process Heater**

<b>Item</b>	<b>Requirement</b>	<b>Section</b>	<b>Frequency</b>
Testing	Initial performance test is not required	<a href="#">63.645(d)</a>	
Monitoring	Monitoring of process heater/boiler is not required.	<a href="#">63.644(a)(3)</a>	
	For vent systems with a bypass line that could divert a vent stream away from the control device, monitor presence of flow in bypass line <u>OR</u>	<a href="#">63.644(c)(1)</a>	once/hr
	Inspect closure mechanism on valve to bypass line to ensure that it is maintained in the closed position.	<a href="#">63.644(c)(2)</a>	once/month
Reporting	<u>Notification of Compliance Status (NCS)</u>	<a href="#">63.654(f)(1)(ii)</a>	once
	<u>Identification of vent and method of compliance Semi-Annual Reports</u>		
	Periods when vent stream is diverted from the boiler or when monthly inspections show bypass line valve has been open		
Recordkeeping	Retain all information required to be reported for five years.	<a href="#">63.654(i)(4)</a>	

**Table 3-1. Requirements for Group 1 Storage Vessels Equipped With a Closed Vent System Routed to a Flare**

<b>Item</b>	<b>Requirement</b>	<b>Section</b>	<b>Frequency</b>
Testing	A compliance determination, as specified in 63.11(b), is required for the flare. Include measurement/determination of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Visible emissions, heat value of combusted gas and exit velocity</li> </ul>	<a href="#">63.11(b)</a>	once
Inspection Reporting	Inspect closed vent system as specified in 63.148.	<a href="#">63.148(c)</a>	once/year
	<u>Notification of Compliance Status (NCS)</u> Identification of vessel and method of compliance. Report results of performance test, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Flare design (steam-assisted, air-assisted, non-assisted)</li> <li>● Visible emission readings, heat content determinations, flow rate measurements, and exit velocity determinations</li> <li>● Periods during compliance determination when the pilot flame is absent</li> </ul>	<a href="#">63.654(f)(1)(i)(A)</a> <a href="#">63.654(f)(1)(i)(D)</a>	once once
	<u>Periodic Reports</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● description of routine maintenance anticipated for the flare in the next six months</li> <li>● description of the planned routine maintenance for the flare that was performed during the previous six months</li> <li>● description of each occurrence when the flare does not meet the requirements specified in 63.11(b) and reason for not meeting requirements</li> </ul>	<a href="#">63.654(g)(5)(i)(A)</a> <a href="#">63.654(g)(5)(i)(B)</a> <a href="#">63.654(g)(5)(iii)</a>	Every 6 months Every 6 months Every 6 months
	Notify Administer 30 days in advance of refilling storage vessel that has been emptied and degassed. <sup>a</sup>	<a href="#">63.654(h)(2)(i)</a>	not specified
	Notify Administrator 30 days in advance of refilling storage vessel that has been emptied and degassed. <sup>a</sup>	<a href="#">63.654(h)(2)(i)</a>	not specified
Recordkeeping	Group 1 determination, vessel dimensions, analysis of capacity	<a href="#">63.123(a)</a>	
	Complete test report for initial test results	<a href="#">63.654(i)(3)(ii)</a>	
	Planned routine maintenance performed, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● first time of day and date control requirements are not met at the beginning of the planned routine maintenance</li> <li>● first time of day and date control requirements are met at the conclusion of planned maintenance</li> </ul>	<a href="#">63.123(f)(2)</a> <a href="#">63.654(i)(3)(iii)</a>	
	Retain all information required to be reported for five years.	<a href="#">63.654(i)(4)</a>	

<sup>a</sup>Notification may be made less than 30 days prior to inspection if inspection is unplanned [63.654(h)(2)(i)(B)]; State or local permitting authority can waive notification requirement or grant permission to refill sooner than 30 days after

**Table 3-2. Requirements for Group 1 Storage Vessels Equipped With Closed Vent System Routed to a Control Device Other Than a Flare**

<b>Item</b>	<b>Requirement</b>	<b>Section</b>	<b>Frequency</b>
Testing	For control device, design evaluation specified in 63.120(d)(1)(i) <u>OR</u> results of initial performance test described in 63.120(d)(1)(ii)	<a href="#">63.120(d)(1)</a>	once
Inspection	Inspect closed vent system as specified in 63.148.	<a href="#">63.120(e)(5)</a>	Every 12 months
Monitoring	Monitor parameter(s) proposed in the NCS to ensure that control device is being properly operated and maintained.	<a href="#">63.120(d)(2)</a>	proposed in NCS
Reporting	<u>Notification of Compliance Status (NCS)</u> Identification of vessel and method of compliance	<a href="#">63.654(f)(1)(i)(A)</a>	once
	Description of parameter(s) to be monitored to ensure proper operation and maintenance of control device; explanation of parameter selection; frequency of monitoring	<a href="#">63.654(f)(1)(i)(B)</a>	once
	Design evaluation documentation specified in 63.120(d)(1)(i) <u>OR</u>	<a href="#">63.654(f)(1)(i)(B)</a>	once
	Results of performance test, including:	<a href="#">63.654(f)(1)(i)(B)</a>	once
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● identification of storage vessel and control device</li> <li>● identification of emission point(s) sharing control device</li> </ul>		
	<u>Periodic Reports</u>		
	● description of routine maintenance anticipated for the control device in the next six months	<a href="#">63.654(g)(5)(i)(A)</a>	Every 6 Months
	● description of the planned routine maintenance for the control device performed during the previous six months	<a href="#">63.654(g)(5)(i)(B)</a>	Every 6 Months
	● description of each occurrence when the monitored parameters were outside the ranges established in the NCS	<a href="#">63.654(g)(5)(ii)</a>	Every 6 Months
	Notify Administrator 30 days in advance of refilling storage vessel that has been emptied and degassed. <sup>a</sup>	<a href="#">63.654(h)(2)(i)</a>	not specified
Recordkeeping	Group 1 determination, vessel dimensions, analysis of capacity	<a href="#">63.123(a)</a>	
	Complete test report for initial performance test results	<a href="#">63.654(i)(3)(ii)</a>	
	Measured values of monitored parameters	<a href="#">63.123(f)(1)</a>	
	Planned routine maintenance performed, including:	<a href="#">63.123(f)(2)</a>	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● first time of day and date control requirements are not met at the beginning of the planned routine maintenance</li> </ul>		

- first time of day and date control requirements are [63.654\(i\)\(3\)\(iii\)](#) met at the conclusion of planned maintenance
- Retain all information required to be reported for five [63.654\(i\)\(4\)](#) years.

<sup>a</sup>Notification may be made less than 30 days prior to inspection if inspection is unplanned [63.654(h)(2)(i)(B)]; State or local permitting authority can waive notification requirement or grant permission to refill sooner than 30 days after submission of notification [63.654(h)(2)(i)(C)].

**Table 3-3. Requirements for Group 1 Storage Vessels Equipped With a Fixed Roof and an Internal Floating Roof**

<b>Item</b>	<b>Requirement</b>	<b>Section</b>	<b>Frequency</b>
Inspection	<u>Single seal system</u> Visually inspect internal floating roof and primary seal through hatches.	<a href="#">63.120(a)(2)(i)</a>	Every 12 months
	<u>Double seal system</u> Visually inspect internal floating roof, primary and secondary seal each time vessel is emptied and degassed and at least every five years <u>OR</u>	<a href="#">63.120(a)(3)(i)</a>	Every 5 years
	Visually inspect internal floating roof and secondary seal through hatches <u>AND</u>	<a href="#">63.120(a)(3)(ii)</a>	Every 12 months
	Visually inspect internal floating roof, primary and secondary seal each time vessel is emptied and degassed and at least every 10 years.	<a href="#">63.120(a)(3)(iii)</a>	Every 10 years
Monitoring Reporting	No monitoring requirements apply to these vessels.		once/month
	<u>Notification of Compliance Status (NCS)</u> Identification of vessel and method of compliance	<a href="#">63.654(f)(1)(i)(A)</a>	once
	<u>Periodic Reports</u> Results of each inspection in which a failure is detected. For annual inspections, a failure is as defined in 63.654(g)(2)(i)(A). For internal inspections, a failure is as defined in 63.654(g)(2)(ii)(A). Include the following:	<a href="#">63.654(g)(2)</a>	Every 6 Months
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● date of inspection</li> <li>● identification of storage vessel</li> <li>● description of failure</li> <li>● nature and date of repair or date vessel was emptied</li> </ul> If extension is utilized, identify vessel, nature and date of repair or date storage vessel was emptied.	<a href="#">63.654(g)(2)(i)(C)</a>	Every 6 Months
	Notify Administrator 30 days in advance of refilling storage vessel that has been emptied and degassed. <sup>a</sup>	<a href="#">63.654(h)(2)(i)</a>	not specified
Recordkeeping	Group 1 determination, vessel dimensions, analysis of capacity	<a href="#">63.123(a)</a>	
	Retain record of each inspection performed.	<a href="#">63.123(c)</a>	

If an extension is used, retain records required by [63.123\(g\)](#)

63.120(a)(4).

Retain all information required to be reported for five [63.654\(i\)\(4\)](#)

years.

<sup>a</sup>Notification may be made less than 30 days prior to inspection if inspection is unplanned [63.654(h)(2)(i)(B)]; State or local permitting authority can waive notification requirement or grant permission to refill sooner than 30 days after submission of notification [63.654(h)(2)(i)(C)].

**Table 3-4. Requirements for Group 1 Storage Vessels Equipped With an External Floating Roof**

<b>Item</b>	<b>Requirement</b>	<b>Section</b>	<b>Frequency</b>
Inspection	Single seal system: measure gaps between vessel wall and primary seal.	<a href="#">63.120(b)(1)(ii)</a>	Once/year
	Double seal system: measure gaps between vessel wall and primary seal during hydrostatic testing.	<a href="#">63.120(b)(1)(i)</a>	Every 5 years
	Double seal system: measure gaps between vessel wall and secondary seal.	<a href="#">63.120(b)(1)(iii)</a>	once/year
	Visually inspect external floating roof, primary and secondary seals and fittings each time vessel is emptied and degassed.	<a href="#">63.120(b)(10)</a>	none specified
Monitoring Reporting	No monitoring requirements apply to these vessels.		
	<u>Notification of Compliance Status (NCS)</u>		
	Identification of vessel and method of compliance	<a href="#">63.654(f)(1)(i)(A)</a>	once
	<u>Periodic Reports</u>		
	Results of each seal gap measurement in which the requirements of 63.120(b)(3),(4),(5)or(6) are not met.	<a href="#">63.654(g)(3)(i)</a>	Every 6 Months
	Include the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● date of seal gap measurement</li> <li>● description of seal conditions that are not met</li> <li>● nature and date of repair or date vessel was emptied</li> <li>● raw data and calculations described in 63.120(b)(5) or (b)(6)</li> </ul>		
If extension is utilized, identify vessel, nature and date of repair or date storage vessel was emptied.	<a href="#">63.654(g)(3)(ii)</a>	Every 6 Months	
Documentation of any failures, as defined in 63.654(g)(3)(iii)(A), identified during a visual inspection. Include the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● date of inspection, identification of storage vessel, description of failure and nature and date of repair</li> </ul>	<a href="#">63.654(g)(3)(iii)</a>	Every 6 Months	
Notify Administrator 30 days in advance of any gap measurement.	<a href="#">63.120(b)(9)</a>	See Inspection	

Notify Administrator 30 days in advance of refilling storage vessel that has been emptied and degassed.<sup>a</sup>

Recordkeeping Group 1 determination, vessel dimensions, analysis of capacity [63.123\(a\)](#)

Retain record of each seal gap measurement, including date, raw data and calculations. [63.123\(d\)](#)

If an extension is used, retain records required by 63.120(a)(4). [63.123\(g\)](#)

Retain all information required to be reported for five years. [63.654\(i\)\(4\)](#)

<sup>a</sup>Notification may be made less than 30 days prior to inspection if inspection is unplanned [63.654(h)(2)(i)(B)]; State or local permitting authority can waive notification requirement or grant permission to refill sooner than 30 days after submission of notification [63.654(h)(2)(i)(C)]

**Table 4-1. Requirements for Group 1 Wastewater Streams**

<b>Item</b>	<b>Requirement</b>	<b>Section</b>	<b>Frequency</b>
Testing	Comply with testing requirements found in 61.340 through 61.355 of 40 CFR part 61, subpart FF. If required, perform periodic measurement of benzene concentration in wastewater. There are no additional testing requirements.	<a href="#">63.647(c)</a>	see 61.340 through 61.355
Monitoring	Comply with the monitoring requirements found in 61.340 through 61.355 of 40 CFR part 61, subpart FF. If required, monitor process or control device operating parameters. There are no additional monitoring requirements. <sup>a</sup>	<a href="#">63.647(c)</a>	see 61.340 through 61.355
Reporting and Recordkeeping	Comply with provisions in 61.356 and 61.357 of 40 CFR part 61, subpart FF. There are no additional reporting or recordkeeping requirements. <sup>a</sup> Retain all information required to be reported for five years.	<a href="#">63.654(a)</a> <a href="#">63.654(i)(4)</a>	see 61.340 through 61.355

<sup>a</sup>Subpart CC required compliance with 40 CFR 61 subpart FF for wastewater streams that meet the applicability criteria in subpart FF. Subpart CC does not require any additional wastewater streams to comply with subpart FF and does not require any additional testing, monitoring, reporting or recordkeeping. Affected sources should already be complying with subpart FF requirements, and therefore will not need to make any changes to their current reporting and recordkeeping procedures.

**Table 5-1. Requirements For Refineries Complying with the Equipment Leaks Standards in § 63.648 by Implementing 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart VV<sup>a</sup>**

<b>Item</b>	<b>Requirement</b>	<b>Section</b>	<b>Frequency</b>
Testing	Method 21 shall be used to determine if equipment are leaking (leak definition = 10,000 ppmv THC for valves, pumps, heavy liquid leaks, and 500 ppmv THC for pressure relief valves and closed vent systems) and non-detectable emissions.	<a href="#">60.485(b)</a> , <a href="#">(c)</a>	
Monitoring	<u>Using Method 21</u>		
	● light liquid pumps <sup>b</sup>	<a href="#">60.482-2(a)</a> , <a href="#">(b)</a>	1/month
	● gas or light liquid valves <sup>b</sup>	<a href="#">60.482-7(a)</a> , <a href="#">(b)</a>	1/month <sup>c</sup>
	● pressure relief valves	<a href="#">60.482-4(a)</a> , <a href="#">(b)</a>	after an overpressure release
	● closed vent systems ● pumps and valves in heavy liquid service, pressure relief devices, flanges, and other connectors	<a href="#">60.482-8</a>	annually after a leak is observed <sup>d</sup>
	<u>Visual</u>	<a href="#">60.482-2(a)(2)</a>	1/week
	<u>Other</u>		
	● light liquid pumps	60.482-3(d) and (e)	check daily or equip sensor with an alarm
	● a sensor to detect failure of compressor seal barrier fluid systems <sup>b</sup>		
	● monitor closed-vent systems and control devices to assure proper operation (site specifies procedures and frequency)	<a href="#">60.482-10(e)</a> and <a href="#">(f)</a>	no frequency specified
Reporting	<u>Initial Semi-Annual Report</u>	<a href="#">60.487(a)</a> and <a href="#">(b)</a>	initially, and as changes are made
	● demonstration that compressors are in hydrogen service ● demonstration that equipment are not in organic HAP service ● process unit identification ● number of valves, pumps, and compressors that are subject to the rule		
	<u>Semi-Annual Reports</u>	<a href="#">60.487(c)(1)</a> through <a href="#">(3)</a>	2 times/year

- process unit identification
- for each month during the semi-annual reporting period:
  - number of valves, pumps, and compressors for which leaks were detected
  - number of valves, pumps, and compressors for which leaks were not repaired as required
  - explanations of delays of repair and why a process unit shutdown was infeasible
- dates of process unit shutdowns which occurred
- revisions to items in the initial semi-annual report

Other reports

- results of performance tests [60.487\(e\)](#) as needed
- notification of performance tests 30 days before test [60.487\(e\)](#) as needed
- notification that the owner or operator will comply with alternative standards for valves 90 days before implementing alternate provisions [60.487\(d\)](#) as needed

Recordkeeping

- identification numbers for equipment subject to the rule [60.486\(e\)\(1\)](#) initially & as changes made
- identification numbers for equipment designated as having no detectable emissions, signed by the owner or operator [60.486\(e\)\(2\)](#) initially & as changes made
- identification numbers for pressure relief devices [60.486\(e\)\(3\)](#) initially & as changes made
- dates of each compliance test for pumps, valves, or compressors designed to operate at <500 ppmv above background, including:
  - background THC concentration
  - maximum Method 21 reading
- identification numbers for equipment in vacuum service [60.486\(e\)\(5\)](#) initially & as changes made

- for valves designated as unsafe to monitor or difficult to monitor: [60.486\(f\)\(1\)](#) and [\(2\)](#) initially & as changes made
  - identification numbers
  - reasons for designation
  - plans for monitoring unsafe to monitor valves
  - schedule for monitoring difficult to monitor valves
- for valves complying with alternative standards: [60.486\(g\)\(1\)](#) and [\(2\)](#) initially & as changes made
  - schedule of monitoring
  - percent of valves found leaking during each monitoring period
- for compressors and light liquid valves equipped with seal system and barrier fluid: [60.486\(h\)\(1\)](#) and [\(2\)](#) initially & as changes made
  - design criterion for sensors that detect failure of seal system, barrier fluid system, or both
  - changes to design criterion and reasons for change
- analysis demonstrating compressor is in hydrogen service [63.654\(d\)\(3\)](#) initially & as changes made
- analysis demonstrating the design capacity of the facility [60.486\(i\)\(1\)](#) initially & as changes made
- statement listing the feed or raw materials and products from the facility [60.486\(i\)\(2\)](#) initially & as changes made
- analysis demonstrating whether feed, raw materials, and products are heavy liquids or beverage alcohol [60.486\(i\)\(2\)](#) initially & as changes made
- analysis demonstrating equipment are not in organic HAP service
- for closed vent systems and control devices: [60.486\(d\)](#) initially & as changes made
  - design specifications, detailed schematics, and piping and instrumentation diagrams
  - dates and descriptions of any changes in design specifications
  - description of parameters monitored to ensure proper control device operation
  - reasons why parameter was chosen
  - periods when the closed vent system and control devices were not operating as designed
  - dates of each start-up and shutdown of

- closed vent systems and control devices
- for each leak detected, attach an identification marker with a number to the leaking component, and record:
  - instrument and operator identification numbers
  - equipment identification numbers
  - date leak was detected
  - dates of each attempt to repair leak
  - repair methods applied to repair leak
  - concentrations >10,000 ppmv for leaks detected after each repair attempt
  - reasons for delay of repair
  - name of person who decided leak could not be repaired.<sup>e</sup>
  - expected date of successful repair if not repaired within 15 days of detection
  - dates of process unit shutdowns that occur while equipment is unrepaired
  - date of successful repair of leak

[60.486\(b\)](#) and during each  
[\(c\)](#) monitoring period

<sup>a</sup>Refineries may choose to implement the modified HON equipment leaks standards as specified in 63.648 and in 40 CFR 63 subpart H instead of the 40 CFR 60 subpart VV program. The testing, monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements of subpart H are similar to subpart VV. See the regulation for details.

<sup>b</sup>Does not apply if pump, valve, or compressor is demonstrated by Method 21 to operate at <500 ppm above background. Also, compressors in hydrogen service are exempt.

<sup>c</sup>Monitoring frequency is reduced with good performance.

<sup>d</sup>There is no specified monitoring frequency, but if a leak is observed by visual, audible, olfactory, or other means, it must be monitored and repaired.

<sup>e</sup>This requirement reflects a recent amendment (63 FR 44135) to the petroleum refineries NESHAP.

**Table 5-2. Requirements For Refineries Complying with the Equipment Leaks Standards in § 63.648 by Implementing 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart H**

Item	Requirement	Section	Frequency
------	-------------	---------	-----------

Testing	<p>Method 21 shall be used to determine if equipment are leaking. Leak definitions for valves and pumps are listed in table 2 of subpart CC. In phase I the leak definition is 10,000 ppmv. Lower leak definitions phase in over time, to a level of 2,000 ppmv for pumps and 1,000 ppmv for valves. Leak definitions are 2,000 ppmv for heavy liquid pumps, 1,000 ppmv for heavy liquid valves, connectors, and instrumentation systems and 500 ppmv for closed-vent systems and pressure relief devices.</p>	<p><a href="#">63.169</a>, <a href="#">63.165</a>, <a href="#">63.172</a>, <a href="#">63.180(b)</a>, <a href="#">(c)</a>; <a href="#">63.648(c)(1)</a></p>	
Monitoring	<p><u>Using Method 21</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● light liquid pumps<sup>a</sup></li> <li>● gas or light liquid valves<sup>a</sup></li> <li>● pressure relief valves</li> <li>● closed vent systems</li> <li>● pumps and valves in heavy liquid service, instrumentation systems, pressure relief devices</li> </ul> <p><u>Visual</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● light liquid pumps.</li> </ul> <p><u>Other</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● a sensor to detect failure of compressor seal barrier fluid systems<sup>a</sup></li> <li>● monitor closed-vent systems and control devices to assure proper operation (site specifies procedures and frequency)</li> </ul>	<p><a href="#">63.163(a)</a> and <a href="#">(b)</a></p> <p><a href="#">63.648(c)(2)</a></p> <p><a href="#">63.165(a)</a> and <a href="#">(b)</a></p> <p><a href="#">63.172(f)</a></p> <p><a href="#">63.169</a> and <a href="#">63.648(c)(5)</a></p> <p><a href="#">63.163(b)(3)</a></p> <p><a href="#">63.164(e)</a> and <a href="#">(f)</a></p> <p><a href="#">63.172</a></p>	<p>once/month<sup>b</sup></p> <p>once/month<sup>b</sup> after overpressure release annually<sup>c</sup></p> <p>after a leak is observed<sup>d</sup> once/week</p> <p>check daily or equip sensor with an alarm</p> <p>no frequency specified</p>
Reporting	<p><u>Notification of Compliance Status Report</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● process unit identification</li> <li>● number of each equipment type that are subject to the rule</li> <li>● method of compliance with the rule (e.g., monthly LDAR, equipped with mechanical seals)</li> <li>● planned schedule for each phase of the requirements</li> </ul> <p><u>Semi-Annual Reports</u></p>	<p><a href="#">63.182(c)(1)</a> and <a href="#">63.654(d)</a></p> <p><a href="#">63.182(d)(1)</a> and <a href="#">(2)</a></p>	<p>initially</p> <p>twice/year</p>

- process unit identification
- for the semi-annual reporting period:
  - number of valves, pumps, compressors, and connectors for which leaks were detected
  - the percent leaking valves, pumps, and connectors; and the total number of valves, pumps, and connectors monitored
  - number of valves, pumps, compressors, and connectors for which leaks were not repaired as required
  - explanations of delays of repair and why a process unit shutdown was infeasible
- results of monitoring pressure relief [63.182\(d\)\(2\)\(xiv\)](#) devices, closed vents systems, and compressor

- revisions to items in the [63.182\(d\)\(4\)](#) Notification of Compliance Status report

Recordkeeping

- identification numbers for [63.181\(b\)\(1\)\(i\)](#) equipment subject to the rule (Connectors may be identified by area) initially, and as changes are made
- schedule for monitoring connectors [63.181\(b\)\(1\)\(ii\)](#) initially, and as changes are made
- identification numbers for [63.181\(b\)\(2\)\(i\)](#) compressors designated as operating < 500 ppmv initially, and as changes are made
- identification numbers for [63.181\(b\)\(2\)\(ii\)](#) equipment designated as having no detectable emissions initially, and as changes are made
- identification numbers for pressure [63.181\(b\)\(3\)](#) relief devices, and pressure relief devices equipped with rupture disks initially, and as changes are made
- identification of instrumentation [63.181\(b\)\(4\)](#) systems subject to the rule initially, and as changes are made

- for compressors and light liquid pumps equipped with seal system and barrier fluid:
  - design criterion for sensors that detect failure of seal system, barrier fluid system, or both
  - changes to design criterion and reasons for change
- for valves designated as unsafe to monitor or difficult to monitor, and connectors designated as unsafe to repair:
  - identification numbers
  - reasons for designation
  - plans for monitoring unsafe to monitor valves
  - schedule for monitoring difficult to monitor valves
- list of connectors and valves removed or added to a process unit if the net credits for the removed equipment are to be used
- records of visual inspections
- for each leak detected, attach an identification marker with a number to the leaking component, and record:
  - instrument and operator identification numbers
  - equipment identification numbers
  - date leak was detected
  - date of first attempt to repair leak
  - date of successful repair of leak
  - maximum concentration measured after repair
  - reasons for delay of repair if not repaired within 15 days of detection

[63.181\(b\)\(6\)](#)

initially, and as changes are made

[63.181\(b\)\(7\)](#)

initially, and as changes are made

[63.181\(b\)\(8\)](#)

during each monitoring period

[63.181\(c\)](#)

during each monitoring period during each monitoring period

[63.181\(d\)](#) and [63.162\(f\)](#)

during each monitoring period

- dates of process unit shutdowns that occur while equipment is unrepaired
  - identification of connectors disturbed, by list or area, since the last monitoring period
  - dates and results of each compliance test for compressors designed to operate at <500 ppmv above background, and each monitoring event for pressure relief devices after an overpressure, including:
    - background THC concentration
    - maximum Method 21 reading
  - for closed vent systems and control devices:
    - design specifications, detailed schematics, and piping and instrumentation diagrams
    - dates and descriptions of any changes in design specifications
    - description of parameters monitored to ensure proper control device operation
    - reasons why parameter was chosen
    - periods when the closed vent system and control devices were not operating as designed
    - dates of each start-up and shutdown of closed vent systems and control devices
    - records of inspections performed, including date and compliance status
  - records of quality improvement program, if applicable
- [63.181\(f\)](#) as needed  
  
[63.181\(g\)](#) initially, and as changes are made  
  
[63.181\(h\)](#) during each monitoring period

- analysis demonstrating that [63.181\(i\)](#) initially, and as changes are made equipment or process units are in heavy liquid service
- list of equipment in organic HAP [63.181\(j\)](#) initially, and as changes are made service less than 300 hrs/yr
- analysis demonstrating compressor [63.654\(d\)\(3\)](#) initially, and as changes are made is in hydrogen service
- list identifying valves designated as [63.654\(d\)\(4\)](#) initially, and as changes are made leakless
- list identifying reciprocating pumps [63.654\(d\)\(6\)](#) initially, and as changes are made and compressors determined to be exempt from seal requirements in § 63.648(f) and (g)

<sup>a</sup>Does not apply if pump or valve is designated as leakless or if pump, valve, or compressor is demonstrated by Method 21 to operate at <500 ppm above background. Also, compressors in hydrogen service are exempt.

<sup>b</sup>Monitoring frequency is reduced with good performance.

<sup>c</sup>If closed vent system is constructed of hard-piping, monitor by Method 21 initially, and perform visual monitoring annually.

<sup>d</sup>There is no specified monitoring frequency, but if a leak is observed by visual, audible, olfactory, or other means, it must be monitored and/or repaired.

**Table 6-1. Requirements for Gasoline Loading Racks**

<b>Item</b>	<b>Requirement</b>	<b>Section</b>	<b>Frequency</b>
Testing and Monitoring	Comply with testing and monitoring requirements found in sections 63.421, 63.422(a) through (d), 63.425(a) through (c), 63.425(e) through (h), 63.427(a) and (b), and 63.428(b), (c), (g)(1) or (h)(1) through (h)(3) of 40 CFR part 63, subpart R. There are no additional testing or monitoring requirements.	<a href="#">63.650(a)</a>	see referenced sections
Reporting and Recordkeeping	Comply with reporting and recordkeeping requirements in 63.428(b) and (c), (g)(1), and (h)(1) through (h)(3) of 40 CFR part 63, subpart R. There are no additional reporting or recordkeeping requirements.	<a href="#">63.654(b)</a>	see referenced sections
	Submit the initial notification report required in 63.428(a) with the Notification of Compliance Status for the refinery 150 days after the compliance date. <sup>a</sup>	<a href="#">63.654(f)</a>	Once

Retain all information required to be [63.654\(i\)\(4\)](#)  
 reported for five years.

<sup>a</sup> This requirement reflects a recent amendment (63 FR 44135) to the petroleum refineries NESHAP.

---

**Table 7-1. Requirements for Marine Vessel Loading Operations**

<b>Item</b>	<b>Requirement</b>	<b>Section</b>	<b>Frequency</b>
Testing and Monitoring	Comply with testing and monitoring requirements found in sections 63.560 through 63.567 of 40 CFR part 63, subpart Y. There are no additional testing or monitoring requirements.	<a href="#">63.651(a)</a>	see referenced sections
Reporting and Recordkeeping	Comply with recordkeeping and reporting requirements sections 63.566 and 63.567(a) and 63.567(c) through (i) 40 CFR part 63, subpart Y. There are no additional reporting or recordkeeping requirements. The Initial Notification Report under section 63.567(b) is not required. Retain all information required to be reported for five years.	<a href="#">63.654(c)</a>  <a href="#">63.651(c)</a>  <a href="#">63.654(i)(4)</a>	see referenced sections

---

**Unified Air  
Toxics Website**

&lt;

**§§ 63.642 (a) through 63.642(e) of the Petroleum Refineries NESHAP - General standards.**

(a) Each owner or operator of a source subject to this subpart is required to apply for a part 70 or part 71 operating permit from the appropriate permitting authority. If the EPA has approved a State operating permit program under part 70, the permit shall be obtained from the State authority. If the State operating permit program has not been approved, the source shall apply to the EPA Regional Office pursuant to part 71.

(b) [Reserved]

(c) Table 6 of this subpart specifies the provisions of subpart A of this part that apply and those that do not apply to owners and operators of sources subject to this subpart.

(d) Initial performance tests and initial compliance determinations shall be required only as specified in this subpart.

(1) Performance tests and compliance determinations shall be conducted according to the schedule and procedures specified in this subpart.

(2) The owner or operator shall notify the Administrator of the intention to conduct a performance test at least 30 days before the performance test is scheduled.

(3) Performance tests shall be conducted according to the provisions of § 63.7(e) except that performance tests shall be conducted at maximum representative operating capacity for the process. During the performance test, an owner or operator shall operate the control device at either maximum or minimum representative operating conditions for monitored control device parameters, whichever results in lower emission reduction.

(4) Data shall be reduced in accordance with the EPA-approved methods specified in the applicable section or, if other test methods are used, the data and methods shall be validated according to the protocol in Method 301 of appendix A of this part.

(e) Each owner or operator of a source subject to this subpart shall keep copies of all applicable reports and records required by this subpart for at least 5 years except as otherwise specified in this subpart. All applicable records shall be maintained in such a manner that they can be readily accessed within 24 hours. Records may be maintained in hard copy or computer-readable form including, but not limited to, on paper, microfilm, computer, floppy disk, magnetic tape, or microfiche.

**§ 63.643 of the Petroleum Refineries NESHAP - Miscellaneous process vent provisions.**

(a) The owner or operator of a Group 1 miscellaneous process vent as defined in § 63.641 shall comply with the requirements of either paragraphs (a)(1) or (a)(2) of this section.

- (1) Reduce emissions of organic HAP's using a flare that meets the requirements of § 63.11(b) of subpart A of this part.
  - (2) Reduce emissions of organic HAP's, using a control device, by 98 weight-percent or to a concentration of 20 parts per million by volume, on a dry basis, corrected to 3 percent oxygen, whichever is less stringent. Compliance can be determined by measuring either organic HAP's or TOC's using the procedures in § 63.645.
- (b) If a boiler or process heater is used to comply with the percentage of reduction requirement or concentration limit specified in paragraph (a)(2) of this section, then the vent stream shall be introduced into the flame zone of such a device, or in a location such that the required percent reduction or concentration is achieved. Testing and monitoring is required only as specified in § 63.644(a) and § 63.645 of this subpart.

**§ 63.644 of the Petroleum Refineries NEHSAP - Monitoring provisions for miscellaneous process vents.**

- (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, each owner or operator of a Group 1 miscellaneous process vent that uses a combustion device to comply with the requirements in § 63.643(a) shall install the monitoring equipment specified in paragraph (a)(1), (a)(2), (a)(3), or (a)(4) of this section, depending on the type of combustion device used. All monitoring equipment shall be installed, calibrated, maintained, and operated according to manufacturer's specifications or other written procedures that provide adequate assurance that the equipment will monitor accurately.
- (1) Where an incinerator is used, a temperature monitoring device equipped with a continuous recorder is required.
    - (i) Where an incinerator other than a catalytic incinerator is used, a temperature monitoring device shall be installed in the firebox or in the duct work immediately downstream of the firebox in a position before any substantial heat exchange occurs.
    - (ii) Where a catalytic incinerator is used, temperature monitoring devices shall be installed in the gas stream immediately before and after the catalyst bed.
  - (2) Where a flare is used, a device (including but not limited to a thermocouple, an ultraviolet beam sensor, or an infrared sensor) capable of continuously detecting the presence of a pilot flame is required.
  - (3) Any boiler or process heater with a design heat input capacity greater than or equal to 44 megawatt or any boiler or process heater in which all vent streams are introduced into the flame zone is exempt from monitoring.
  - (4) Any boiler or process heater less than 44 megawatts design heat capacity where the vent stream is not introduced into the flame zone is required to use a temperature monitoring device in the firebox equipped with a continuous recorder.
- (b) An owner or operator of a Group 1 miscellaneous process vent may request approval to monitor parameters other than those listed in paragraph (a) of this section. The request shall be submitted according to the procedures specified in § 63.654(h). Approval shall be requested if the owner or operator:
- (1) Uses a control device other than an incinerator, boiler, process heater, or flare; or

(2) Uses one of the control devices listed in paragraph (a) of this section, but seeks to monitor a parameter other than those specified in paragraph (a) of this section.

(c) The owner or operator of a Group 1 miscellaneous process vent using a vent system that contains bypass lines that could divert a vent stream away from the control device used to comply with paragraph (a) of this section shall comply with either paragraph (c)(1) or (c)(2) of this section. Equipment such as low leg drains, high point bleeds, analyzer vents, open-ended valves or lines, pressure relief valves needed for safety reasons, and equipment subject to § 63.648 are not subject to this paragraph.

(1) Install, calibrate, maintain, and operate a flow indicator that determines whether a vent stream flow is present at least once every hour. Records shall be generated as specified in § 63.654(h) and (i). The flow indicator shall be installed at the entrance to any bypass line that could divert the vent stream away from the control device to the atmosphere; or

(2) Secure the bypass line valve in the closed position with a car-seal or a lock-and-key type configuration. A visual inspection of the seal or closure mechanism shall be performed at least once every month to ensure that the valve is maintained in the closed position and the vent stream is not diverted through the bypass line.

(d) The owner or operator shall establish a range that ensures compliance with the emissions standard for each parameter monitored under paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section. In order to establish the range, the information required in § 63.654(f)(3) shall be submitted in the Notification of Compliance Status report.

(e) Each owner or operator of a control device subject to the monitoring provisions of this section shall operate the control device in a manner consistent with the minimum and/or maximum operating parameter value or procedure required to be monitored under paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section. Operation of the control device in a manner that constitutes a period of excess emissions, as defined in § 63.654(g)(6), or failure to perform procedures required by this section shall constitute a violation of the applicable emission standard of this subpart.

### **§ 63.645 of the Petroleum Refineries NESHAP - Test methods and procedures for miscellaneous process vents.**

(a) To demonstrate compliance with § 63.643, an owner or operator shall follow § 63.116 except for § 63.116 (a)(1), (d) and (e) of subpart G of this part except as provided in paragraphs (b) through (d) and paragraph (i) of this section.

(b) All references to § 63.113(a)(1) or (a)(2) in § 63.116 of subpart G of this part shall be replaced with § 63.643(a)(1) or (a)(2), respectively.

(c) In § 63.116(c)(4)(ii)(C) of subpart G of this part, organic HAP's in the list of HAP's in table 1 of this subpart shall be considered instead of the organic HAP's in table 2 of subpart F of this part.

(d) All references to § 63.116(b)(1) or (b)(2) shall be replaced with paragraphs (d)(1) and (d)(2) of this section, respectively.

(1) Any boiler or process heater with a design heat input capacity of 44 megawatts or greater.

(2) Any boiler or process heater in which all vent streams are introduced into the flame zone.

(e) For purposes of determining the TOC emission rate, as specified under paragraph (f) of this section, the

sampling site shall be after the last product recovery device (as defined in § 63.641 of this subpart) (if any recovery devices are present) but prior to the inlet of any control device (as defined in § 63.641 of this subpart) that is present, prior to any dilution of the process vent stream, and prior to release to the atmosphere.

(1) Methods 1 or 1A of 40 CFR part 60, appendix A, as appropriate, shall be used for selection of the sampling site.

(2) No traverse site selection method is needed for vents smaller than 0.10 meter in diameter.

(f) Except as provided in paragraph (g) of this section, an owner or operator seeking to demonstrate that a process vent TOC mass flow rate is less than 33 kilograms per day for an existing source or less than 6.8 kilograms per day for a new source in accordance with the Group 2 process vent definition of this subpart shall determine the TOC mass flow rate by the following procedures:

(1) The sampling site shall be selected as specified in paragraph (e) of this section.

(2) The gas volumetric flow rate shall be determined using Methods 2, 2A, 2C, or 2D of 40 CFR part 60, appendix A, as appropriate.

(3) Method 18 or Method 25A of 40 CFR part 60, appendix A shall be used to measure concentration; alternatively, any other method or data that has been validated according to the protocol in Method 301 of appendix A of this part may be used. If Method 25A is used, and the TOC mass flow rate calculated from the Method 25A measurement is greater than or equal to 33 kilograms per day for an existing source or 6.8 kilograms per day for a source, Method 18 may be used to any non-VOC hydrocarbons that may be deducted to calculate the TOC (minus non-VOC hydrocarbons) concentration and mass flow rate. The following procedures shall be used to calculate parts per million by volume concentration:

(i) The minimum sampling time for each run shall be 1 hour in which either integrated sample or four grab samples be taken. If grab sampling is used, then the samples shall be taken at approximately equal intervals in time, such as 15-minute intervals during the run.

(ii) The TOC concentration ( $C_{\text{TOC}}$ ) is the sum of the concentrations of the individual components and shall be computed for each run using the following equation if Method 18 is used:

$$C_{\text{TOC}} = \sum_{i=1}^x \left( \sum_{j=1}^n C_{ji} \right) \bar{X}$$

where:

$C_{\text{TOC}}$ =Concentration of TOC (minus methane and ethane), dry basis, parts per million by volume.

$C_{ji}$ =Concentration of sample component j of the sample i, dry basis, parts per million by volume.

n=Number of components in the sample.

x=Number of samples in the sample run.

(4) The emission rate of TOC (minus methane and ethane) ( $E_{\text{TOC}}$ ) shall be calculated using the following equation if Method 18 is used:

$$E = K_2 \left[ \sum_{j=1}^n C_j M_j \right] Q_s$$

where:

E=Emission rate of TOC (minus methane and in the sample, kilograms per day.

$K_2$  = Constant,  $5.986 \times 10^{-5}$  (parts per million)<sup>-1</sup> (gram-mole per standard cubic meter) (kilogram per gram) (minute per day), where the standard temperature (standard cubic meter) is at 20 °C.

$C_j$ =Concentration on a dry basis of organic compound j in parts per million as measured by Method 18 of 40 CFR part 60, appendix A, as indicated in paragraph (f)(3) of this section.  $C_j$  includes all organic compounds measured minus methane and ethane.

$M_j$ =Molecular weight of organic compound j, gram per gram-mole.

$Q_s$ =Vent stream flow rate, dry standard cubic meters per minute, at a temperature of 20 °C.

(5) If Method 25A is used, the emission rate of TOC ( $E_{TOC}$ ) shall be calculated using the following equation:

$$E_{TOC} = K_2 C_{TOC} M Q_s$$

where:

$E_{TOC}$ =Emission rate of TOC (minus methane and ethane) in the sample, kilograms per day.

$K_2$ =Constant,  $5.986 \times 10^{-5}$  (parts per million)<sup>-1</sup> (gram-mole per standard cubic meter) (kilogram per gram)(minute per day), where the standard temperature (standard cubic meter) is at 20 °C.

$C_{TOC}$ =Concentration of TOC on a dry basis in parts per million volume as measured by Method 25A of 40 CFR part 60, appendix A, as indicated in paragraph (f)(3) of this section.

$M$ =Molecular weight of organic compound used to express units of  $C_{TOC}$ , gram per gram-mole.

$Q_s$ =Vent stream flow rate, dry standard cubic meters per minute, at a temperature of 20 °C.

(g) Engineering assessment may be used to determine the TOC emission rate for the representative operating condition expected to yield the highest daily emission rate.

(1) Engineering assessment includes, but is not limited to, the following:

(i) Previous test results provided the tests are representative of current operating practices at the process unit.

(ii) Bench-scale or pilot-scale test data representative of the process under representative operating conditions.

(iii) TOC emission rate specified or implied within a permit limit applicable to the process vent.

(iv) Design analysis based on accepted chemical engineering principles, measurable process parameters, or physical or chemical laws or properties. Examples of analytical methods

include, but are not limited to:

(A) Use of material balances based on process stoichiometry to estimate maximum TOC concentrations;

(B) Estimation of maximum flow rate based on physical equipment design such as pump or blower capacities; and

(C) Estimate of TOC concentrations based on saturation conditions.

(v) All data, assumptions, and procedures used in the engineering assessment shall be documented.

(h) The owner or operator of a Group 2 process vent shall recalculate the TOC emission rate for each process vent, as necessary, whenever process changes are made to determine whether the vent is in Group 1 or Group 2. Examples of process changes include, but are not limited to, changes in production capacity, production rate, or catalyst type, or whenever there is replacement, removal, or addition of recovery equipment. For purposes of this paragraph, process changes do not include: process upsets; unintentional, temporary process changes; and changes that are within the range on which the original calculation was based.

(1) The TOC emission rate shall be re-calculated based on measurements of vent stream flow rate and TOC as specified in paragraphs (e) and (f) of this section, as applicable, or on best engineering assessment of the effects of the change. Engineering assessments shall meet the specifications in paragraph (g) of this section.

(2) Where the recalculated TOC emission rate is greater than 33 kilograms per day for an existing source or greater than 6.8 kilograms per day for a new source, the owner or operator shall submit a report as specified in § 63.654 (f), (g), or (h) and shall comply with the appropriate provisions in § 63.643 by the dates specified in § 63.640.

(i) A compliance determination for visible emissions shall be conducted within 150 days of the compliance date using Method 22 of 40 CFR part 60, appendix A, to determine visible emissions.

### **§ 63.647 of the Petroleum Refineries NESHAP - Wastewater provisions.**

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, each owner or operator of a Group 1 wastewater stream shall comply with the requirements of §§ 61.340 through 61.355 of 40 CFR part 61, subpart FF for each process waste-water stream that meets the definition in § 63.641.

(b) As used in this section, all terms not defined in § 63.641 shall have the meaning given them in the Clean Air Act or in 40 CFR part 61, subpart FF, § 61.341.

(c) Each owner or operator required under subpart FF of 40 CFR part 61 to perform periodic measurement of benzene concentration in wastewater, or to monitor process or control device operating parameters shall operate in a manner consistent with the minimum or maximum (as appropriate) permitted concentration or operating parameter values. Operation of the process, treatment unit, or control device resulting in a measured concentration or operating parameter value outside the permitted limits shall constitute a violation of the emission standards. Failure to perform required leak monitoring for closed vent systems and control devices or failure to repair leaks within the time period specified in subpart FF of 40 CFR part

61 shall constitute a violation of the standard.

### **§ 63.648 of the Petroleum Refineries NESHAP - Equipment leak standards.**

(a) Each owner or operator of an existing source subject to the provisions of this subpart shall comply with the provisions of 40 CFR part 60 subpart VV and paragraph (b) of this section except as provided in paragraphs (a)(1), (a)(2), and (c) through (i) of this section. Each owner or operator of a new source subject to the provisions of this subpart shall comply with subpart H of this part except as provided in paragraphs (c) through (i) of this section.

(1) For purposes of compliance with this section, the provisions of 40 CFR part 60, subpart VV apply only to equipment in organic HAP service, as defined in § 63.641 of this subpart.

(2) Calculation of percentage leaking equipment components for subpart VV of 40 CFR part 60 may be done on a process unit basis or a sourcewide basis. Once the owner or operator has decided, all subsequent calculations shall be on the same basis unless a permit change is made.

(b) The use of monitoring data generated before August 18, 1995 to qualify for less frequent monitoring of valves and pumps as provided under 40 CFR part 60 subpart VV or subpart H of this part and paragraph (c) of this section (i.e., quarterly or semiannually) is governed by the requirements of paragraphs (b)(1) and (b)(2) of this section.

(1) Monitoring data must meet the test methods and procedures specified in § 60.485(b) of 40 CFR part 60, subpart VV or §63.180(b)(1) through (b)(5) of subpart H of this part except for minor departures.

(2) Departures from the criteria specified in § 60.485(b) of 40 CFR part 60 subpart VV or § 63.180(b)(1) through (b)(5) of subpart H of this part or from the monitoring frequency specified in subpart VV or in paragraph (c) of this section (such as every 6 weeks instead of monthly or quarterly) are minor and do not significantly affect the quality of the data. An example of a minor departure is monitoring at a slightly different frequency (such as every 6 weeks instead of monthly or quarterly). Failure to use a calibrated instrument is not considered a minor departure.

(c) In lieu of complying with the existing source provisions of paragraph (a) in this section, an owner or operator may elect to comply with the requirements of §§ 63.161 through 63.169, 63.171, 63.172, 63.175, 63.176, 63.177, 63.179, and 63.180 of subpart H of this part except as provided in paragraphs (c)(1) through (c)(10) and (e) through (i) of this section.

(1) The instrument readings that define a leak for light liquid pumps subject to § 63.163 of subpart H of this part and gas/vapor and light liquid valves subject to § 63.168 of subpart H of this part are specified in table 2 of this subpart.

(2) In phase III of the valve standard, the owner or operator may monitor valves for leaks as specified in paragraphs (c)(2)(i) or (c)(2)(ii) of this section.

(i) If the owner or operator does not elect to monitor connectors, then the owner or operator shall monitor valves according to the frequency specified in table 8 of this subpart.

(ii) If an owner or operator elects to monitor connectors according to the provisions of § 63.649, paragraphs (b), (c), or (d), then the owner or operator shall monitor valves at the frequencies specified in table 9 of this subpart.

- (3) The owner or operator shall decide no later than the first required monitoring period after the phase I compliance date specified in § 63.640(h) whether to calculate the percentage leaking valves on a process unit basis or on a sourcewide basis. Once the owner or operator has decided, all subsequent calculations shall be on the same basis unless a permit change is made.
- (4) The owner or operator shall decide no later than the first monitoring period after the phase III compliance date specified in § 63.640(h) whether to monitor connectors according to the provisions in § 63.649, paragraphs (b), (c), or (d).
- (5) Connectors in gas/vapor service or light liquid service are subject to the requirements for connectors in heavy liquid service in § 63.169 of subpart H of this part (except for the agitator provisions). The leak definition for valves, connectors, and instrumentation systems subject to § 63.169 is 1,000 parts per million.
- (6) In phase III of the pump standard, except as provided in paragraph (c)(7) of this section, owners or operators that achieve less than 10 percent of light liquid pumps leaking or three light liquid pumps leaking, whichever is greater, shall monitor light liquid pumps monthly.
- (7) Owners or operators that achieve less than 3 percent of light liquid pumps leaking or one light liquid pump leaking, whichever is greater, shall monitor light liquid pumps quarterly.
- (8) An owner or operator may make the election described in paragraphs (c)(3) and (c)(4) of this section at any time except that any election to change after the initial election shall be treated as a permit modification according to the terms of part 70 of this chapter.
- (9) When complying with the requirements of § 63.168(e)(3)(i), non-repairable valves shall be included in the calculation of percent leaking valves the first time the valve is identified as leaking and non-repairable. Otherwise, a number of non-repairable valves up to a maximum of 1 percent per year of the total number of valves in organic HAP service up to a maximum of 3 percent may be excluded from calculation of percent leaking valves for subsequent monitoring periods. When the number of non-repairable valves exceeds 3 percent of the total number of valves in organic HAP service, the number of non-repairable valves exceeding 3 percent of the total number shall be included in the calculation of percent leaking valves.
- (10) If in phase III of the valve standard any valve is designated as being leakless, the owner or operator has the option of following the provisions of 40 CFR 60.482-7(f). If an owner or operator chooses to comply with the provisions of 40 CFR 60.482-7(f), the valve is ex-empt from the valve monitoring provisions of § 63.168 of subpart H of this part.
- (d) Upon startup of new sources, the owner or operator shall comply with § 63.163(a)(1)(ii) of subpart H of this part for light liquid pumps and § 63.168(a)(1)(ii) of subpart H of this part for gas/vapor and light liquid valves.
- (e) For reciprocating pumps in heavy liquid service and agitators in heavy liquid service, owners and operators are not required to comply with the requirements in § 63.169 of subpart H of this part.
- (f) Reciprocating pumps in light liquid service are exempt from §§ 63.163 and 60.482 if recasting the distance piece or reciprocating pump replacement is required.
- (g) Compressors in hydrogen service are exempt from the requirements of paragraphs (a) and (c) of this

section if an owner or operator demonstrates that a compressor is in hydrogen service.

(1) Each compressor is presumed not to be in hydrogen service unless an owner or operator demonstrates that the piece of equipment is in hydrogen service.

(2) For a piece of equipment to be considered in hydrogen service, it must be determined that the percentage hydrogen content can be reasonably expected always to exceed 50 percent by volume.

(i) For purposes of determining the percentage hydrogen content in the process fluid that is contained in or contacts a compressor, the owner or operator shall use either:

(A) Procedures that conform to those specified in § 60.593(b)(2) of 40 part 60, subpart GGG.

(B) Engineering judgment to demonstrate that the percentage content exceeds 50 percent by volume, provided the engineering judgment demonstrates that the content clearly exceeds 50 percent by volume.

(1) When an owner or operator and the Administrator do not agree on whether a piece of equipment is in hydrogen service, the procedures in paragraph (g)(2)(i)(A) of this section shall be used to resolve the disagreement.

(2) If an owner or operator determines that a piece of equipment is in hydrogen service, the determination can be revised only by following the procedures in paragraph (g)(2)(i)(A) of this section.

(h) Each owner or operator of a source subject to the provisions of this subpart must maintain all records for a minimum of 5 years.

(i) Reciprocating compressors are exempt from seal requirements if recasting the distance piece or compressor replacement is required.

#### **§ 63.650 of the Petroleum Refineries NESHAP - Gasoline loading rack provisions.**

(a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b) through (c) of this section, each owner or operator of a gasoline loading rack classified under Standard Industrial Classification code 2911 located within a contiguous area and under common control with a petroleum refinery shall comply with subpart R, §§ 63.421, 63.422 (a) through (c), 63.425 (a) through (c), 63.425 (e) through (h), 63.427 (a) and (b), and 63.428 (b), (c), (g)(1), and (h)(1) through (h)(3).

(b) As used in this section, all terms not defined in § 63.641 shall have the meaning given them in subpart A or in 40 CFR part 63, subpart R. The § 63.641 definition of "affected source" applies under this section.

(c) Gasoline loading racks regulated under this subpart are subject to the compliance dates specified in § 63.640(h).

#### **§ 63.651 of the Petroleum Refineries NESHAP - Marine tank vessel loading operation provisions.**

(a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b) through (d) of this section, each owner or operator of a marine tank vessel loading operation located at a petroleum refinery shall comply with the requirements of §§ 63.560 through 63.567.

(b) As used in this section, all terms not defined in § 63.641 shall have the meaning given them in subpart A or in 40 CFR part 63, subpart Y. The § 63.641 definition of "affected source" applies under this section.

(c) The Initial Notification Report under § 63.567(b) is not required.

(d) The compliance time of 4 years after promulgation of 40 CFR part 63, subpart Y does not apply. The compliance time is specified in § 63.640(h)(3).

### **§ 63.654 of the Petroleum Refineries NESHAP - Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.**

(a) Each owner or operator subject to the wastewater provisions in § 63.647 shall comply with the recordkeeping and reporting provisions in §§ 61.356 and 61.357 of 40 CFR part 61, subpart FF unless they are complying with the wastewater provisions specified in paragraph (o)(2)(ii) of § 63.640. There are no additional reporting and recordkeeping requirements for wastewater under this subpart unless a wastewater stream is included in an emissions average. Recordkeeping and reporting for emissions averages are specified in § 63.653 and in paragraphs (f)(5) and (g)(8) of this section.

(b) Each owner or operator subject to the gasoline loading rack provisions in § 63.650 shall comply with the recordkeeping and reporting provisions in § 63.428 (b) and (c), (g)(1), and (h)(1) through (h)(3) of subpart R of this part. These requirements are summarized in table 4 of this subpart. There are no additional reporting and recordkeeping requirements for gasoline loading racks under this subpart unless a loading rack is included in an emissions average. Recordkeeping and reporting for emissions averages are specified in § 63.653 and in paragraphs (f)(5) and (g)(8) of this section.

(c) Each owner or operator subject to the marine tank vessel loading operation standards in § 63.651 shall comply with the recordkeeping and reporting provisions in §§ 63.566 and 63.567(a) and § 63.567 (c) through (i) of subpart Y of this part. These requirements are summarized in table 5 of this subpart. There are no additional reporting and recordkeeping requirements for marine tank vessel loading operations under this subpart unless marine tank vessel loading operations are included in an emissions average. Recordkeeping and reporting for emissions averages are specified in § 63.653 and in paragraphs (f)(5) and (g)(8) of this section.

(d) Each owner or operator subject to the equipment leaks standards in § 63.648 shall comply with the recordkeeping and reporting provisions in paragraphs (d)(1) through (d)(6) of this section.

(1) Sections 60.486 and 60.487 of subpart VV of part 60 except as specified in paragraph (d)(1)(i) of this section; or §§ 63.181 and 63.182 of subpart H of this part except for §§ 63.182(b), (c)(2), and (c)(4).

(i) The signature of the owner or operator (or designate) whose decision it was that a repair could not be effected without a process shutdown is not required to be recorded. Instead, the name of the person whose decision it was that a repair could not be effected without a process shutdown shall be recorded and retained for 2 years.

(ii) [Reserved]

(2) The Notification of Compliance Status report required by § 63.182(c) of subpart H and the initial semiannual report required by § 60.487(b) of 40 CFR part 60, subpart VV shall be submitted within 150 days of the compliance date specified in § 63.640(h); the requirements of subpart H of this part are summarized in table 3 of this subpart.

(3) An owner or operator who determines that a compressor qualifies for the hydrogen service exemption in § 63.648 shall also keep a record of the demonstration required by § 63.648.

(4) An owner or operator must keep a list of identification numbers for valves that are designated as

leakless per § 63.648(c)(10).

(5) An owner or operator must identify, either by list or location (area or refining process unit), equipment in organic HAP service less than 300 hours per year within refining process units subject to this subpart.

(6) An owner or operator must keep a list of reciprocating pumps and compressors determined to be exempt from seal requirements as per §§ 63.648 (f) and (I).

(e) Each owner or operator of a source subject to this subpart shall submit the reports listed in paragraphs (e)(1) through (e)(3) of this section except as provided in paragraph (h)(5) of this section, and shall keep records as described in paragraph (i) of this section.

(1) A Notification of Compliance Status report as described in paragraph (f) of this section;

(2) Periodic Reports as described in paragraph (g) of this section; and

(3) Other reports as described in paragraph (h) of this section.

(f) Each owner or operator of a source subject to this subpart shall submit a Notification of Compliance Status report within 150 days after the compliance dates specified in § 63.640(h) with the exception of Notification of Compliance Status reports submitted to comply with § 63.640(l)(3) and for storage vessels subject to the compliance schedule specified in § 63.640(h)(4). Notification of Compliance Status reports required by § 63.640(l)(3) and for storage vessels subject to the compliance dates specified in § 63.640(h)(4) shall be submitted according to paragraph (f)(6) of this section. This information may be submitted in an operating permit application, in an amendment to an operating permit application, in a separate submittal, or in any combination of the three. If the required information has been submitted before the date 150 days after the compliance date specified in § 63.640(h), a separate Notification of Compliance Status report is not required within 150 days after the compliance dates specified in § 63.640(h). If an owner or operator submits the information specified in paragraphs (f)(1) through (f)(5) of this section at different times, and/or in different submittals, later submittals may refer to earlier submittals instead of duplicating and resubmitting the previously submitted information. Each owner or operator of a gasoline loading rack classified under Standard Industrial Classification Code 2911 located within a contiguous area and under common control with a petroleum refinery subject to the standards of this subpart shall submit the Notification of Compliance Status report required by subpart R of this part within 150 days after the compliance dates specified in § 63.640(h) of this subpart.

(1) The Notification of Compliance Status report shall include the information specified in paragraphs (f)(1)(i) through (f)(1)(v) of this section.

(i) For storage vessels, this report shall include the information specified in paragraphs (f)(1)(i)(A) through (f)(1)(i)(D) of this section.

(A) Identification of each storage vessel subject to this subpart, and for each Group 1 storage vessel subject to this subpart, the information specified in paragraphs (f)(1)(i)(A)(1) through (f)(1)(i)(A)(3) of this section. This information is to be revised each time a Notification of Compliance Status report is submitted for a storage vessel subject to the compliance schedule specified in § 63.640(h)(4) or to comply with § 63.640(l)(3).

(1) For each Group 1 storage vessel complying with § 63.646 that is not included in an emissions average, the method of compliance (i.e., internal floating roof, external floating roof, or closed vent system and

control device).

(2) For storage vessels subject to the compliance schedule specified in § 63.640(h)(4) that are not complying with § 63.646, the anticipated compliance date.

(3) For storage vessels subject to the compliance schedule specified in § 63.640(h)(4) that are complying with § 63.646 and the Group 1 storage vessels described in § 63.640(l), the actual compliance date.

(B) If a closed vent system and a control device other than a flare is used to comply with § 63.646 the owner or operator shall submit:

(1) A description of the parameter or parameters to be monitored to ensure that the control device is being properly operated and maintained, an explanation of the criteria used for selection of that parameter (or parameters), and the frequency with which monitoring will be performed; and either

(2) The design evaluation documentation specified in § 63.120(d)(1)(i) of subpart G, if the owner or operator elects to prepare a design evaluation; or

(3) If the owner or operator elects to submit the results of a performance test, identification of the storage vessel and control device for which the performance test will be submitted, and identification of the emission point(s) that share the control device with the storage vessel and for which the performance test will be conducted.

(C) If a closed vent system and control device other than a flare is used, the owner or operator shall submit:

(1) The operating range for each monitoring parameter. The specified operating range shall represent the conditions for which the control device is being properly operated and maintained.

(2) If a performance test is conducted instead of a design evaluation, results of the performance test demonstrating that the control device achieves greater than or equal to the required control efficiency. A performance test conducted prior to the compliance date of this subpart can be used to comply with this requirement, provided that the test was conducted using EPA methods and that the test conditions are representative of current operating practices.

(D) If a closed vent system and a flare is used, the owner or operator shall submit:

(1) Flare design (e.g., steam-assisted, air-assisted, or nonassisted);

(2) All visible emission readings, heat content determinations, flow rate measurements, and exit velocity determinations made during the compliance determination required by § 63.120(e) of subpart G of this part; and

(3) All periods during the compliance determination when the pilot flame is absent.

(ii) For miscellaneous process vents, identification of each miscellaneous process vent subject to this subpart, whether the process vent is Group 1 or Group 2, and the method of compliance for each Group 1 miscellaneous process vent that is not included in an emissions average (e.g., use of a flare or other control device meeting the requirements of § 63.643(a)).

(iii) For miscellaneous process vents controlled by control devices required to be tested under § 63.645 of this subpart and § 63.116(c) of subpart G of this part, performance test results including the information in

paragraphs (f)(1)(iii)(A) and (B) of this section. Results of a performance test conducted prior to the compliance date of this subpart can be used provided that the test was conducted using the methods specified in § 63.645 and that the test conditions are representative of current operating conditions.

(A) The percentage of reduction of organic HAP's or TOC, or the outlet concentration of organic HAP's or TOC (parts per million by volume on a dry basis corrected to 3 percent oxygen), determined as specified in § 63.116(c) of subpart G of this part; and

(B) The value of the monitored parameters specified in table 10 of this subpart, or a site-specific parameter approved by the permitting authority, averaged over the full period of the performance test,

(iv) For miscellaneous process vents controlled by flares, performance test results including the information in paragraphs (f)(1)(iv)(A) and (B) of this section;

(A) All visible emission readings, heat content determinations, flow rate measurements, and exit velocity determinations made during the compliance determination required by § 63.645 of this subpart and § 63.116(a) of subpart G of this part, and

(B) A statement of whether a flame was present at the pilot light over the full period of the compliance determination.

(v) For equipment leaks complying with § 63.648(c) (i.e., complying with the requirements of subpart H of this part), the Notification of Compliance Report Status report information required by § 63.182(c) of subpart H and whether the percentage of leaking valves will be reported on a process unit basis or a sourcewide basis.

(2) If initial performance tests are required by §§ 63.643 through 63.653 of this subpart, the Notification of Compliance Status report shall include one complete test report for each test method used for a particular source.

(i) For additional tests performed using the same method, the results specified in paragraph (f)(1) of this section shall be submitted, but a complete test report is not required.

(ii) A complete test report shall include a sampling site description, description of sampling and analysis procedures and any modifications to standard procedures, quality assurance procedures, record of operating conditions during the test, record of preparation of standards, record of calibrations, raw data sheets for field sampling, raw data sheets for field and laboratory analyses, documentation of calculations, and any other information required by the test method.

(iii) Performance tests are required only if specified by §§ 63.643 through 63.653 of this subpart. Initial performance tests are required for some kinds of emission points and controls. Periodic testing of the same emission point is not required.

(3) For each monitored parameter for which a range is required to be established under § 63.120(d) of subpart G of this part for storage vessels or § 63.644 for miscellaneous process vents, the Notification of Compliance Status report shall include the information in paragraphs (f)(3)(i) through (f)(3)(iii) of this section.

(i) The specific range of the monitored parameter(s) for each emission point;

(ii) The rationale for the specific range for each parameter for each emission point, including any data and

calculations used to develop the range and a description of why the range ensures compliance with the emission standard.

(A) If a performance test is required by this subpart for a control device, the range shall be based on the parameter values measured during the performance test supplemented by engineering assessments and manufacturer's recommendations. Performance testing is not required to be conducted over the entire range of permitted parameter values.

(B) If a performance test is not required by this subpart for a control device, the range may be based solely on engineering assessments and manufacturers' recommendations.

(iii) A definition of the source's operating day for purposes of determining daily average values of monitored parameters. The definition shall specify the times at which an operating day begins and ends.

(4) Results of any continuous monitoring system performance evaluations shall be included in the Notification of Compliance Status report.

(5) For emission points included in an emissions average, the Notification of Compliance Status report shall include the values of the parameters needed for input to the emission credit and debit equations in § 63.652(g) and (h), calculated or measured according to the procedures in § 63.652(g) and (h), and the resulting credits and debits for the first quarter of the year. The first quarter begins on the compliance date specified in § 63.640.

(6) Notification of Compliance Status reports required by § 63.640(1)(3) and for storage vessels subject to the compliance dates specified in § 63.640(h)(4) shall be submitted no later than 60 days after the end of the 6-month period during which the change or addition was made that resulted in the Group 1 emission point or the existing Group 1 storage vessel was brought into compliance, and may be combined with the periodic report. Six-month periods shall be the same 6-month periods specified in paragraph (g) of this section. The Notification of Compliance Status report shall include the information specified in paragraphs (f)(1) through (f)(5) of this section. This information may be submitted in an operating permit application, in an amendment to an operating permit application, in a separate submittal, as part of the periodic report, or in any combination of these four. If the required information has been submitted before the date 60 days after the end of the 6-month period in which the addition of the Group 1 emission point took place, a separate Notification of Compliance Status report is not required within 60 days after the end of the 6-month period. If an owner or operator submits the information specified in paragraphs (f)(1) through (f)(5) of this section at different times, and/or in different submittals, later submittals may refer to earlier submittals instead of duplicating and resubmitting the previously submitted information.

(g) The owner or operator of a source subject to this subpart shall submit Periodic Reports no later than 60 days after the end of each 6-month period when any of the compliance exceptions specified in paragraphs (g)(1) through (g)(6) of this section occur. The first 6-month period shall begin on the date the Notification of Compliance Status report is required to be submitted. A Periodic Report is not required if none of the compliance exceptions specified in paragraphs (g)(1) through (g)(6) of this section occurred during the 6-month period unless emissions averaging is utilized. Quarterly reports must be submitted for emission points included in emissions averages, as provided in paragraph (g)(8) of this section. An owner or operator may submit reports required by other regulations in place of or as part of the Periodic Report required by this paragraph if the reports contain the information required by paragraphs (g)(1) through (g)(8) of this section.

(1) For storage vessels, Periodic Reports shall include the information specified for Periodic Reports in paragraph (g)(2) through (g)(5) of this section except that information related to gaskets, slotted membranes, and sleeve seals is not required for storage vessels that are part of an existing source.

(2) An owner or operator who elects to comply with § 63.646 by using a fixed roof and an internal floating roof or by using an external floating roof converted to an internal floating roof shall submit the results of each inspection conducted in accordance with § 63.120(a) of subpart G of this part in which a failure is detected in the control equipment.

(i) For vessels for which annual inspections are required under § 63.120(a)(2)(i) or (a)(3)(ii) of subpart G of this part, the specifications and requirements listed in paragraphs (g)(2)(i)(A) through (g)(2)(i)(C) of this section apply.

(A) A failure is defined as any time in which the internal floating roof is not resting on the surface of the liquid inside the storage vessel and is not resting on the leg supports; or there is liquid on the floating roof; or the seal is detached from the internal floating roof; or there are holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or seal fabric; or there are visible gaps between the seal and the wall of the storage vessel.

(B) Except as provided in paragraph (g)(2)(i)(C) of this section, each Periodic Report shall include the date of the inspection, identification of each storage vessel in which a failure was detected, and a description of the failure. The Periodic Report shall also describe the nature of and date the repair was made or the date the storage vessel was emptied.

(C) If an extension is utilized in accordance with § 63.120(a)(4) of subpart G of this part, the owner or operator shall, in the next Periodic Report, identify the vessel; include the documentation specified in § 63.120(a)(4) of subpart G of this part; and describe the date the storage vessel was emptied and the nature of and date the repair was made.

(ii) For vessels for which inspections are required under § 63.120(a)(2)(ii), (a)(3)(i), or (a)(3)(iii) of subpart G of this part (i.e., internal inspections), the specifications and requirements listed in paragraphs (g)(2)(ii)(A) and (g)(2)(ii)(B) of this section apply. (A) A failure is defined as any time in which the internal floating roof has defects; or the primary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or the seal fabric; or the secondary seal (if one has been installed) has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or the seal fabric; or, for a storage vessel that is part of a new source, the gaskets no longer close off the liquid surface from the atmosphere; or, for a storage vessel that is part of a new source, the slotted membrane has more than a 10 percent open area.

(B) Each Periodic Report shall include the date of the inspection, identification of each storage vessel in which a failure was detected, and a description of the failure. The Periodic Report shall also describe the nature of and date the repair was made.

(3) An owner or operator who elects to comply with § 63.646 by using an external floating roof shall meet the periodic reporting requirements specified in paragraphs (g)(3)(i) through (g)(3)(iii) of this section.

(i) The owner or operator shall submit, as part of the Periodic Report, documentation of the results of each seal gap measurement made in accordance with § 63.120(b) of subpart G of this part in which the seal and seal gap requirements of § 63.120(b)(3), (b)(4), (b)(5), or (b)(6) of subpart G of this part are not met. This documentation shall include the information specified in paragraphs (g)(3)(i)(A) through (g)(3)(i)(D) of this section.

- (A) The date of the seal gap measurement.
- (B) The raw data obtained in the seal gap measurement and the calculations described in § 63.120(b)(3) and (b)(4) of subpart G of this part.
- (C) A description of any seal condition specified in § 63.120(b)(5) or (b)(6) of subpart G of this part that is not met.
- (D) A description of the nature of and date the repair was made, or the date the storage vessel was emptied.
- (ii) If an extension is utilized in accordance with § 63.120(b)(7)(ii) or (b)(8) of subpart G of this part, the owner or operator shall, in the next Periodic Report, identify the vessel; include the documentation specified in § 63.120(b)(7)(ii) or (b)(8) of subpart G of this part, as applicable; and describe the date the vessel was emptied and the nature of and date the repair was made.
- (iii) The owner or operator shall submit, as part of the Periodic Report, documentation of any failures that are identified during visual inspections required by § 63.120(b)(10) of subpart G of this part. This documentation shall meet the specifications and requirements in paragraphs (g)(3)(iii)(A) and (g)(3)(iii)(B) of this section.
- (A) A failure is defined as any time in which the external floating roof has defects; or the primary seal has holes or other openings in the seal or the seal fabric; or the secondary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or the seal fabric; or, for a storage vessel that is part of a new source, the gaskets no longer close off the liquid surface from the atmosphere; or, for a storage vessel that is part of a new source, the slotted membrane has more than 10 percent open area.
- (B) Each Periodic Report shall include the date of the inspection, identification of each storage vessel in which a failure was detected, and a description of the failure. The Periodic Report shall also describe the nature of and date the repair was made.
- (4) An owner or operator who elects to comply with § 63.646 by using an external floating roof converted to an internal floating roof shall comply with the periodic reporting requirements of paragraph (g)(2) of this section.
- (5) An owner or operator who elects to comply with § 63.646 by installing a closed vent system and control device shall submit, as part of the next Periodic Report, the information specified in paragraphs (g)(5)(i) through (g)(5)(iii) of this section.
- (i) The Periodic Report shall include the information specified in paragraphs (g)(5)(i)(A) and (g)(5)(i)(B) of this section for those planned routine maintenance operations that would require the control device not to meet the requirements of § 63.119(e)(1) or (e)(2) of subpart G of this part, as applicable.
- (A) A description of the planned routine maintenance that is anticipated to be performed for the control device during the next 6 months. This description shall include the type of maintenance necessary, planned frequency of maintenance, and lengths of maintenance periods.
- (B) A description of the planned routine maintenance that was performed for the control device during the previous 6 months. This description shall include the type of maintenance performed and the total number of hours during those 6 months that the control device did not meet the requirements of § 63.119 (e)(1) or (e)(2) of subpart G of this part, as applicable, due to planned routine maintenance.

(ii) If a control device other than a flare is used, the Periodic Report shall describe each occurrence when the monitored parameters were outside of the parameter ranges documented in the Notification of Compliance Status report. The description shall include: Identification of the control device for which the measured parameters were outside of the established ranges, and causes for the measured parameters to be outside of the established ranges.

(iii) If a flare is used, the Periodic Report shall describe each occurrence when the flare does not meet the general control device requirements specified in § 63.11(b) of subpart A of this part and shall include: Identification of the flare that does not meet the general requirements specified in § 63.11(b) of subpart A of this part, and reasons the flare did not meet the general requirements specified in § 63.11(b) of subpart A of this part.

(6) For miscellaneous process vents for which continuous parameter monitors are required by this subpart, periods of excess emissions shall be identified in the Periodic Reports and shall be used to determine compliance with the emission standards.

(i) Period of excess emission means any of the following conditions:

(A) An operating day when the daily average value of a monitored parameter, except presence of a flare pilot flame, is outside the range specified in the Notification of Compliance Status report. Monitoring data recorded during periods of monitoring system breakdown, repairs, calibration checks and zero (low-level) and high-level adjustments shall not be used in computing daily average values of monitored parameters.

(B) An operating day when all pilot flames of a flare are absent.

(C) An operating day when monitoring data required to be recorded in paragraphs (i)(3) (i) and (ii) of this section are available for less than 75 percent of the operating hours.

(D) For data compression systems approved under paragraph (h)(5)(iii) of this section, an operating day when the monitor operated for less than 75 percent of the operating hours or a day when less than 18 monitoring values were recorded.

(ii) For miscellaneous process vents, excess emissions shall be reported for the operating parameters specified in table 10 of this subpart unless other site-specific parameter(s) have been approved by the operating permit authority.

(iii) Periods of startup and shutdown that meet the definition of § 63.641, and malfunction that meet the definition in § 63.2 and periods of performance testing and monitoring system calibration shall not be considered periods of excess emissions. Malfunctions may include process unit, control device, or monitoring system malfunctions.

(7) If a performance test for determination of compliance for a new emission point subject to this subpart or for an emission point that has changed from Group 2 to Group 1 is conducted during the period covered by a Periodic Report, the results of the performance test shall be included in the Periodic Report.

(i) Results of the performance test shall include the percentage of emissions reduction or outlet pollutant concentration reduction (whichever is needed to determine compliance) and the values of the monitored operating parameters.

(ii) The complete test report shall be maintained onsite.

(8) The owner or operator of a source shall submit quarterly reports for all emission points included in an emissions average.

(i) The quarterly reports shall be submitted no later than 60 calendar days after the end of each quarter. The first report shall be submitted with the Notification of Compliance Status report no later than 150 days after the compliance date specified in § 63.640.

(ii) The quarterly reports shall include:

(A) The information specified in this paragraph and in paragraphs (g)(2) through (g)(7) of this section for all storage vessels and miscellaneous process vents included in an emissions average;

(B) The information required to be reported by § 63.428 (h)(1), (h)(2), and (h)(3) for each gasoline loading rack included in an emissions average, unless this information has already been submitted in a separate report;

(C) The information required to be included in quarterly reports by §§ 63.567(f) and 63.567(i)(2) of subpart Y of this part for each marine tank vessel loading operation included in an emissions average, unless the information has already been submitted in a separate report;

(D) Any information pertaining to each wastewater stream included in an emissions average that the source is required to report under the Implementation Plan for the source;

(E) The credits and debits calculated each month during the quarter;

(F) A demonstration that debits calculated for the quarter are not more than 1.30 times the credits calculated for the quarter, as required under §§ 63.652(e)(4);

(G) The values of any inputs to the credit and debit equations in § 63.652 (g) and (h) that change from month to month during the quarter or that have changed since the previous quarter; and

(H) Any other information the source is required to report under the Implementation Plan for the source.

(iii) Every fourth quarterly report shall include the following:

(A) A demonstration that annual credits are greater than or equal to annual debits as required by § 63.652(e)(3); and

(B) A certification of compliance with all the emissions averaging provisions in § 63.652 of this subpart.

(h) Other reports shall be submitted as specified in subpart A of this part and as follows:

(1) Reports of startup, shutdown, and malfunction required by § 63.10(d)(5). Records and reports of startup, shut-down, and malfunction are not required if they pertain solely to Group 2 emission points, as defined in § 63.641, that are not included in an emissions average. For purposes of this paragraph, startup and shutdown shall have the meaning defined in § 63.641, and malfunction shall have the meaning defined in § 63.2; and

(2) For storage vessels, notifications of inspections as specified in paragraphs (h)(2)(i) and (h)(2)(ii) of this section;

(i) In order to afford the Administrator the opportunity to have an observer present, the owner or operator

shall notify the Administrator of the refilling of each Group 1 storage vessel that has been emptied and degassed.

(A) Except as provided in paragraphs (h)(2)(i) (B) and (C) of this section, the owner or operator shall notify the Administrator in writing at least 30 calendar days prior to filling or refilling of each storage vessel with organic HAP's to afford the Administrator the opportunity to inspect the storage vessel prior to refilling.

(B) Except as provided in paragraph (h)(2)(i)(C) of this section, if the internal inspection required by §§ 63.120(a)(2), 63.120(a)(3), or 63.120(b)(10) of subpart G of this part is not planned and the owner or operator could not have known about the inspection 30 calendar days in advance of refilling the vessel with organic HAP's, the owner or operator shall notify the Administrator at least 7 calendar days prior to refilling of the storage vessel. Notification may be made by telephone and immediately followed by written documentation demonstrating why the inspection was unplanned. This notification, including the written documentation, may also be made in writing and sent so that it is received by the Administrator at least 7 calendar days prior to the refilling.

(C) The State or local permitting authority can waive the notification requirements of paragraphs (h)(2)(i)(A) and/or (h)(2)(i)(B) of this section for all or some storage vessels at petroleum refineries subject to this subpart. The State or local permitting authority may also grant permission to refill storage vessels sooner than 30 days after submitting the notification required by paragraph (h)(2)(i)(A) of this section, or sooner than 7 days after submitting the notification required by paragraph (h)(2)(i)(B) of this section for all storage vessels, or for individual storage vessels on a case-by-case basis.

(ii) In order to afford the Administrator the opportunity to have an observer present, the owner or operator of a storage vessel equipped with an external floating roof shall notify the Administrator of any seal gap measurements. The notification shall be made in writing at least 30 calendar days in advance of any gap measurements required by § 63.120 (b)(1) or (b)(2) of subpart G of this part. The State or local permitting authority can waive this notification requirement for all or some storage vessels subject to the rule or can allow less than 30 calendar days' notice.

(3) For owners or operators of sources required to request approval for a nominal control efficiency for use in calculating credits for an emissions average, the information specified in § 63.652(h).

(4) The owner or operator who requests approval to monitor a different parameter than those listed in § 63.644 for miscellaneous process vents or who is required by § 63.653(a)(8) to establish a site-specific monitoring parameter for a point in an emissions average shall submit the information specified in paragraphs (h)(4)(i) through (h)(4)(iii) of this section. For new or reconstructed sources, the information shall be submitted with the application for approval of construction or reconstruction required by § 63.5(d) of subpart A and for existing sources, and the information shall be submitted no later than 18 months prior to the compliance date. The information may be submitted in an operating permit application, in an amendment to an operating permit application, or in a separate submittal.

(i) A description of the parameter(s) to be monitored to determine whether excess emissions occur and an explanation of the criteria used to select the parameter(s).

(ii) A description of the methods and procedures that will be used to demonstrate that the parameter can be used to determine excess emissions and the schedule for this demonstration. The owner or operator must certify that they will establish a range for the monitored parameter as part of the Notification of

Compliance Status report required in paragraphs (e) and (f) of this section.

(iii) The frequency and content of monitoring, recording, and reporting if: monitoring and recording are not continuous; or if periods of excess emissions, as defined in paragraph (g)(6) of this section, will not be identified in Periodic Reports required under paragraphs (e) and (g) of this section. The rationale for the proposed monitoring, recording, and reporting system shall be included.

(5) An owner or operator may request approval to use alternatives to the continuous operating parameter monitoring and recordkeeping provisions listed in paragraph (i) of this section.

(i) Requests shall be submitted with the Application for Approval of Construction or Reconstruction for new sources and no later than 18 months prior to the compliance date for existing sources. The information may be submitted in an operating permit application, in an amendment to an operating permit application, or in a separate submittal. Requests shall contain the information specified in paragraphs (h)(5)(iii) through (h)(5)(iv) of this section, as applicable.

(ii) The provisions in § 63.8(f)(5)(i) of subpart A of this part shall govern the review and approval of requests.

(iii) An owner or operator may request approval to use an automated data compression recording system that does not record monitored operating parameter values at a set frequency (for example, once every hour) but records all values that meet set criteria for variation from previously recorded values.

(A) The requested system shall be designed to:

(1) Measure the operating parameter value at least once every hour.

(2) Record at least 24 values each day during periods of operation.

(3) Record the date and time when monitors are turned off or on.

(4) Recognize unchanging data that may indicate the monitor is not functioning properly, alert the operator, and record the incident.

(5) Compute daily average values of the monitored operating parameter based on recorded data.

(B) The request shall contain a description of the monitoring system and data compression recording system including the criteria used to determine which monitored values are recorded and retained, the method for calculating daily averages, and a demonstration that the system meets all criteria of paragraph (h)(5)(iii)(A) of this section.

(iv) An owner or operator may request approval to use other alternative monitoring systems according to the procedures specified in § 63.8(f) of subpart A of this part.

(6) The owner or operator shall submit the information specified in paragraphs (h)(6)(i) through (h)(6)(iii) of this section, as applicable. For existing sources, this information shall be submitted in the initial Notification of Compliance Status report. For a new source, the information shall be submitted with the application for approval of construction or reconstruction required by § 63.5(d) of subpart A of this part. The information may be submitted in an operating permit application, in an amendment to an operating permit application, or in a separate submittal.

(i) The determination of applicability of this subpart to petroleum refining process units that are designed

and operated as flexible operation units.

(ii) The determination of applicability of this subpart to any storage vessel for which use varies from year to year.

(iii) The determination of applicability of this subpart to any distillation unit for which use varies from year to year.

(i) Recordkeeping. (1) Each owner or operator subject to the storage vessel provisions in § 63.646 shall keep the records specified in § 63.123 of subpart G of this part except as specified in paragraphs (i)(1)(i) through (i)(1)(iv) of this section.

(i) Records related to gaskets, slotted membranes, and sleeve seals are not required for storage vessels within existing sources.

(ii) All references to § 63.122 in § 63.123 of subpart G of this part shall be replaced with § 63.654(e),

(iii) All references to § 63.150 in § 63.123 of subpart G of this part shall be replaced with § 63.652.

(iv) If a storage vessel is determined to be Group 2 because the weight percent total organic HAP of the stored liquid is less than or equal to 4 percent for existing sources or 2 percent for new sources, a record of any data, assumptions, and procedures used to make this determination shall be retained.

(2) Each owner or operator required to report the results of performance tests under paragraphs (f) and (g)(7) of this section shall retain a record of all reported results as well as a complete test report, as described in paragraph (f)(2)(ii) of this section for each emission point tested.

(3) Each owner or operator required to continuously monitor operating parameters under § 63.644 for miscellaneous process vents or under §§ 63.652 and 63.653 for emission points in an emissions average shall keep the records specified in paragraphs (i)(3)(i) through (i)(3)(v) of this section unless an alternative recordkeeping system has been requested and approved under paragraph (h) of this section.

(i) The monitoring system shall measure data values at least once every hour.

(ii) The owner or operator shall record either:

(A) Each measured data value; or

(B) Block average values for 1 hour or shorter periods calculated from all measured data values during each period. If values are measured more frequently than once per minute, a single value for each minute may be used to calculate the hourly (or shorter period) block average instead of all measured values.

(iii) Daily average values of each continuously monitored parameter shall be calculated for each operating day and retained for 5 years except as specified in paragraph (i)(3)(iv) of this section.

(A) The daily average shall be calculated as the average of all values for a monitored parameter recorded during the operating day. The average shall cover a 24-hour period if operation is continuous, or the number of hours of operation per day if operation is not continuous.

(B) The operating day shall be the period defined in the Notification of Compliance Status report. It may

be from midnight to midnight or another daily period.

(iv) If all recorded values for a monitored parameter during an operating day are within the range established in the Notification of Compliance Status report, the owner or operator may record that all values were within the range and retain this record for 5 years rather than calculating and recording a daily average for that day. For these days, the records required in paragraph (i)(3)(ii) of this section shall also be retained for 5 years.

(v) Monitoring data recorded during periods of monitoring system break-downs, repairs, calibration checks, and zero (low-level) and high-level adjustments shall not be included in any average computed under this subpart. Records shall be kept of the times and durations of all such periods and any other periods during process or control device operation when monitors are not operating.

(4) All other information required to be reported under paragraphs (a) through (h) of this section shall be retained for 5 years.

**TABLE 10.--MISCELLANEOUS PROCESS VENTS--MONITORING, RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS FOR COMPLYING WITH 98 WEIGHT-PERCENT REDUCTION OF TOTAL ORGANIC HAP EMISSIONS OR A LIMIT OF 20 PARTS PER MILLION BY VOLUME**

Control device	Parameters to be monitored <sup>a</sup>	Recordkeeping and reporting requirements for monitored parameters
Thermal incinerator	Firebox temperature <sup>b</sup> (63.644(a)(1)(I)).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Continuous records<sup>c</sup>.</li> <li>● Record and report the firebox temperature averaged over the full period of the performance test--NCS<sup>d</sup>.</li> <li>● Record the daily average firebox temperature for each operating day<sup>e</sup>.</li> <li>● Report all daily average temperatures that are outside the range established in the NCS or operating permit and all operating days when insufficient monitoring data are collected<sup>f</sup>--PR<sup>g</sup>.</li> </ul>
Catalytic incinerator	Temperature upstream and downstream of the catalyst bed (63.644(a)(1)(ii)).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Continuous records<sup>c</sup>.</li> <li>● Record and report the upstream and downstream temperatures and the temperature difference across the catalyst bed averaged over the full period of the performance test--NCS<sup>d</sup>.</li> <li>● Record the daily average upstream temperature and temperature difference across the catalyst bed for each operating day<sup>e</sup>.</li> <li>● Report all daily average upstream temperatures that are outside the range established in the NCS or operating</li> </ul>

		<p>permit--PR<sup>g</sup>.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Report all daily average temperature differences across the catalyst bed that are outside the range established in the NCS or operating permit--PR<sup>g</sup>.</li> <li>● Report all operating days when insufficient monitoring data are collected<sup>f</sup>.</li> </ul>
Boiler or process heater with a design heat capacity less than 44 megawatts where the vent stream is <i>not</i> introduced into the flame zone <sup>h,i</sup>	Firebox temperature <sup>h</sup> (63.644(a)(4)).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Continuous records<sup>c</sup>.</li> <li>● Record and report the firebox temperature averaged over the full period of the performance test--NCS<sup>d</sup>.</li> <li>● Record the daily average firebox temperature for each operating day<sup>e</sup>.</li> <li>● Report all daily average firebox temperatures that are outside the range established in the NCS or operating permit and all operating days when insufficient monitoring data are collected<sup>f</sup>--PR<sup>g</sup>.</li> </ul>
Flare	Presence of a flame at the pilot light (63.644(a)(2)).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Hourly records of whether the monitor was continuously operating and whether a pilot flame was continuously present during each hour.</li> <li>● Record and report the presence of a flame at the pilot light over the full period of the compliance determination--NCS<sup>d</sup>.</li> <li>● Record the times and durations of all periods when all pilot flames for a flare are absent or the monitor is not operating.</li> </ul>
All control devices	Presence of flow diverted to the atmosphere from the control device (63.644(c)(1)) <i>or</i> .	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Hourly records of whether the flow indicator was operating and whether flow was detected at any time during each hour.</li> <li>● Record and report the times and durations of all periods when the vent stream is diverted through a bypass line or the monitor is not operating--PR<sup>g</sup>.</li> </ul>

<p>Monthly inspections of sealed valves (63.644(c)(2)).</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Records that monthly inspections were performed.</li> <li>● Record and Report all monthly inspections that show the valves are not closed or the seal has been changed--PR<sup>g</sup>.</li> </ul>
---	---

<sup>A</sup> Regulatory citations are listed in parentheses.

<sup>B</sup> Monitor may be installed in the firebox or in the ductwork immediately downstream of the firebox before any substantial heat exchange is encountered.

<sup>C</sup> "Continuous records" is defined in § 63.641.

<sup>D</sup> NCS = Notification of compliance status report described in § 63.654.

<sup>E</sup> The daily average is the average of all recorded parameter values for the operating day. If all recorded values during an operating day are within the range established in the NCS or operating permit, a statement to this effect can be recorded instead of the daily average.

<sup>F</sup> When a period of excess emission is caused by insufficient monitoring data, as described in § 63.654(g)(6)(8) (C) or (D), the duration of the period when monitoring data were not collected shall be included in the Periodic Report.

<sup>G</sup> PR = Period Reports described in § 63.654(g).

<sup>H</sup> No monitoring is required for boilers and process heaters with a design heat capacity 44 megawatts or for boilers and process heaters where all vent streams are introduced into the flame zone. No recordkeeping or reporting associated with monitoring is required for such boilers and process heaters.

<sup>I</sup> Process vents that are routed to refinery fuel gas systems are not regulated under this subpart. No monitoring, recordkeeping, or reporting is required for boilers and process heaters that combust refinery fuel gas.

**Unified Air  
Toxics Website**

&lt;

**§ 63.5(d) of the General Provisions - Construction and Reconstruction, Application for approval of construction or reconstruction**

(d) *Application for approval of construction or reconstruction.* The provisions of this paragraph implement section 112(i)(1) of the Act.

(1) General application requirements.

(i) An owner or operator who is subject to the requirements of paragraph (b)(3) of this section shall submit to the Administrator an application for approval of the construction of a new major affected source, the reconstruction of a major affected source, or the reconstruction of a major source such that the source becomes a major affected source subject to the standard. The application shall be submitted as soon as practicable before the construction or reconstruction is planned to commence (but no sooner than the effective date of the relevant standard) if the construction or reconstruction commences after the effective date of a relevant standard promulgated in this part. The application shall be submitted as soon as practicable before startup but no later than 60 days after the effective date of a relevant standard promulgated in this part if the construction or reconstruction had commenced and initial startup had not occurred before the standard's effective date. The application for approval of construction or reconstruction may be used to fulfill the initial notification requirements of § 63.9(b)(5) of this subpart. The owner or operator may submit the application for approval well in advance of the date construction or reconstruction is planned to commence in order to ensure a timely review by the Administrator and that the planned commencement date will not be delayed.

(ii) A separate application shall be submitted for each construction or reconstruction. Each application for approval of construction or reconstruction shall include at a minimum:

(A) The applicant's name and address;

(B) A notification of intention to construct a new major affected source or make any physical or operational change to a major affected source that may meet or has been determined to meet the criteria for a reconstruction, as defined in § 63.2;

(C) The address (i.e., physical location) or proposed address of the source;

(D) An identification of the relevant standard that is the basis of the application;

(E) The expected commencement date of the construction or reconstruction;

(F) The expected completion date of the construction or reconstruction;

(G) The anticipated date of (initial) startup of the source;

(H) The type and quantity of hazardous air pollutants emitted by the source, reported in units and

averaging times and in accordance with the test methods specified in the relevant standard, or if actual emissions data are not yet available, an estimate of the type and quantity of hazardous air pollutants expected to be emitted by the source reported in units and averaging times specified in the relevant standard. The owner or operator may submit percent reduction information if a relevant standard is established in terms of percent reduction. However, operating parameters, such as flow rate, shall be included in the submission to the extent that they demonstrate performance and compliance; and

(I) [Reserved]

(J) Other information as specified in paragraphs (d)(2) and (d)(3) of this section.

(iii) An owner or operator who submits estimates or preliminary information in place of the actual emissions data and analysis required in paragraphs (d)(1)(ii)(H) and (d)(2) of this section shall submit the actual, measured emissions data and other correct information as soon as available but no later than with the notification of compliance status required in § 63.9(h) (see § 63.9(h)(5)).

(2) Application for approval of construction. Each application for approval of construction shall include, in addition to the information required in paragraph (d)(1)(ii) of this section, technical information describing the proposed nature, size, design, operating design capacity, and method of operation of the source, including an identification of each point of emission for each hazardous air pollutant that is emitted (or could be emitted) and a description of the planned air pollution control system (equipment or method) for each emission point. The description of the equipment to be used for the control of emissions shall include each control device for each hazardous air pollutant and the estimated control efficiency (percent) for each control device. The description of the method to be used for the control of emissions shall include an estimated control efficiency (percent) for that method. Such technical information shall include calculations of emission estimates in sufficient detail to permit assessment of the validity of the calculations. An owner or operator who submits approximations of control efficiencies under this subparagraph shall submit the actual control efficiencies as specified in paragraph (d)(1)(iii) of this section.

(3) Application for approval of reconstruction. Each application for approval of reconstruction shall include, in addition to the information required in paragraph (d)(1)(ii) of this section--

(i) A brief description of the affected source and the components that are to be replaced;

(ii) A description of present and proposed emission control systems (i.e., equipment or methods). The description of the equipment to be used for the control of emissions shall include each control device for each hazardous air pollutant and the estimated control efficiency (percent) for each control device. The description of the method to be used for the control of emissions shall include an estimated control efficiency (percent) for that method. Such technical information shall include calculations of emission estimates in sufficient detail to permit assessment of the validity of the calculations;

(iii) An estimate of the fixed capital cost of the replacements and of constructing a comparable entirely new source;

(iv) The estimated life of the affected source after the replacements; and

(v) A discussion of any economic or technical limitations the source may have in complying with relevant standards or other requirements after the proposed replacements. The discussion shall be sufficiently detailed to demonstrate to the Administrator's satisfaction that the technical or economic limitations affect

the source's ability to comply with the relevant standard and how they do so.

(vi) If in the application for approval of reconstruction the owner or operator designates the affected source as a reconstructed source and declares that there are no economic or technical limitations to prevent the source from complying with all relevant standards or other requirements, the owner or operator need not submit the information required in subparagraphs (d)(3) (iii) through (v) of this section, above.

(4) Additional information. The Administrator may request additional relevant information after the submittal of an application for approval of construction or reconstruction.

### **§ 63.5(e) of the General Provisions - Construction and Reconstruction, Approval of construction or reconstruction**

(e) Approval of construction or reconstruction. (1)(i) If the Administrator determines that, if properly constructed, or reconstructed, and operated, a new or existing source for which an application under paragraph (d) of this section was submitted will not cause emissions in violation of the relevant standard(s) and any other federally enforceable requirements, the Administrator will approve the construction or reconstruction.

(ii) In addition, in the case of reconstruction, the Administrator's determination under this paragraph will be based on:

(A) The fixed capital cost of the replacements in comparison to the fixed capital cost that would be required to construct a comparable entirely new source;

(B) The estimated life of the source after the replacements compared to the life of a comparable entirely new source;

(C) The extent to which the components being replaced cause or contribute to the emissions from the source; and

(D) Any economic or technical limitations on compliance with relevant standards that are inherent in the proposed replacements.

(2)(i) The Administrator will notify the owner or operator in writing of approval or intention to deny approval of construction or reconstruction within 60 calendar days after receipt of sufficient information to evaluate an application submitted under paragraph (d) of this section. The 60-day approval or denial period will begin after the owner or operator has been notified in writing that his/her application is complete. The Administrator will notify the owner or operator in writing of the status of his/her application, that is, whether the application contains sufficient information to make a determination, within 30 calendar days after receipt of the original application and within 30 calendar days after receipt of any supplementary information that is submitted.

(ii) When notifying the owner or operator that his/her application is not complete, the Administrator will specify the information needed to complete the application and provide notice of opportunity for the applicant to present, in writing, within 30 calendar days after he/she is notified of the incomplete application, additional information or arguments to the Administrator to enable further action on the application.

(3) Before denying any application for approval of construction or reconstruction, the Administrator will notify the applicant of the Administrator's intention to issue the denial together with--

- (i) Notice of the information and findings on which the intended denial is based; and
  - (ii) Notice of opportunity for the applicant to present, in writing, within 30 calendar days after he/she is notified of the intended denial, additional information or arguments to the Administrator to enable further action on the application.
- (4) A final determination to deny any application for approval will be in writing and will specify the grounds on which the denial is based. The final de-termination will be made within 60 calendar days of presentation of additional information or arguments (if the application is complete), or within 60 calendar days after the final date specified for presentation if no presentation is made.
- (5) Neither the submission of an application for approval nor the Administrator's approval of construction or reconstruction shall--
- (i) Relieve an owner or operator of legal responsibility for compliance with any applicable provisions of this part or with any other applicable Federal, State, or local requirement; or
  - (ii) Prevent the Administrator from implementing or enforcing this part or taking any other action under the Act.

**§ 63.5(f) of the General Provisions - Construction and Reconstruction, Approval of construction or reconstruction based on prior State preconstruction review**

- (f) *Approval of construction or reconstruction based on prior State preconstruction review.* (1) The Administrator may approve an application for construction or reconstruction specified in paragraphs (b)(3) and (d) of this section if the owner or operator of a new or reconstructed source who is subject to such requirement demonstrates to the Administrator's satisfaction that the following conditions have been (or will be) met:
- (i) The owner or operator of the new or reconstructed source has undergone a preconstruction review and approval process in the State in which the source is (or would be) located before the promulgation date of the relevant standard and has received a federally enforceable construction permit that contains a finding that the source will meet the relevant emission standard as proposed, if the source is properly built and operated;
  - (ii) In making its finding, the State has considered factors substantially equivalent to those specified in paragraph (e)(1) of this section; and either
  - (iii) The promulgated standard is no more stringent than the proposed standard in any relevant aspect that would affect the Administrator's decision to approve or disapprove an application for approval of construction or reconstruction under this section; or
  - (iv) The promulgated standard is more stringent than the proposed standard but the owner or operator will comply with the standard as proposed during the 3-year period immediately following the effective date of the standard as allowed for in § 63.6(b)(3) of this subpart.

(2) The owner or operator shall submit to the Administrator the request for approval of construction or reconstruction under this paragraph no later than the application deadline specified in paragraph (d)(1) of this section (see also § 63.9(b)(2) of this subpart). The owner or operator shall include in the request information sufficient for the Administrator's determination. The Administrator will evaluate the owner or

operator's request in accordance with the procedures specified in paragraph (e) of this section. The Administrator may request additional relevant information after the submittal of a re-request for approval of construction or reconstruction under this paragraph.

**§ 63.6(g)(2) of the General Provisions - Compliance with standards and maintenance requirements, Procedures for conducting testing to request an alternative emission standard**

(2) An owner or operator requesting permission under this paragraph shall, unless otherwise specified in an applicable subpart, submit a proposed test plan or the results of testing and monitoring in accordance with §63.7 and §63.8, a description of the procedures followed in testing or monitoring, and a description of pertinent conditions during testing or monitoring. Any testing or monitoring conducted to request permission to use an alternative non-opacity emission standard shall be appropriately quality assured and quality controlled, as specified in §63.7 and §63.8.

**§§ 63.6(i)(3) - 63.6(i)(7) of the General Provisions - Compliance with standards and maintenance requirements, Request for extension of compliance**

(3) *Request for extension of compliance.* Paragraphs (i)(4) through (i)(7) of this section concern requests for an extension of compliance with a relevant standard under this part (except requests for an extension of compliance under paragraph (i)(2)(i) of this section will be handled through procedures specified in subpart D of this part).

(4)(i)(A) The owner or operator of an existing source who is unable to comply with a relevant standard established under this part pursuant to section 112(d) of the Act may request that the Administrator (or a State, when the State has an approved part 70 permit program and the source is required to obtain a part 70 permit under that program, or a State, when the State has been delegated the authority to implement and enforce the emission standard for that source) grant an ex-tension allowing the source up to 1 additional year to comply with the stand-ard, if such additional period is necessary for the installation of controls. An additional extension of up to 3 years may be added for mining waste operations, if the 1-year extension of compliance is insufficient to dry and cover mining waste in order to reduce emissions of any hazardous air pollutant. The owner or operator of an affected source who has requested an ex-tension of compliance under this para-graph and who is otherwise required to obtain a title V permit shall apply for such permit or apply to have the source's title V permit revised to incorporate the conditions of the extension of compliance. The conditions of an extension of compliance granted under this paragraph will be incorporated into the affected source's title V permit according to the provisions of part 70 or Federal title V regulations in this chapter (42 U.S.C. 7661), whichever are applicable.

(B) Any request under this paragraph for an extension of compliance with a relevant standard shall be submitted in writing to the appropriate authority not later than 12 months before the affected source's compliance date (as specified in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section) for sources that are not including emission points in an emissions average, or not later than 18 months before the affected source's compliance date (as specified in para-graphs (b) and (c) of this section) for sources that are including emission points in an emissions average. Emission standards established under this part may specify alternative dates for the submittal of requests for an extension of compliance if alternatives are appropriate for the source categories affected by those standards, e.g., a compliance date specified by the standard is less than 12 (or 18) months after the standard's effective date.

(ii) The owner or operator of an existing source unable to comply with a relevant standard established under this part pursuant to section 112(f) of the Act may request that the Administrator grant an extension

allowing the source up to 2 years after the standard's effective date to comply with the standard. The Administrator may grant such an extension if he/she finds that such additional period is necessary for the installation of controls and that steps will be taken during the period of the extension to assure that the health of persons will be protected from imminent endangerment. Any re-request for an extension of compliance with a relevant standard under this paragraph shall be submitted in writing to the Administrator not later than 15 calendar days after the effective date of the relevant standard.

(5) The owner or operator of an existing source that has installed BACT or technology required to meet LAER [as specified in paragraph (i)(2)(ii) of this section] prior to the promulgation of a relevant emission standard in this part may request that the Administrator grant an extension allowing the source 5 years from the date on which such installation was achieved, as determined by the Administrator, to comply with the standard. Any request for an extension of compliance with a relevant standard under this paragraph shall be submitted in writing to the Administrator not later than 120 days after the promulgation date of the standard. The Administrator may grant such an extension if he or she finds that the installation of BACT or technology to meet LAER controls the same pollutant (or stream of pollutants) that would be controlled at that source by the relevant emission standard.

(6)(i) The request for a compliance extension under paragraph (i)(4) of this section shall include the following information:

(A) A description of the controls to be installed to comply with the standard;

(B) A compliance schedule, including the date by which each step toward compliance will be reached. At a minimum, the list of dates shall include:

(1) The date by which contracts for emission control systems or process changes for emission control will be awarded, or the date by which orders will be issued for the purchase of component parts to accomplish emission control or process changes;

(2) The date by which on-site construction, installation of emission control equipment, or a process change is to be initiated;

(3) The date by which on-site construction, installation of emission control equipment, or a process change is to be completed; and

(4) The date by which final compliance is to be achieved;

(C) A description of interim emission control steps that will be taken during the extension period, including milestones to assure proper operation and maintenance of emission control and process equipment; and

(D) Whether the owner or operator is also requesting an extension of other applicable requirements (e.g., performance testing requirements).

(ii) The request for a compliance extension under paragraph (i)(5) of this section shall include all information needed to demonstrate to the Administrator's satisfaction that the installation of BACT or technology to meet LAER controls the same pollutant (or stream of pollutants) that would be controlled at that source by the relevant emission standard.

(7) Advice on requesting an extension of compliance may be obtained from the Administrator (or the State with an approved permit program).

**§ 63.7 (h)(3)(iii) of the General Provisions - Performance testing requirements, Justification for waiver of performance test**

(iii) Any application for a waiver of a performance test shall include information justifying the owner or operation's request for a waiver, such as the technical or economic infeasibility, or the impracticality, of the affected source performing the required test.

**§63.8(f)(4)(ii) of the General Provisions - Monitoring Requirements, Information to be submitted in request to use alternative monitoring method.**

(ii) The application shall contain a description of the proposed alternative monitoring system and a performance evaluation test plan, if required, as specified in paragraph (e)(3) of this section. In addition, the application shall include information justifying the owner or operators's request for an alternative monitoring method, such as the technical or economic infeasibility, or the impracticality, of the affected source using the required method.

**§ § 63.10(b)(2)(i) - 63.10(b)(2)(v) of the General Provisions - Recordkeeping and reporting requirements, Required Records(2)** The owner or operator of an affected source subject to the provisions of this part shall maintain relevant records for such source of--

(i) The occurrence and duration of each startup, shutdown, or malfunction of operation (i.e., process equipment);

(ii) The occurrence and duration of each malfunction of the air pollution control equipment;

(iv) Actions taken during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction (including corrective actions to restore malfunctioning process and air pollution control equipment to its normal or usual manner of operation) when such actions are different from the procedures specified in the affected source's startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan (see § 63.6(e)(3));

(v) All information necessary to demonstrate conformance with the affected source's startup, shutdown, and mal-function plan (see § 63.6(e)(3)) when all actions taken during periods of start-up, shutdown, and malfunction (including corrective actions to restore mal-functioning process and air pollution control equipment to its normal or usual manner of operation) are consistent with the procedures specified in such plan. (The information needed to demonstrate conformance with the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan may be recorded using a "checklist, " or some other effective form of recordkeeping, in order to minimize the recordkeeping burden for conforming events);

**§ 63.10(b)(2)(vii)(C) of the General Provisions - Recordkeeping and reporting requirements, Required Records for Performance Tests and Calibration Checks**

(C) The Administrator or delegated authority, upon notification to the source, may require the owner or operator to maintain all measurements as required by paragraph (b)(2)(vii), if the administrator or the delegated authority determines these records are required to more accurately assess the compliance status of the affected source.

(viii) All results of performance tests, CMS performance evaluations, and opacity and visible emission observations;

(ix) All measurements as may be necessary to determine the conditions of performance tests and

performance evaluations;

(x) All CMS calibration checks;

**§ 63.10(d)(5) of the General Provisions - General reporting requirements, Periodic startup, shutdown, and malfunction reports**

(5)(i) *Periodic startup, shutdown, and malfunction reports.* If actions taken by an owner or operator during a startup, shutdown, or malfunction of an affected source (including actions taken to correct a malfunction) are consistent with the procedures specified in the source's startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan [see § 63.6(e)(3)], the owner or operator shall state such information in a startup, shutdown, and malfunction report. Reports shall only be required if a startup, shutdown, or malfunction occurred during the reporting period. The startup, shutdown, and malfunction report shall consist of a letter, containing the name, title, and signature of the owner or operator or other responsible official who is certifying its accuracy, that shall be submitted to the Administrator semiannually (or on a more frequent basis if specified otherwise in a relevant standard or as established otherwise by the permitting authority in the source's title V permit). The startup, shutdown, and malfunction report shall be delivered or postmarked by the 30th day following the end of each calendar half (or other calendar reporting period, as appropriate). If the owner or operator is required to submit excess emissions and continuous monitoring system performance (or other periodic) reports under this part, the startup, shutdown, and malfunction reports required under this paragraph may be submitted simultaneously with the excess emissions and continuous monitoring system performance (or other) reports. If startup, shutdown, and malfunction reports are submitted with excess emissions and continuous monitoring system performance (or other periodic) reports, and the owner or operator receives approval to reduce the frequency of reporting for the latter under paragraph (e) of this section, the frequency of reporting for the startup, shutdown, and malfunction reports also may be reduced if the Administrator does not object to the intended change. The procedures to implement the allowance in the preceding sentence shall be the same as the procedures specified in paragraph (e)(3) of this section.

(ii) *Immediate startup, shutdown, and malfunction reports.* Notwithstanding the allowance to reduce the frequency of reporting for periodic startup, shutdown, and malfunction reports under paragraph (d)(5)(i) of this section, any time an action taken by an owner or operator during a startup, shutdown, or malfunction (including actions taken to correct a malfunction) is not consistent with the procedures specified in the affected source's startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan, the owner or operator shall report the actions taken for that event within 2 working days after commencing actions inconsistent with the plan followed by a letter within 7 working days after the end of the event. The immediate report required under this paragraph shall consist of a telephone call (or facsimile (FAX) transmission) to the Administrator within 2 working days after commencing actions inconsistent with the plan, and it shall be followed by a letter, delivered or postmarked within 7 working days after the end of the event, that contains the name, title, and signature of the owner or operator or other responsible official who is certifying its accuracy, explaining the circumstances of the event, the reasons for not following the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan, and whether any excess emissions and/or parameter monitoring exceedances are believed to have occurred. Notwithstanding the requirements of the previous sentence, after the effective date of an approved permit program in the State in which an affected source is located, the owner or operator may make alternative reporting arrangements, in advance, with the permitting authority in that State. Procedures governing the arrangement of alternative reporting requirements under this paragraph are specified in § 63.9(i).

**§ 63.11(b) of the General Provisions - Control device requirements, Flares**

(b) Flares. (1) Owners or operators using flares to comply with the provisions of this part shall monitor these control devices to assure that they are operated and maintained in conformance with their designs. Applicable subparts will provide provisions stating how owners or operators using flares shall monitor these control devices.

(2) Flares shall be steam-assisted, air-assisted, or non-assisted.

(3) Flares shall be operated at all times when emissions may be vented to them.

(4) Flares shall be designed for and operated with no visible emissions, except for periods not to exceed a total of 5 minutes during any 2 consecutive hours. Test Method 22 in appendix A of part 60 of this chapter shall be used to determine the compliance of flares with the visible emission provisions of this part. The observation period is 2 hours and shall be used according to Method 22.

(5) Flares shall be operated with a flame present at all times. The presence of a flare pilot flame shall be monitored using a thermocouple or any other equivalent device to detect the presence of a flame.

(6) An owner/operator has the choice of adhering to the heat content specifications in paragraph (b)(6)(ii) of this section, and the maximum tip velocity specifications in paragraph (b)(7) or (b)(8) of this section, or adhering to the in paragraph (b)(6)(i) of this section.

(i)(A) Flares shall be used that have a diameter of 3 inches or greater, are nonassisted, have a hydrogen content of 8.0 percent (by volume) or greater, and are designed for and operated with an exit velocity less than 37.2 m/sec (122 ft/sec) and less than the velocity

$V_{\max}$ , as determined by the following equation:

$$V_{\max} = (X_{\text{H}_2} - K_1) * K_2$$

Where:

$V_{\max}$  = Maximum permitted velocity, m/sec.

$K_1$  = Constant, 6.0 volume-percent hydrogen.

$K_2$  = Constant, 3.9(m/sec)/volume-percent hydrogen.

$X_{\text{H}_2}$  = The volume-percent of hydrogen, on a wet basis, as calculated by the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) Method D1946-77. (Incorporated by reference as specified in § 63.14).

(B) The actual exit velocity of a flare shall be determined by the method specified in paragraph (b)(7)(i) of this section.

(ii) Flares shall be used only with the net heating value of the gas being combusted at 11.2 MJ/scm (300 Btu/scf) or greater if the flare is steam-assisted or air-assisted; or with the net heating value of the gas being combusted at 7.45 M/scm (200 Btu/scf) or greater if the flares is non-assisted. The net heating value of the gas being combusted in a flare shall be calculated using the following equation:

$$H_T = K \sum_{i=1}^n C_i H_i$$

Where:

$H_T$  = Net heating value of the sample, MJ/scm; where the net enthalpy per mole of offgas is based on combustion at 25 °C and 760 mm Hg, but the standard temperature for determining the volume corresponding to one mole is 20 °C.

K = Constant =

$$1.740 \times 10^{-7} \left( \frac{1}{ppmv} \right) \left( \frac{g - mole}{scm} \right) \left( \frac{MJ}{kcal} \right)$$

where the standard temperature for (g-mole/scm) is 20 °C.

$C_i$  = Concentration of sample component  $i$  in ppmv on a wet basis, as measured for organics by Test Method 18 and measured for hydrogen and carbon monoxide by American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) D1946-77 (incorporated by reference as specified in § 63.14).

$H_i$  = Net heat of combustion of sample component  $i$ , kcal/g-mole at 25 °C and 760 mm Hg. The heats of combustion may be determined using ASTM D2382-76 (incorporated by reference as specified in § 63.14) if published values are not available or cannot be calculated.

$n$  = Number of sample components.

(7)(i) Steam-assisted and nonassisted flares shall be designed for and operated with an exit velocity less than 18.3 m/sec (60 ft/sec), except as provided in paragraphs (b)(7)(ii) and (b)(7)(iii) of this section. The actual exit velocity of a flare shall be determined by dividing by the volumetric flow rate of gas being combusted (in units of emission standard temperature and pressure), as determined by Test Method 2, 2A, 2C, or 2D in appendix A to 40 CFR part 60 of this chapter, as appropriate, by the unobstructed (free) cross-sectional area of the flare tip.

(ii) Steam-assisted and nonassisted flares designed for and operated with an exit velocity, as determined by the method specified in paragraph (b)(7)(i) of this section, equal to or greater than 18.3 m/sec (60 ft/sec) but less than 122 m/sec (400 ft/sec), are allowed if the net heating value of the gas being combusted is greater than 37.3 MJ/scm (1,000 Btu/scf).

(iii) Steam-assisted and nonassisted flares designed for and operated with an exit velocity, as determined by the method specified in paragraph (b)(7)(i) of this section, less than the velocity  $V_{max}$ , as determined by the method specified in this paragraph, but less than 122 m/sec (400 ft/sec) are allowed. The maximum permitted velocity,  $V_{max}$ , for flares complying with this paragraph shall be determined by the following equation:

$$\text{Log}_{10}(V_{max}) = (H_T + 28.8) / 31.7$$

Where:

$V_{\max}$  = Maximum permitted velocity, m/sec.

28.8 = Constant.

31.7=Constant.

$H_T$  = The net heating value as determined in paragraph (b)(6) of this section.

(8) Air-assisted flares shall be designed and operated with an exit velocity less than the velocity  $V_{\max}$ . The maximum permitted velocity,  $V_{\max}$ , for air-assisted flares shall be determined by the following equation:

$$V_{\max} = 8.71 = 0.708(H_T)$$

Where:

$V_{\max}$  = Maximum permitted velocity, m/sec.

8.71=Constant.

0.708=Constant.

$H_T$  = The net heating value as determined in paragraph (b)(6)(ii) of this section.

---

[EPA Home](#) | [OAR Home](#) | [OAQPS Home](#) | [TTN Home](#) | [UATW Home](#)

[ContactUATW Webmaster-\(919-541-5347\)](#)

**Unified Air  
Toxics Website****§ § 63.116 (a) through 63.116 (c) of National Emission Standards for Organic Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Synthetic Organic Chemical Manufacturing Industry for Process Vents, Storage Vessels, Transfer Operations, and Wastewater (Subpart G) - Process vent provisions--performance test methods and procedures to determine compliance.**

- (a) When a flare is used to comply with § 63.113(a)(1) of this subpart, the owner or operator shall comply with the flare provisions in § 63.11(b) of subpart A of this part.
- (1) The compliance determination shall be conducted using Method 22 of 40 CFR part 60, appendix A, to determine visible emissions.
- (2) An owner or operator is not required to conduct a performance test to determine percent emission reduction or outlet organic HAP or TOC concentration when a flare is used.
- (b) An owner or operator is not required to conduct a performance test when any control device specified in paragraphs (b)(1) through (b)(5) of this section is used.
- (1) A boiler or process heater with a design heat input capacity of 44 megawatts or greater.
- (2) A boiler or process heater into which the process vent stream is introduced with the primary fuel or is used as the primary fuel.
- (3) A control device for which a performance test was conducted for determining compliance with a regulation promulgated by the EPA and the test was conducted using the same methods specified in this section and either no process changes have been made since the test, or the owner or operator can demonstrate that the results of the performance test, with or without adjustments, reliably demonstrate compliance despite process changes.
- (4) A boiler or process heater burning hazardous waste for which the owner or operator:
- (i) Has been issued a final permit under 40 CFR part 270 and complies with the requirements of 40 CFR part 266, subpart H, or
- (ii) Has certified compliance with the interim status requirements of 40 CFR part 266, subpart H.
- (5) A hazardous waste incinerator for which the owner or operator has been issued a final permit under 40 CFR part 270 and complies with the requirements of 40 CFR part 264, subpart O, or has certified compliance with the interim status requirements of 40 CFR part 265, subpart O.
- (c) Except as provided in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, an owner or operator using a control device to comply with the organic HAP concentration limit or percent reduction efficiency requirements in § 63.113(a)(2) of this subpart shall conduct a performance test using the procedures in paragraphs (c)(1) through (c)(4) of this section. The organic HAP concentration and percent reduction may be measured as either total organic HAP or as TOC minus methane and ethane according to the procedures specified.

(1) Method 1 or 1A of 40 CFR part 60, appendix A, as appropriate, shall be used for selection of the sampling sites.

(i) For determination of compliance with the 98 percent reduction of total organic HAP requirement of § 63.113(a)(2) of this subpart, sampling sites shall be located at the inlet of the control device as specified in para-graphs (c)(1)(i)(A) and (c)(1)(i)(B) of this section, and at the outlet of the control device.

(A) The control device inlet sampling site shall be located after the final product recovery device.

(B) If a process vent stream is introduced with the combustion air or as a secondary fuel into a boiler or process heater with a design capacity less than 44 megawatts, selection of the location of the inlet sampling sites shall ensure the measurement of total organic HAP or TOC (minus methane and ethane) concentrations in all process vent streams and primary and secondary fuels introduced into the boiler or process heater.

(ii) For determination of compliance with the 20 parts per million by volume total organic HAP limit in § 63.113(a)(2) of this subpart, the sampling site shall be located at the outlet of the control device.

(2) The gas volumetric flow rate shall be determined using Method 2, 2A, 2C, or 2D of 40 CFR part 60, appendix A, as appropriate.

(3) To determine compliance with the 20 parts per million by volume total organic HAP limit in § 63.113(a)(2) of this subpart, the owner or operator shall use Method 18 of 40 CFR part 60, appendix A to measure either TOC minus methane and ethane or total organic HAP. Alternatively, any other method or data that has been validated according to the applicable procedures in Method 301 of appendix A of this part, may be used. The following procedures shall be used to calculate parts per million by volume concentration, correct to 3 percent oxygen:

$$E_i = K_2 \left( \sum_{j=1}^n C_{ij} M_j \right) Q$$

$$E_o = K_2 \left( \sum_{j=1}^n C_{oj} M_j \right) Q_o$$

Where:

$C_{ij}$ ,  $C_{oj}$  = Concentration of sample component  $j$  of the gas stream at the inlet and outlet of the control device, respectively, dry

basis, parts per million by volume.

$E_i$ ,  $E_o$  = Mass rate of TOC (minus methane and ethane) or total organic HAP at the inlet outlet of the control device, respectively, dry basis, kilogram per hour.

$M_{ij}$ ,  $M_{oj}$  = Molecular weight of sample component  $j$  of the gas stream at the inlet and outlet of the control device, respectively, gram/gram-mole.

$Q_i$ ,  $Q_o$  = Flow rate of gas stream at the inlet and outlet of the control device, respectively, dry standard

cubic meter per minute.

$K_2 = \text{Constant}, 2.494 \times 10^{-6} \text{ (parts per million)}^{-1} \text{ (gram-mole per standard cubic meter) (kilogram/gram)}$   
(minute/hour), where standard temperature (gram-mole per cubic meter) is 20 °C.

(B) Where the mass rate of TOC is being calculated, all organic pounds (minus methane and ethane) measured by Method 18 of 40 CFR part appendix A are summed using the in paragraph (c)(4)(ii)(A) of this section.

(C) Where the mass rate of total organic HAP is being calculated, only the organic HAP species shall be summed using the equation in paragraph (c)(4)(ii)(A) of this section. The list of HAP's is provided in table 2 of subpart F of this part.

(iii) The percent reduction in TOC (minus methane and ethane) or total organic HAP shall be calculated as follows:

$$R = \frac{E_i - E_o}{E_i} (100)$$

Where:

R = Control efficiency of control device, percent

$E_i$  = Mass rate of TOC (minus methane and ethane) or total organic HAP at the inlet to the control device as calculated under paragraph (c)(4)(ii) of this section, kilograms TOC per hour or kilograms organic HAP per hour.

$E_o$  = Mass rate of TOC (minus methane and ethane) or total organic HAP at the outlet of the control device, as calculated under paragraph (c)(4)(ii) of this section, kilograms TOC per hour or kilograms organic HAP per hour.

(iv) If the process vent stream entering a boiler or process heater with a design capacity less than 44 megawatts is introduced with the combustion air or as a secondary fuel, the weight-percent reduction of total organic HAP or TOC (minus methane and ethane) across the device shall be determined by comparing the TOC (minus methane and ethane) or total organic HAP in all combusted vent streams and primary and secondary fuels with the TOC (minus methane and ethane) or total organic HAP exiting the combustion device, respectively.

**§ § 63.120(a)(2) through 63.120(a)(3) of National Emission Standards for Organic Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Synthetic Organic Chemical Manufacturing Industry for Process Vents, Storage Vessels, Transfer Operations, and Wastewater (Subpart G) - Storage vessel provisions--procedures to determine compliance for vessels with single seal and double seal systems.**

(2) For vessels equipped with a single-seal system, the owner or operator shall perform the inspections specified in paragraphs (a)(2)(i) and (a)(2)(ii) of this section.

(i) Visually inspect the internal floating roof and the seal through man-holes and roof hatches on the fixed roof at least once every 12 months after initial fill, or at least once every 12 months after the compliance date specified in § 63.100 of subpart F of this part.

- (ii) Visually inspect the internal floating roof, the seal, gaskets, slotted membranes, and sleeve seals (if any) each time the storage vessel is emptied and degassed, and at least once every 10 years after the compliance date specified in § 63.100 of subpart F of this part.
- (3) For vessels equipped with a double-seal system as specified in § 63.119(b)(3)(iii) of this subpart, the owner or operator shall perform either the inspection required in paragraph (a)(3)(i) of this section or the inspections required in both paragraphs (a)(3)(ii) and (a)(3)(iii) of this section.
- (i) The owner or operator shall visually inspect the internal floating roof, the primary seal, the secondary seal, gaskets, slotted membranes, and sleeve seals (if any) each time the storage vessel is emptied and degassed and at least once every 5 years after the compliance date specified in § 63.100 of subpart F of this part; or
- (ii) The owner or operator shall visually inspect the internal floating roof and the secondary seal through man-holes and roof hatches on the fixed roof at least once every 12 months after initial fill, or at least once every 12 months after the compliance date specified in § 63.100 of subpart F of this part, and
- (iii) Visually inspect the internal floating roof, the primary seal, the secondary seal, gaskets, slotted membranes, and sleeve seals (if any) each time the vessel is emptied and degassed and at least once every 10 years after the compliance date specified in § 63.100 of subpart F of this part.
- (i) For an external floating roof vessel equipped with primary and secondary seals, measurements of gaps between the vessel wall and the primary seal shall be performed during the hydrostatic testing of the vessel or by the compliance date specified in § 63.100 of subpart F of this part, whichever occurs last, and at least once every 5 years thereafter.
- (ii) For an external floating roof vessel equipped with a liquid-mounted or metallic shoe primary seal and without a secondary seal as provided for in § 63.119(c)(1)(iv) of this subpart, measurements of gaps between the vessel wall and the primary seal shall be performed by the compliance date specified in § 63.100 of subpart F of this part and at least once per year thereafter, until a secondary seal is installed. When a secondary seal is installed above the primary seal, measurements of gaps between the vessel wall and both the primary and secondary seals shall be performed within 90 calendar days of installation of the secondary seal, and according to the frequency specified in paragraphs (b)(1)(i) and (b)(1)(iii) of this section thereafter.
- (iii) For an external floating roof vessel equipped with primary and secondary seals, measurements of gaps between the vessel wall and the secondary seal shall be performed by the compliance date specified in § 63.100 of subpart F of this part and at least once per year thereafter.
- (10) The owner or operator shall visually inspect the external floating roof, the primary seal, secondary seal, and fittings each time the vessel is emptied and degassed.
- (i) If the external floating roof has defects; the primary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or the seal fabric; or the secondary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or the seal fabric; or the gaskets no longer close off the liquid surface from the atmosphere; or the slotted membrane has more than 10 per-cent open area, the owner or operator shall repair the items as necessary so that none of the conditions specified in this paragraph exist before filling or refilling the storage vessel with organic HAP.
- (ii) Except as provided in paragraph (b)(10)(iii) of this section, for all the inspections required by paragraph (b)(10) of this section, the owner or operator shall notify the Administrator in writing at least 30

calendar days prior to filling or refilling of each storage vessel with organic HAP to afford the Administrator the opportunity to inspect the storage vessel prior to refilling.

(iii) If the inspection required by paragraph (b)(10) of this section is not planned and the owner or operator could not have known about the inspection 30 calendar days in advance of refilling the vessel with organic HAP, the owner or operator shall notify the Administrator at least 7 calendar days prior to refilling of the storage vessel. Notification may be made by telephone and immediately followed by written documentation demonstrating why the inspection was unplanned. Alternatively, this notification including the written documentation may be made in writing and sent so that it is received by the Administrator at least 7 calendar days prior to the refilling.

(1) The owner or operator shall either prepare a design evaluation, which includes the information specified in paragraph (d)(1)(i) of this section, or submit the results of a performance test as described in paragraph (d)(1)(ii) of this section.

(i) The design evaluation shall include documentation demonstrating that the control device being used achieves the required control efficiency during reasonably expected maximum filling rate. This documentation is to include a description of the gas stream which enters the control device, including flow and organic HAP content under varying liquid level conditions, and the information specified in paragraphs (d)(1)(i)(A) through (d)(1)(i)(E) of this section, as applicable.

(A) If the control device receives vapors, gases or liquids, other than fuels, from emission points other than storage vessels subject to this subpart, the efficiency demonstration is to include consideration of all vapors, gases, and liquids, other than fuels, received by the control device.

(B) If an enclosed combustion device with a minimum residence time of 0.5 seconds and a minimum temperature of 760 C is used to meet the emission reduction requirement specified in § 63.119 (e)(1) or (e)(2), as applicable, documentation that those conditions exist is sufficient to meet the requirements of paragraph (d)(1)(i) of this section.

(C) Except as provided in paragraph (d)(1)(i)(B) of this section, for thermal incinerators, the design evaluation shall include the autoignition temperature of the organic HAP, the flow rate of the organic HAP emission stream, the combustion temperature, and the residence time at the combustion temperature.

(D) For carbon adsorbers, the design evaluation shall include the affinity of the organic HAP vapors for carbon, the amount of carbon in each bed, the number of beds, the humidity of the feed gases, the temperature of the feed gases, the flow rate of the organic HAP emission stream, the desorption schedule, the regeneration stream pressure or temperature, and the flow rate of the regeneration stream. For vacuum desorption, pressure drop shall be included. (E) For condensers, the design evaluation shall include the final temperature of the organic HAP vapors, the type of condenser, and the design flow rate of the organic HAP emission stream.

(ii) If the control device used to comply with § 63.119(e) of this subpart is also used to comply with § 63.113(a)(2), § 63.126(b)(1), or § 63.139(c) of this subpart, the performance test required by § 63.116(c), § 63.128(a), or § 63.139(d)(1) of this subpart is acceptable to demonstrate compliance with § 63.119(e) of this subpart. The owner or operator is not required to prepare a design evaluation for the control device as described in paragraph (d)(1)(i) of this section, if the performance tests meets the criteria specified in paragraphs (d)(1)(ii)(A) and (d)(1)(ii)(B) of this section.

(A) The performance test demonstrates that the control device achieves greater than or equal to the required control efficiency specified in § 63.119 (e)(1) or (e)(2) of this subpart, as applicable; and

(B) The performance test is submitted as part of the Notification of Compliance Status required by § 63.151(b) of this subpart.

(2) The owner or operator shall submit, as part of the Notification of Compliance Status required by § 63.151 (b) of this subpart, a monitoring plan containing the information specified in paragraph (d)(2)(i) of this section and in either (d)(2)(ii) or (d)(2)(iii) of this section.

(i) A description of the parameter or parameters to be monitored to ensure that the control device is being properly operated and maintained, an explanation of the criteria used for selection of that parameter (or parameters), and the frequency with which monitoring will be performed (e.g., when the liquid level in the storage vessel is being raised); and either

(ii) The documentation specified in paragraph (d)(1)(i) of this section, if the owner or operator elects to prepare a design evaluation; or

(iii) The information specified in paragraph (d)(2)(iii) (A) and (B) of this section if the owner or operator elects to submit the results of a performance test.

(A) Identification of the storage vessel and control device for which the performance test will be submitted, and

(B) Identification of the emission point(s) that share the control device with the storage vessel and for which the performance test will be conducted.

(5) Except as provided in paragraph (e)(6) of this section, each closed vent system shall be inspected as specified in § 63.148 of this subpart. The inspections required to be performed in accordance with § 63.148(c) of this subpart shall be done during filling of the storage vessel.

**§63.120(b)(9) of National Emission Standards for Organic Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Synthetic Organic Chemical Manufacturing Industry for Process Vents, Storage Vessels, Transfer Operations, and Wastewater (Subpart G) - Storage vessel provisions-- notification of seal gap measurements.**

(9) The owner or operator shall notify the Administrator in writing 30 calendar days in advance of any gap measurements required by paragraph (b)(1) or (b)(2) of this section to afford the Administrator the opportunity to have an observer present.

**§ § 63.123(a) through (d) and (f) through (h) of National Emission Standards for Organic Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Synthetic Organic Chemical Manufacturing Industry for Process Vents, Storage Vessels, Transfer Operations, and Wastewater (Subpart G) - Storage vessel provisions--recordkeeping.**

(a) Each owner or operator of a Group 1 or Group 2 storage vessel shall keep readily accessible records showing the dimensions of the storage vessel and an analysis showing the capacity of the storage vessel. This record shall be kept as long as the storage vessel retains Group 1 or Group 2 status and is in operation. For each Group 2 storage vessel, the owner or operator is not required to comply with any other provisions of §§ 63.119 through 63.123 of this subpart other than those required by this paragraph unless such vessel is part of an emissions average as de-scribed in § 63.150 of this subpart.

- (c) An owner or operator who elects to comply with § 63.119(b) of this sub-part shall keep a record that each inspection required by § 63.120(a) of this subpart was performed.
- (d) An owner or operator who elects to comply with Sec. 63.119(c) of this subpart shall keep records describing the results of each seal gap measurement made in accordance with Sec. 63.120(b) of this subpart. The records shall include the date of the measurement, the raw data obtained in the measurement, and the calculations described in Sec. 63.120(b) (3) and (4) of this subpart.
- (f) An owner or operator who elects to comply with § 63.119(e) of this subpart shall keep in a readily accessible location the records specified in paragraphs (f)(1) and (f)(2) of this section.
- (1) A record of the measured values of the parameters monitored in accordance with § 63.120(d)(5) of this subpart.
- (2) A record of the planned routine maintenance performed on the control device including the duration of each time the control device does not meet the specifications of § 63.119 (e)(1) or (e)(2) of this subpart, as applicable, due to the planned routine maintenance. Such a record shall include the information specified in paragraphs (f)(2)(i) and (f)(2)(ii) of this section.
- (i) The first time of day and date the requirements of § 63.119 (e)(1) or (e)(2) of this subpart, as applicable, were not met at the beginning of the planned routine maintenance, and
- (ii) The first time of day and date the requirements of § 63.119 (e)(1) or (e)(2) of this subpart, as applicable, were met at the conclusion of the planned routine maintenance.
- (g) An owner or operator who elects to utilize an extension in emptying a storage vessel in accordance with § 63.120 (a)(4), (b)(7)(ii), or (b)(8) of this subpart shall keep in a readily accessible location, the documentation specified in § 63.120 (a)(4), (b)(7)(ii), or (b)(8), as applicable.
- (h) An owner or operator who uses the by-pass provisions of § 63.119(f)(3) of this subpart shall keep in a readily accessible location the records specified in paragraphs (h)(1) through (h)(3) of this section.
- (1) The reason it was necessary to by-pass the process equipment or fuel gas system;
- (2) The duration of the period when the process equipment or fuel gas system was by-passed;
- (3) Documentation or certification of compliance with the applicable provisions of §63.119(f)(3)(i) through § 63.119(f)(3)(iii).

**§ 63.148(c) of National Emission Standards for Organic Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Synthetic Organic Chemical Manufacturing Industry for Process Vents, Storage Vessels, Transfer Operations, and Wastewater (Subpart G) - Leak inspection provisions for vapor collection and closed vent systems .**

- (c) Each vapor collection system and closed vent system shall be inspected according to the procedures specified in paragraphs (c)(1) through (c)(5) of this section.
- (1) Inspections shall be conducted in accordance with Method 21 of 40 CFR part 60, appendix A.
- (2)(i) Except as provided in paragraph (c)(2)(ii) of this section, the detection instrument shall meet the performance criteria of Method 21 of 40 CFR part 60, appendix A, except the instrument response factor

criteria in section 3.1.2(a) of Method 21 shall be for the average composition of the process fluid not each individual volatile organic compound in the stream. For process streams that contain nitrogen, air, or other inerts which are not organic hazardous air pollutants or volatile organic compounds, the average stream response factor shall be calculated on an inert-free basis.

(ii) If no instrument is available at the plant site that will meet the performance criteria specified in paragraph (c)(2)(i) of this section, the instrument readings may be adjusted by multiplying by the average response factor of the process fluid, calculated on an inert-free basis as described in paragraph (c)(2)(i) of this section.

(3) The detection instrument shall be calibrated before use on each day of its use by the procedures specified in Method 21 of 40 CFR part 60, appendix A.

(4) Calibration gases shall be as follows:

(i) Zero air (less than 10 parts per million hydrocarbon in air); and

(ii) Mixtures of methane in air at a concentration less than 10,000 parts per million. A calibration gas other than methane in air may be used if the instrument does not respond to methane

or if the instrument does not meet the performance criteria specified in paragraph (c)(2)(i) of this section. In such cases, the calibration gas may be a mixture of one or more of the compounds to be measured in air.

(5) An owner or operator may elect to adjust or not adjust instrument readings for background. If an owner or operator elects to not adjust readings for background, all such instrument readings shall be compared directly to the applicable leak definition to determine whether there is a leak. If an owner or operator elects to adjust instrument readings for background, the owner or operator shall measure background concentration using the procedures in §§ 63.180(b) and (c) of subpart H of this part. The owner or operator shall subtract background reading from the maximum concentration indicated by the instrument.

(6) The arithmetic difference between the maximum concentration indicated by the instrument and the background level shall be compared with 500 parts per million for determining compliance.

---

[EPA Home](#) | [OAR Home](#) | [OAQPS Home](#) | [TTN Home](#) | [UATW Home](#)

[ContactUATW Webmaster-\(919-541-5347\)](#)



# Unified Air Toxics Website

## § 60.482-2 Standards of Performance for Equipment Leaks of VOC in the Synthetic Organic Chemicals Manufacturing Industry (NSPS Subpart VV) - Standards: Pumps in light liquid service.

- (a)(1) Each pump in light liquid service shall be monitored monthly to detect leaks by the methods specified in § 60.485(b), except as provided in § 60.482-1(c) and paragraphs (d), (e), and (f) of this section.
- (2) Each pump in light liquid service shall be checked by visual inspection each calendar week for indications of liquids dripping from the pump seal.
- (b)(1) If an instrument reading of 10,000 ppm or greater is measured, a leak is detected.
- (2) If there are indications of liquids dripping from the pump seal, a leak is detected.
- (c)(1) When a leak is detected, it shall be repaired as soon as practicable, but not later than 15 calendar days after it is detected, except as provided in § 60.482-9.
- (2) A first attempt at repair shall be made no later than 5 calendar days after each leak is detected.
- (d) Each pump equipped with a dual mechanical seal system that includes a barrier fluid system is exempt from the requirements of paragraph (a), Provided the following requirements are met:
- (1) Each dual mechanical seal system is--
- (i) Operated with the barrier fluid at a pressure that is at all times greater than the pump stuffing box pressure; or
- (ii) Equipment with a barrier fluid degassing reservoir that is connected by a closed vent system to a control device that complies with the requirements of § 60.482-10; or
- (iii) Equipped with a system that purges the barrier fluid into a process stream with zero VOC emissions to the atmosphere.
- (2) The barrier fluid system is in heavy liquid service or is not in VOC service.
- (3) Each barrier fluid system is equipped with a sensor that will detect failure of the seal system, the barrier fluid system, or both.
- (4) Each pump is checked by visual inspection, each calendar week, for indications of liquids dripping from the pump seals.
- (5)(i) Each sensor as described in paragraph (d)(3) is checked daily or is equipped with an audible alarm, and
- (ii) The owner or operator determines, based on design considerations and operating experience, a criterion that indicates failure of the seal system, the barrier fluid system, or both.

- (6)(i) If there are indications of liquids dripping from the pump seal or the sensor indicates failure of the seal system, the barrier fluid system, or both based on the criterion determined in paragraph (d)(5)(ii), a leak is detected.
- (ii) When a leak is detected, it shall be repaired as soon as practicable, but not later than 15 calendar days after it is detected, except as provided in § 60.482-9.
- (iii) A first attempt at repair shall be made no later than 5 calendar days after each leak is detected.
- (e) Any pump that is designated, as described in § 60.486(e)(1) and (2), for no detectable emission, as indicated by an instrument reading of less than 500ppm above background, is exempt from the requirements of paragraphs (a), (c), and (d) if the pump:
- (1) Has no externally actuated shaft penetrating the pump housing,
  - (2) Is demonstrated to be operating with no detectable emissions as indicated by an instrument reading of less than 500 ppm above background as measured by the methods specified in § 60.485(c), and
  - (3) Is tested for compliance with paragraph (e)(2) initially upon designation, annually, and at other times requested by the Administrator.
- (f) If any pump is equipped with a closed vent system capable of capturing and transporting any leakage from the seal or seals to a control device that complies with the requirements of § 60.482-10, it is exempt from the paragraphs (a) through (e).

**§ 60.482-4 Standards of Performance for Equipment Leaks of VOC in the Synthetic Organic Chemicals Manufacturing Industry (NSPS Subpart VV) - Standards: Pressure relief devices in gas/vapor service.**

- (a) Except during pressure releases, each pressure relief device in gas/vapor service shall be operated with no detectable emissions, as indicated by an instrument reading of less than 500ppm above background, as determined by the methods specified in § 60.485(c).
- (b)(1) After each pressure release, the pressure relief device shall be returned to a condition of no detectable emissions, as indicated by an instrument reading of less than 500 ppm above background, as soon as practicable, but no later than 5 calendar days after the pressure release, except as provided in § 60.482-9.
- (2) No later than 5 calendar days after the pressure release, the pressure relief device shall be monitored to confirm the conditions of no detectable emissions, as indicated by an instrument reading of less than 500 ppm above background, by the methods specified in § 60.485(c).
- (c) Any pressure relief device that is equipped with a closed vent system capable of capturing and transporting leakage through the pressure relief device to a control device as described in § 60.482-10 is exempted from the requirements of paragraphs (a) and (b).

**§ 60.482-7 Standards of Performance for Equipment Leaks of VOC in the Synthetic Organic Chemicals Manufacturing Industry (NSPS Subpart VV) - Standards: Valves in gas/vapor service and in light liquid service.**

- (a) Each valve shall be monitored monthly to detect leaks by the methods specified in § 60.485(b) and

shall comply with paragraphs (b) through (e), except as provided in paragraphs (f), (g), and (h), § 60.483-1, 2, and § 60.482-1(c).

(b) If an instrument reading of 10,000 ppm or greater is measured, a leak is detected.

(c)(1) Any valve for which a leak is not detected for 2 successive months may be monitored the first month of every quarter, beginning with the next quarter, until a leak is detected.

(2) If a leak is detected, the valve shall be monitored monthly until a leak is not detected for 2 successive months.

(d)(1) When a leak is detected, it shall be repaired as soon as practicable, but no later than 15 calendar days after the leak is detected, except as provided in § 60.482-9.

(2) A first attempt at repair shall be made no later than 5 calendar days after each leak is detected.

(e) First attempts at repair include, but are not limited to, the following best practices where practicable:

(1) Tightening of bonnet bolts;

(2) Replacement of bonnet bolts;

(3) Tightening of packing gland nuts;

(4) Injection of lubricant into lubricated packing.

(f) Any valve that is designated, as described in § 60.486(e)(2), for no detectable emissions, as indicated by an instrument reading of less than 500 ppm above background, is exempt from the requirements of paragraph (a) if the valve:

(1) Has no external actuating mechanism in contact with the process fluid,

(2) Is operated with emissions less than 500 ppm above background as determined by the method specified in § 60.485(c), and

(3) Is tested for compliance with paragraph (f)(2) initially upon designation, annually, and at other times requested by the Administrator.

(g) Any valve that is designated, as described in § 60.486(f)(1), as an unsafe-to-monitor valve is exempt from the requirements of paragraph (a) if:

(1) The owner or operator of the valve demonstrates that the valve is unsafe to monitor because monitoring personnel would be exposed to an immediate danger as a consequence of complying with paragraph (a), and

(2) The owner or operator of the valve adheres to a written plan that requires monitoring of the valve as frequently as practicable during safe-to-monitor times.

(h) Any valve that is designated, as described in § 60.486(f)(2), as a difficult-to-monitor valve is exempt from the requirements of paragraph (a) if:

(1) The owner or operator of the valve demonstrates that the valve cannot be monitored without elevating the monitoring personnel more than 2 meters above a support surface.

(2) The process unit within which the valve is located either becomes an affected facility through § 60.14 or § 60.15 or the owner or operator designates less than 3.0 percent of the total number of valves as difficult-to-monitor, and

(3) The owner or operator of the valve follows a written plan that requires monitoring of the valve at least once per calendar year.

[49 FR 49335. Oct. 18, 1983, as amended at 49 FR 22608, May 30, 1984]

**§ 60.482-8 Standards of Performance for Equipment Leaks of VOC in the Synthetic Organic Chemicals Manufacturing Industry (NSPS Subpart VV) - Standards: Pumps and valves in heavy liquid service, pressure relief devices in light liquid or heavy liquid service, and flanges and other connectors.**

(a) Pumps and valves in heavy liquid service, pressure relief devices in light liquid or heavy liquid service, and flanges and other connectors shall be monitored within 5 days by the method specified in § 60.485(b) if evidence of a potential leak is found by visual, audible, olfactory, or any other detection method.

(b) If an instrument reading of 10,000 ppm or greater is measured, a leak is detected.

(c)(1) When a leak is detected, it shall be repaired as soon as practicable, but not later than 15 calendar days after it is detected, except as provided in § 60.482-9.

(2) The first attempt at repair shall be made no later than 5 calendar days after each leak is detected.

(d) First attempts at repair include, but are not limited to, the best practices described under § 60.482-7(e).

**§ 60.482-10 Standards of Performance for Equipment Leaks of VOC in the Synthetic Organic Chemicals Manufacturing Industry (NSPS Subpart VV) - Standards: Closed vent systems and control devices.**

(a) Owners or operators of closed vent systems and control devices used to comply with provisions of this subpart shall comply with the provisions of this section.

(b) Vapor recovery systems (for example, condensers and adsorbers) shall be designed and operated to recover the VOC emissions vented to them with an efficiency of 95 percent or greater.

(c) Enclosed combustion devices shall be designed and operated to reduce the VOC emissions vented to them with an efficiency of 95 percent or greater, or to provide a minimum residence time of 0.75 seconds at a minimum temperature of 816 °C.

(d) Flares used to comply with this subpart shall comply with the requirements of § 60.18.

(e) Owners or operators of control devices used to comply with the provisions of this subpart shall monitor these control devices to ensure that they are operated and maintained in conformance with their designs.

(f) Except as provided in paragraphs(i) through (k) of this section, each closed vent system shall be inspected according to the procedures and schedule specified in paragraphs (f)(1) and (f)(2) of this section.

(1) If the vapor collection system or closed vent system is constructed of hard-piping, the owner or operator shall comply with the requirements specified in paragraphs (f)(1)(i) and (f)(1)(ii) of this section:

- (i) Conduct an initial inspection according to the procedures in § 60.485(b); and
  - (ii) Conduct annual visual inspections for visible, audible, or olfactory indications of leaks.
- (2) If the vapor collection system or closed vent system is constructed of ductwork, the owner or operator shall:
- (i) Conduct an initial inspection according to the procedures in § 60.485(b); and
  - (ii) Conduct annual inspections according to the procedures in § 60.485(b).
- (g) Leaks, as indicated by an instrument reading greater than 500 parts per million by volume above background or by visual inspections, shall be repaired as soon as practicable except as provided in paragraph (h) of this section.
- (1) A first attempt at repair shall be made no later than 5 calendar days after the leak is detected.
- (2) Repair shall be completed no later than 15 calendar days after the leak is detected.
- (h) Delay of repair of a closed vent system for which leaks have been detected is allowed if the repair is technically infeasible without a process unit shutdown or if the owner or operator determines that emissions resulting from immediate repair would be greater than the fugitive emissions likely to result from delay of repair. Repair of such equipment shall be complete by the end of the next process unit shutdown.
- (i) If a vapor collection system or closed vent system is operated under a vacuum, it is exempt from the inspection requirements of paragraphs (f)(1)(i) and (f)(2) of this section.
- (j) Any parts of the closed vent system that are designated, as described in paragraph (l)(1) of this section, as unsafe to inspect are exempt from the inspection requirements of paragraphs (f)(1)(i) and (f)(2) of this section if they comply with the requirements specified in paragraphs (j)(1) and (j)(2) of this section:
- (1) The owner or operator determines that the equipment is unsafe to inspect because inspecting personnel would be exposed to an imminent or potential danger as a consequence of complying with paragraphs (f)(1)(i) or (f)(2) of this section; and
  - (2) The owner or operator has a written plan that requires inspection of the equipment as frequently as practicable during safe-to-inspect times.
- (k) Any parts of the closed vent system that are designated, as described in paragraph (l)(2) of this section, as difficult to inspect are exempt from the inspection requirements of paragraphs (f)(1)(i) and (f)(2) of this section if they comply with the requirements specified in paragraphs (k)(1) through (k)(3) of this section:
- (1) The owner or operator determines that the equipment cannot be inspected without elevating the inspecting personnel more than 2 meters above a support surface; and
  - (2) The process unit within which the closed vent system is located becomes an affected facility through §§ 60.14 or 60.15, or the owner or operator designates less than 3.0 percent of the total number of closed vent system equipment as difficult to inspect; and
  - (3) The owner or operator has a written plan that requires inspection of the equipment at least once every 5 years. A closed vent system is exempt from inspection if it is operated under a vacuum.

(1) The owner or operator shall record the information specified in paragraphs (1)(1) through (1)(5) of this section.

(1) Identification of all parts of the closed vent system that are designated as unsafe to inspect, an explanation of why the equipment is unsafe to inspect, and the plan for inspecting the equipment.

(2) Identification of all parts of the closed vent system that are designated as difficult to inspect, an explanation of why the equipment is difficult to inspect, and the plan for inspecting the equipment.

(3) For each inspection during which a leak is detected, a record of the information specified in § 60.486(c).

(4) For each inspection conducted in accordance with § 60.485(b) during which no leaks are detected, a record that the inspection was performed, the date of the inspection, and a statement that no leaks were detected.

(5) For each visual inspection conducted in accordance with paragraph (f)(1)(ii) of this section during which no leaks are detected, a record that the inspection was performed, the date of the inspection, and a statement that no leaks were detected.

(m) Closed vent systems and control devices used to comply with provisions of this subpart shall be operated at all times when emissions may be vented to them.

[48 FR 48335, Oct. 18, 1983, as amended at 51 FR 2702, Jan. 21, 1986; 60 FR 43258, Aug. 18, 1995; 61 FR 29878, June 12, 1996]

### **§ 60.485 Standards of Performance for Equipment Leaks of VOC in the Synthetic Organic Chemicals Manufacturing Industry (NSPS Subpart VV) - Test methods and procedures.**

(a) In conducting the performance tests required in § 60.8, the owner or operator shall use as reference methods and procedures the test methods in appendix A of this part or other methods and procedures as specified in this section, except as provided in § 60.8(b).

(b) The owner or operator shall determine compliance with the standards in §§ 60.482, 60.483, and 60.484 as follows:

(1) Method 21 shall be used to determine the presence of leaking sources. The instrument shall be calibrated before use each day of its use by the procedures specified in Method 21. The following calibration gases shall be used:

(i) Zero air (less than 10 ppm of hydrocarbon in air); and

(ii) A mixture of methane or n-hexane and air at a concentration of about, but less than, 10,000 ppm methane or n-hexane.

(c) The owner or operator shall determine compliance with the no detectable emission standards in §§ 60.482-2(e), 60.482-3(i), 60.482-4, 60.482-7(f), and 60.482-10(e) as follows:

(1) The requirements of paragraph (b) shall apply.

(2) Method 21 shall be used to determine the background level. All potential leak interfaces shall be traversed as close to the interface as possible. The arithmetic difference between the maximum

concentration indicates by the instrument and the background level is compared with 500 ppm for determining compliance.

(d) The owner or operator shall test each piece of equipment unless he demonstrates that a process unit is not in VOC series, i.e., that the VOC content would never be reasonably expected to exceed 10 percent by weight. For purposes of this demonstration, the following methods and procedures shall be used:

(1) Procedures that conform to the general methods in ASTM E-260, E-168, E-169 (incorporated by reference--see § 60.17) shall be used to determine the percent VOC content in the process fluid that is contained in or contacts a piece of equipment.

(2) Organic compounds that are considered by the Administrator to have negligible photochemical reactivity may be excluded from the total quantity of organic compounds in determining the VOC content of the process fluid.

(3) Engineering judgment may be used to estimate the VOC content, if a piece of equipment had not been shown previously to be in service. If the Administrator disagrees with the judgment, paragraphs (d) (1) and (2) of this section shall be used to resolve the disagreement.

(e) The owner or operator shall demonstrate that an equipment is in light liquid service by showing that all the following conditions apply:

(1) The vapor pressure of one or more of the components is greater than 0.3 kPa at 20 °C. Standard reference texts or ASTM D-2879 (incorporated by reference--see § 60.17) shall be used to determine the vapor pressures.

(2) The total concentration of the pure components having a vapor pressure greater than 0.3 kPa at 20 °C is equal to or greater than 20 percent by weight.

(3) The fluid is a liquid at operating conditions.

(f) Samples used in conjunction with paragraphs (d), (e), and (g) shall be representative of the process fluid that is contained in or contacts the equipment or the gas being combusted in the flare.

(g) The owner or operator shall determine compliance with the standards of flares as follows:

(1) Method 22 shall be used to determine visible emissions.

(2) A thermocouple or any other equivalent device shall be used to monitor the presence of a pilot flame in the flare.

(3) The maximum permitted velocity ( $V_{\max}$ ) for air assisted flares shall be computed using the following equation:  $V_{\max} = 8.706 + 0.7084 H_T$

where:

$V_{\max}$  = maximum permitted velocity, m/sec.

$H_T$  = net heating value of the gas being combusted, MJ/scm.

(4) The net heating value ( $H_T$ ) of the gas being combusted in a flare shall be computed as follows:

$$H_T \approx K \sum_{i=1}^n C_i H_i$$

K = conversion constant,  $1.740 \times 10^7$  [(gmole)(MJ)] / [(ppm)(scm)(kcal).

$C_i$  = concentration of sample component "i", ppm.

$H_i$  = net heat of combustion of sample component "i" at 25 °C and 760 mm Hg, kcal/gmole.

(5) Method 18 and ASTM D 2504-67 (incorporated by reference--see § 60.17) shall be used to determine the concentration of sample component "i."

(6) ASTM D 2382-76 (incorporated by reference--see § 60.17) shall be used to determine the net heat of combustion of component "i" if published values are not available or cannot be calculated.

(7) Method 2, 2A, 2C, or 2D, as appropriate, shall be used to determine the actual exit velocity of a flare. If needed, the unobstructed (free) cross-sectional area of the flare tip shall be used.

[54 FR 6678, Feb. 14, 1989, as amended at 54 FR 27016, June 27, 1989]

**§ 60.486 Standards of Performance for Equipment Leaks of VOC in the Synthetic Organic Chemicals Manufacturing Industry (NSPS Subpart VV) - Recordkeeping requirements.**

(a)(1) Each owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart shall comply with the recordkeeping requirements of this section.

(2) An owner or operator of more than one affected facility subject to the provisions of this subpart may comply with the recordkeeping requirements for these facilities in one recordkeeping system if the system identifies each record by each facility.

(b) When each leak is detected as specified in §§ 60.482-2, 60.482-3, 60.482-7, 60.482-8, and 60.483-2, the following requirements apply:

(1) A weatherproof and readily visible identification, marked with the equipment identification number, shall be attached to the leaking equipment.

(2) The identification on a valve may be removed after it has been monitored for 2 successive months as specified in § 60.482-7(c) and no leak has been detected during those 2 months.

(3) The identification on equipment except on a valve, may be removed after it has been repaired.

(c) When each leak is detected as specified in §§ 60.482-2, 60.482-3, 60.482-7, 60.482-8, and 60.483-2, the following information shall be recorded in a log and shall be kept for 2 years in a readily accessible location:

(1) The instrument and operator identification numbers and the equipment identification number.

(2) The date the leak was detected and the dates of each attempt to repair the leak.

(3) Repair methods applied in each attempt to repair the leak.

(4) "Above 10,000" if the maximum instrument reading measured by the methods specified in § 60.485(a)

after each repair attempt is equal to or greater than 10,000 ppm.

(5) "Repair delayed" and the reason for the delay if a leak is not repaired within 15 calendar days after discovery of the leak.

(6) The signature of the owner or operator (or designate) whose decision it was that repair could not be effected without a process shutdown.

(7) The expected date of successful repair of the leak if a leak is not repaired within 15 days.

(8) Dates of process unit shutdown that occur while the equipment is unrepaired.

(9) The date of successful repair of the leak.

(d) The following information pertaining to the design requirements for closed vent systems and control devices described in § 60.482-10 shall be recorded and kept in a readily accessible location:

(1) Detailed schematics, design specifications, and piping and instrumentation diagrams.

(2) The dates and descriptions of any changes in the design specifications.

(3) A description of the parameter or parameters monitored, as required in § 60.482-10(e), to ensure that control devices are operated and maintained in conformance with their design and an explanation of why that parameter (or parameters) was selected for the monitoring.

(4) Periods when the closed vent systems and control devices required in §§ 60.482-2, 60.482-3, 60.482-4, and 60.482-5 are not operated as designed, including periods when a flare pilot light does not have a flame.

(5) Dates of startups and shutdowns of the closed vent systems and control devices required in §§ 60.482-2, 60.482-3, 60.482-4, and 60.482-5.

(e) The following information pertaining to all equipment subject to the requirements in §§ 60.482-1 to 60.482-10 shall be recorded in a log that is kept in a readily accessible location:

(1) A list of identification numbers for equipment subject to the requirements of this subpart.

(2)(i) A list of identification numbers for equipment that are designated for no detectable emissions under the provisions of §§ 60.482-2(e), 60.482-3(i) and 60.482-7(f).

(ii) The designation of equipment as subject to the requirements of § 60.482-2(e), § 60.482-3(i), or § 60.482-7(f) shall be signed by the owner or operator.

(3) A list of equipment identification numbers for pressure relief devices required to comply with § 60.482-4.

(4)(i) The dates of each compliance test as required in §§ 60.482-2(e), 60.482-3(i), 60.482-4, and 60.482-7(f).

(ii) The background level measured during each compliance test.

(iii) The maximum instrument reading measured at the equipment during each compliance test.

(5) A list of identification numbers for equipment in vacuum service.

(f) The following information pertaining to all valves subject to the requirements of § 60.482-7(g) and (h) shall be recorded in a log that is kept in a readily accessible location:

- (1) A list of identification numbers for valves that are designated as unsafe to monitor, an explanation for each valve stating why the valve is unsafe to monitor, and the plan for monitoring each valve.
- (2) A list of identification numbers for valves that are designated as difficult to monitor, an explanation for each valve stating why the valve is difficult to monitor, and the schedule for monitoring each valve.

(g) The following information shall be recorded for valves complying with § 60.483-2:

- (1) A schedule of monitoring.
- (2) The percent of valves found leaking during each monitoring period.

(h) The following information shall be recorded in a log that is kept in a readily accessible location:

- (1) Design criterion required in §§ 60.482-2(d)(5) and 60.482-3(e)(2) and explanation of the design criterion; and
- (2) Any changes to this criterion and the reasons for the changes.

(i) The following information shall be recorded in a log that is kept in a readily accessible location for use in determining exemptions as provided in § 60.480(d):

- (1) An analysis demonstrating the design capacity of the affected facility,
- (2) A statement listing the feed or raw materials and products from the affected facilities and an analysis demonstrating whether these chemicals are heavy liquids or beverage alcohol, and
- (3) An analysis demonstrating that equipment is not in VOC service.

(j) Information and data used to demonstrate that a piece of equipment is not in VOC service shall be recorded in a log that is kept in a readily accessible location.

(k) The provisions of § 60.7 (b) and (d) do not apply to affected facilities subject to this subpart.

### **§ 60.487 Standards of Performance for Equipment Leaks of VOC in the Synthetic Organic Chemicals Manufacturing Industry (NSPS Subpart VV) - Reporting requirements.**

(a) Each owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart shall submit semiannual reports to the Administrator beginning six months after the initial startup date.

(b) The initial semiannual report to the Administrator shall include the following information:

(c)(1) Process unit identification.

(2) Number of valves subject to the requirements of § 60.482-7, excluding those valves designated for no detectable emissions under the provisions of § 60.482-7(f).

(3) Number of pumps subject to the requirements of § 60.482-2, excluding those pumps designated for no detectable emissions under the provisions of § 60.482-2(e) and those pumps complying with § 60.482-2(f).

(4) Number of compressors subject to the requirements of § 60.482-3, excluding those compressors designated for no detectable emissions under the provisions of § 60.482-3(i) and those compressors complying with § 60.482-3(h).

(c) All semiannual reports to the Administrator shall include the following information, summarized from the information in § 60.486:

(1) Process unit identification.

(2) For each month during the semiannual reporting period,

(i) Number of valves for which leaks were detected as described in § 60.482(7)(b) or § 60.483-2,

(ii) Number of valves for which leaks were not repaired as required in § 60.482-7(d)(1),

(iii) Number of pumps for which leaks were detected as described in § 60.482-2(b) and (d)(6)(i),

(iv) Number of pumps for which leaks were not repaired as required in § 60.482-2(c)(1) and (d)(6)(ii),

(v) Number of compressors for which leaks were detected as described in § 60.482-3(f),

(vi) Number of compressors for which leaks were not repaired as required in § 60.482-3(g)(1), and

(vii) The facts that explain each delay of repair and, where appropriate, why a process unit shutdown was technically infeasible.

(3) Dates of process unit shutdowns which occurred within the semiannual reporting period.

(4) Revisions to items reported according to paragraph (b) if changes have occurred since the initial report or subsequent revisions to the initial report.

(d) An owner or operator electing to comply with the provisions of §§ 60.483-1 and 60.483-2 shall notify the Administrator of the alternative standard selected 90 days before implementing either of the provisions.

(e) An owner or operator shall report the results of all performance tests in accordance with § 60.8 of the General Provisions. The provisions of § 60.8(d) do not apply to affected facilities subject to the provisions of this subpart except that an owner or operator must notify the Administrator of the schedule for the initial performance tests at least 30 days before the initial performance tests.

(f) The requirements of paragraphs (a) through (c) of this section remain in force until and unless EPA, in delegating enforcement authority to a State under section 111(c) of the Act, approves reporting requirements or an alternative means of compliance surveillance adopted by such State. In that event, affected sources within the State will be relieved of the obligation to comply with the requirements of paragraphs (a) through (c) of this section, provided that they comply with the requirements established by the State.




**Unified Air  
Toxics Website**

&lt;

**§ 63.162 of National Emission Standards for Organic Hazardous Air Pollutants for Equipment Leaks (Subpart H) - General standards for identifying leaks .**

(f) When each leak is detected as specified in §§ 63.163 and 63.164; §§ 63.168 and 63.169; and §§ 63.172 through 63.174 of this subpart, the following requirements apply:

- (1) A weatherproof and readily visible identification, marked with the equipment identification number, shall be attached to the leaking equipment.
- (2) The identification on a valve may be removed after it has been monitored as specified in §§63.168(f)(3), and 63.175(e)(7)(i)(D) of this subpart, and no leak has been detected during the follow-up monitoring. If the owner or operator elects to comply using the provisions of § 63.174(c)(1)(i) of this subpart, the identification on a connector may be removed after it is monitored as specified in § 63.174(c)(1)(i) and no leak is detected during that monitoring.
- (3) The identification which has been placed on equipment determined to have a leak, except for a valve or for a connector that is subject to the provisions of § 63.174(c)(1)(i), may be removed after it is repaired.

**§§ 63.163(a) and 63.163(b) of National Emission Standards for Organic Hazardous Air Pollutants for Equipment Leaks (Subpart H) - Compliance dates and leak definitions for pumps in light liquid service.**

(a) The provisions of this section apply to each pump that is in light liquid service.

(1) The provisions are to be implemented on the dates specified in the specific subpart in 40 CFR part 63 that references this subpart in the phases specified below:

(i) For each group of existing process units at existing sources subject to the provisions of subparts F or I of this part, the phases of the standard are:

- (A) Phase I, beginning on the compliance date;
- (B) Phase II, beginning no later than 1 year after the compliance date; and
- (C) Phase III, beginning no later than 2½ years after the compliance date.

(ii) For new sources subject to the provisions of subparts F or I of this part, the applicable phases of the standard are:

- (A) After initial start-up, comply with the Phase II requirements; and
- (B) Beginning no later than 1 year after initial start-up, comply with the Phase III requirements.

(2) The owner or operator of a source subject to the provisions of subparts F or I of this part may elect to

meet the requirements of a later phase during the time period specified for an earlier phase.

(3) Sources subject to other subparts in 40 CFR part 63 that reference this subpart shall comply on the dates specified in the applicable subpart.

(b)(1) The owner or operator of a process unit subject to this subpart shall monitor each pump monthly to detect leaks by the method specified in § 63.180(b) of this subpart and shall comply with the requirements of paragraphs (a) through (d) of this section, except as provided in § 63.162(b) of this subpart and paragraphs (e) through (j) of this section.

(2) The instrument reading, as determined by the method as specified in § 63.180(b) of this subpart, that defines a leak in each phase of the standard is:

(i) For Phase I, an instrument reading of 10,000 parts per million or greater.

(ii) For Phase II, an instrument reading of 5,000 parts per million or greater.

(iii) For Phase III, an instrument reading of:

(A) 5,000 parts per million or greater for pumps handling polymerizing monomers;

(B) 2,000 parts per million or greater for pumps in food/medical service; and

(C) 1,000 parts per million or greater for all other pumps.

(3) Each pump shall be checked by visual inspection each calendar week for indications of liquids dripping from the pump seal. If there are indications of liquids dripping from the pump seal, a leak is detected.

#### **§ § 63.164(e) and 63.164(f) of National Emission Standards for Organic Hazardous Air Pollutants for Equipment Leaks (Subpart H) - Monitoring for Seal System Failure in Compressors.**

(e)(1) Each sensor as required in paragraph (d) of this section shall be observed daily or shall be equipped with an alarm unless the compressor is located within the boundary of an unmanned plant site.

(2) The owner or operator shall determine, based on design considerations and operating experience, a criterion that indicates failure of the seal system, the barrier fluid system, or both.

(f) If the sensor indicates failure of the seal system, the barrier fluid system, or both based on the criterion determined under paragraph (e)(2) of this section, a leak is detected.

#### **§ 63.165 of National Emission Standards for Organic Hazardous Air Pollutants for Equipment Leaks (Subpart H) - Standards: Pressure relief devices in gas/vapor service.**

(a) Except during pressure releases, each pressure relief device in gas/vapor service shall be operated with an instrument reading of less than 500 parts per million above background except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, as measured by the method specified in § 63.180(c) of this subpart.

(b)(1) After each pressure release, the pressure relief device shall be returned to a condition indicated by an instrument reading of less than 500 parts per million above background, as soon as practicable, but no later than 5 calendar days after each pressure release, except as provided in § 63.171 of this subpart.

(2) No later than 5 calendar days after the pressure release and being returned to organic HAP service, the

pressure relief device shall be monitored to confirm the condition indicated by an instrument reading of less than 500 parts per million above background, as measured by the method specified in § 63.180(c) of this subpart.

(c) Any pressure relief device that is routed to a process or fuel gas system or equipped with a closed-vent system capable of capturing and transporting leakage from the pressure relief device to a control device as described in § 63.172 of this subpart is exempt from the requirements of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section.

(d)(1) Any pressure relief device that is equipped with a rupture disk upstream of the pressure relief device is exempt from the requirements of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, provided the owner or operator complies with the requirements in paragraph (d)(2) of this section.

(2) After each pressure release, a rupture disk shall be installed upstream of the pressure relief device as soon as practicable, but no later than 5 calendar days after each pressure release, except as provided in § 63.171 of this subpart.

**§ 63.169 of National Emission Standards for Organic Hazardous Air Pollutants for Equipment Leaks (Subpart H) - Standards: Pumps, valves, connectors, and agitators in heavy liquid service; instrumentation systems; and pressure relief devices in liquid service.**

(a) Pumps, valves, connectors, and agitators in heavy liquid service, pressure relief devices in light liquid or heavy liquid service, and instrumentation systems shall be monitored within 5 calendar days by the method specified in § 63.180(b) of this subpart if evidence of a potential leak to the atmosphere is found by visual, audible, olfactory, or any other detection method. If such a potential leak is repaired as required in paragraphs (c) and (d) of this section, it is not necessary to monitor the system for leaks by the method specified in § 63.180(b) of this subpart.

(b) If an instrument reading of 10,000 parts per million or greater for agitators, 5,000 parts per million or greater for pumps handling polymerizing monomers, 2,000 parts per million or greater for pumps in food/medical service or pumps subject to § 63.163(b)(iii)(C), or 500 parts per million or greater for valves, connectors, instrumentation systems, and pressure relief devices is measured, a leak is detected.

(c)(1) When a leak is detected, it shall be repaired as soon as practicable, but not later than 15 calendar days after it is detected, except as provided in § 63.171 of this subpart.

(2) The first attempt at repair shall be made no later than 5 calendar days after each leak is detected.

(3) For equipment identified in paragraph (a) of this section that is not monitored by the method specified in § 63.180(b), repaired shall mean that the visual, audible, olfactory, or other indications of a leak to the atmosphere have been eliminated; that no bubbles are observed at potential leak sites during a leak check using soap solution; or that the system will hold a test pressure.

(d) First attempts at repair include, but are not limited to, the practices described under §§ 63.163(c)(2) and 63.168(g) of this subpart, for pumps and valves, respectively.

**§ 63.172 of National Emission Standards for Organic Hazardous Air Pollutants for Equipment Leaks (Subpart H) - Standards: Closed-vent systems and control devices.**

(a) Owners or operators of closed-vent systems and control devices used to comply with provisions of this sub-part shall comply with the provisions of this section, except as provided in § 63.162(b) of this subpart.

(b) Recovery or recapture devices (e.g., condensers and absorbers) shall be designed and operated to recover the organic hazardous air pollutant emissions or volatile organic compounds emissions vented to them with an efficiency of 95 percent or greater, or to an exit concentration of 20 parts per million by volume, whichever is less stringent. The 20 parts per million by volume performance standard is not applicable to the provisions of § 63.179.

(c) Enclosed combustion devices shall be designed and operated to reduce the organic hazardous air pollutant emissions or volatile organic compounds emissions vented to them with an efficiency of 95 percent or greater, or to an exit concentration of 20 parts per million by volume, on a dry basis, corrected to 3 percent oxygen, whichever is less stringent, or to provide a minimum residence time of 0.50 seconds at a minimum temperature of 760 C.

(d) Flares used to comply with this subpart shall comply with the requirements of § 63.11(b) of subpart A of this part.

(e) Owners or operators of control devices that are used to comply with the provisions of this subpart shall monitor these control devices to ensure that they are operated and maintained in conformance with their design.

NOTE: The intent of this provision is to ensure proper operation and maintenance of the control device.

(f) Except as provided in paragraphs (k) and (l) of this section, each closed-vent system shall be inspected according to the procedures and schedule specified in paragraphs (f)(1) and (f)(2) of this section.

(1) If the closed-vent system is constructed of hard-piping, the owner or operator shall:

(i) Conduct an initial inspection according to the procedures in paragraph (g) of this section, and

(ii) Conduct annual visual inspections for visible, audible, or olfactory indications of leaks.

(2) If the vapor collection system or closed-vent system is constructed of duct work, the owner or operator shall:

(i) Conduct an initial inspection according to the procedures in paragraph (g) of this section, and

(ii) Conduct annual inspections according to the procedures in paragraph (g) of this section.

(g) Each closed-vent system shall be inspected according to the procedures in § 63.180(b) of this subpart.

(h) Leaks, as indicated by an instrument reading greater than 500 parts per million above background or by visual inspections, shall be repaired as soon as practicable, except as provided in paragraph (i) of this section.

(1) A first attempt at repair shall be made no later than 5 calendar days after the leak is detected.

(2) Repair shall be completed no later than 15 calendar days after the leak is detected, except as provided in paragraph (i) of this section.

(i) Delay of repair of a closed-vent system for which leaks have been detected is allowed if the repair is technically infeasible without a process unit shutdown or if the owner or operator determines that emissions resulting from immediate repair would be greater than the fugitive emissions likely to result

from delay of repair. Repair of such equipment shall be complete by the end of the next process unit shutdown.

(j) For each closed-vent system that contains bypass lines that could divert a vent stream away from the control device and to the atmosphere, the owner or operator shall comply with the provisions of either paragraph (j)(1) or (j)(2) of this section, except as provided in paragraph (j)(3) of this section.

(1) Install, set or adjust, maintain, and operate a flow indicator that takes a reading at least once every 15 minutes. Records shall be generated as specified in § 63.118(a)(3) of subpart G of this part. The flow indicator shall be installed at the entrance to any bypass line; or

(2) Secure the bypass line valve in the non-diverting position with a car-seal or a lock-and-key type configuration. A visual inspection of the seal or closure mechanism shall be performed at least once every month to ensure the valve is maintained in the non-diverting position and the vent stream is not diverted through the bypass line.

(3) Equipment such as low leg drains, high point bleeds, analyzer vents, open-ended valves or lines, and pressure relief valves needed for safety purposes are not subject to this paragraph.

(k) Any parts of the closed-vent system that are designated, as described in paragraph 63.181(b)(7)(i), as unsafe to inspect are exempt from the inspection requirements of paragraphs (f)(1) and (f)(2) of this section if:

(1) The owner or operator determines that the equipment is unsafe to inspect because inspecting personnel would be exposed to an imminent or potential danger as a consequence of complying with paragraph (f)(1) or (f)(2) of this section; and

(2) The owner or operator has a written plan that requires inspection of the equipment as frequently as practicable during safe-to-inspect times, but not more frequently than annually.

(l) Any parts of the closed-vent system that are designated, as described in § 63.181 (b)(7)(i) of this subpart, as difficult to inspect are exempt from the inspection requirements of paragraphs (f)(1) and (f)(2) of this section if:

(1) The owner or operator determines that the equipment cannot be inspected without elevating the inspecting personnel more than 2 meters above a support surface; and

(2) The owner or operator has a written plan that requires inspection of the equipment at least once every 5 years.

(m) Whenever organic HAP emissions are vented to a closed-vent system or control device used to comply with the provisions of this subpart, such system or control device shall be operating.

(n) After the compliance dates specified in § 63.100 of subpart F of this part, the owner or operator of any control device subject to this subpart that is also subject to monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements in 40 CFR part 264, subpart BB, or is subject to monitoring and recordkeeping requirements in 40 CFR part 265, subpart BB, may elect to comply either with the monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements of this subpart, or with the monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements in 40 CFR parts 264 and/or 265, as described in this paragraph, which shall constitute compliance with the monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting requirements of this subpart. The owner or operator shall identify which option has been chosen, in the next periodic report required by § 63.182(d).

## **§ 63.180(b) and 63.180(c) of National Emission Standards for Organic Hazardous Air Pollutants for Equipment Leaks (Subpart H) - Test methods for monitoring for equipment leaks.**

(b) Monitoring, as required under this subpart, shall comply with the following measurements:

(1) Monitoring shall comply with Method 21 of 40 CFR part 60, appendix A.

(2)(i) Except as provided for in paragraph (b)(2)(ii) of this section, the detection instrument shall meet the performance criteria of Method 21 of 40 CFR part 60, appendix A, except the instrument response factor criteria in Section 3.1.2(a) of Method 21 shall be for the average composition of the process fluid not each individual VOC in the stream. For process streams that contain nitrogen, water, air, or other inerts which are not organic HAP's or VOC's, the average stream response factor may be calculated on an inert-free basis. The response factor may be determined at any concentration for which monitoring for leaks will be conducted.

(ii) If no instrument is available at the plant site that will meet the performance criteria specified in paragraph (b)(2)(i) of this section, the instrument readings may be adjusted by multiplying by the average response factor of the process fluid, calculated on an inert-free basis as described in paragraph (b)(2)(i) of this section.

(3) The instrument shall be calibrated before use on each day of its use by the procedures specified in Method 21 of 40 CFR part 60, appendix A.

(4) Calibration gases shall be:

(i) Zero air (less than 10 parts per million of hydrocarbon in air); and

(ii) Mixtures of methane in air at the concentrations specified in paragraphs (b)(4)(ii)(A) through (b)(4)(ii)(C) of this section. A calibration gas other than methane in air may be used if the instrument does not respond to methane or if the instrument does not meet the performance criteria specified in paragraph (b)(2)(i) of this section. In such cases, the calibration gas may be a mixture of one or more of the compounds to be measured in air.

(A) For Phase I, a mixture of methane or other compounds, as applicable, in air at a concentration of approximately, but less than, 10,000 parts per million.

(B) For Phase II, a mixture of methane or other compounds, as applicable, and air at a concentration of approximately, but less than, 10,000 parts per million for agitators, 5,000 parts per million for pumps, and 500 parts per million for all other equipment, except as provided in paragraph (b)(4)(iii) of this section.

(C) For Phase III, a mixture of methane or other compounds, as applicable, and air at a concentration of approximately, but less than, 10,000 parts per million methane for agitators; 2,000 parts per million for pumps in food/medical service; 5,000 parts per million for pumps in polymerizing monomer service; 1,000 parts per million for all other pumps; and 500 parts per million for all other equipment, except as provided in paragraph (b)(4)(iii) of this section.

(iii) The instrument may be calibrated at a higher methane concentration than the concentration specified for that piece of equipment. The concentration of the calibration gas may exceed the concentration specified as a leak by no more than 2,000 parts per million. If the monitoring instrument's design allows for multiple calibration scales, then the lower scale shall be calibrated with a calibration gas that is no

higher than 2,000 parts per million above the concentration specified as a leak and the highest scale shall be calibrated with a calibration gas that is approximately equal to 10,000 parts per million. If only one scale on an instrument will be used during monitoring, the owner or operator need not calibrate the scales that will not be used during that day's monitoring.

(5) Monitoring shall be performed when the equipment is in organic HAP service, in use with an acceptable surrogate volatile organic compound which is not an organic HAP, or is in use with any other detectable gas or vapor.

(6) Monitoring data that do not meet the criteria specified in paragraphs (b)(1) through (b)(5) of this section may be used to qualify for less frequent monitoring under the provisions in § 63.168(d)(2) and (d)(3) or § 63.174(b)(3)(ii) or (b)(3)(iii) of this subpart provided the data meet the conditions specified in paragraphs (b)(6)(i) and (b)(6)(ii) of this section.

(i) The data were obtained before April 22, 1994.

(ii) The departures from the criteria specified in paragraphs (b)(1) through (b)(5) of this section or from the specified monitoring frequency of § 63.168© are minor and do not significantly affect the quality of the data. Examples of minor departures are monitoring at a slightly different frequency (such as every six weeks instead of monthly or quarterly), following the performance criteria of section 3.1.2(a) of Method 21 of appendix A of 40 CFR part 60 instead of paragraph (b)(2) of this section, or monitoring at a different leak definition if the data would indicate the presence or absence of a leak at the concentration specified in this subpart. Failure to use a calibrated instrument is not considered a minor departure.

(c) When equipment is monitored for compliance as required in §§ 63.164(i), 63.165(a), and 63.172(f) or when equipment subject to a leak definition of 500 ppm is monitored for leaks as required by this subpart, the owner or operator may elect to adjust or not to adjust the instrument readings for background. If an owner or operator elects to not adjust instrument readings for background, the owner or operator shall monitor the equipment according to the procedures specified in paragraphs (b)(1) through (b)(4) of this section. In such case, all instrument readings shall be compared directly to the applicable leak definition to determine whether there is a leak. If an owner or operator elects to adjust instrument readings for background, the owner or operator shall monitor the equipment according to the procedures specified in paragraphs (c)(1) through (c)(4) of this section.

(1) The requirements of paragraphs (b) (1) through (4) of this section shall apply.

(2) The background level shall be determined, using the same procedures that will be used to determine whether the equipment is leaking.

(3) The instrument probe shall be traversed around all potential leak interfaces as close to the interface as possible as described in Method 21 of 40 CFR part 60, appendix A.

(4) The arithmetic difference between the maximum concentration indicated by the instrument and the background level is compared with 500 parts per million for determining compliance.

**§ § 63.181(b)(1) through (b)(9), (c), (d), (f) through (j) of National Emission Standards for Organic Hazardous Air Pollutants for Equipment Leaks (Subpart H) - Recordkeeping requirements.**

(b) Except as provided in paragraph (e) of this section, the following information pertaining to all equipment in each process unit subject to the requirements in §§ 63.162 through 63.174 of this subpart

shall be recorded:

(1)(i) A list of identification numbers for equipment (except connectors exempt from monitoring and recordkeeping identified in § 63.174 of this subpart and instrumentation systems) subject to the requirements of this subpart. Connectors need not be individually identified if all connectors in a designated area or length of pipe subject to the provisions of this subpart are identified as a group, and the number of connectors subject is indicated. With respect to connectors, the list shall be complete no later than the completion of the initial survey required by § 63.174 (b)(1) or (b)(2) of this subpart.

(ii) A schedule by process unit for monitoring connectors subject to the provisions of § 63.174(a) of this subpart and valves subject to the provisions of § 63.168(d) of this subpart.

(2)(i) A list of identification numbers for equipment that the owner or operator elects to equip with a closed-vent system and control device, under the provisions of § 63.163(g), § 63.164(h), § 63.165(c), or § 63.173(f) of this subpart.

(ii) A list of identification numbers for compressors that the owner or operator elects to designate as operating with an instrument reading of less than 500 parts per million above background, under the provisions of § 63.164(i) of this subpart.

(3)(i) A list of identification numbers for pressure relief devices subject to the provisions in § 63.165(a) of this subpart.

(ii) A list of identification numbers for pressure relief devices equipped with rupture disks, under the provisions of § 63.165(d) of this subpart.

(4) Identification of instrumentation systems subject to the provisions of this subpart. Individual components in an instrumentation system need not be identified.

(6) The following information shall be recorded for each dual mechanical seal system:

(i) Design criteria required in §§ 63.163(e)(6)(i), 63.164(e)(2), and 63.173(d)(6)(i) of this subpart and an explanation of the design criteria; and

(ii) Any changes to these criteria and the reasons for the changes.

(7) The following information pertaining to all pumps subject to the provisions of § 63.163(j), valves subject to the provisions of § 63.168(h) and (i) of this subpart, agitators subject to the provisions of § 63.173(h) through (j), and connectors subject to the provisions of § 63.174(f) and (g) of this subpart shall be recorded:

(i) Identification of equipment designated as unsafe to monitor, difficult to monitor, or unsafe to inspect and the plan for monitoring or inspecting this equipment.

(ii) A list of identification numbers for the equipment that is designated as difficult to monitor, an explanation of why the equipment is difficult to monitor, and the planned schedule for monitoring this equipment.

(iii) A list of identification numbers for connectors that are designated as unsafe to repair and an explanation why the connector is unsafe to repair.

(8)(i) A list of valves removed from and added to the process unit, as described in § 63.168(e)(1) of this

subpart, if the net credits for removed valves is expected to be used.

(ii) A list of connectors removed from and added to the process unit, as described in § 63.174(i)(1) of this subpart, and documentation of the integrity of the weld for any removed connectors, as required in § 63.174(j) of this subpart. This is not required unless the net credits for removed connectors is expected to be used.

(c) For visual inspections of equipment subject to the provisions of this subpart (e.g., §63.163(b)(3), § 63.163(e)(4)(i)), the owner or operator shall document that the inspection was conducted and the date of the inspection. The owner or operator shall maintain records as specified in paragraph (d) of this section for leaking equipment identified in this inspection, except as provided in paragraph (e) of this section. These records shall be retained for 2 years.

(d) When each leak is detected as specified in §§ 63.163 and 63.164; §§ 63.168 and 63.169; and §§ 63.172 through 63.174 of this subpart, the following information shall be recorded and kept for 2 years:

(1) The instrument and the equipment identification number and the operator name, initials, or identification number.

(2) The date the leak was detected and the date of first attempt to repair the leak.

(3) The date of successful repair of the leak.

(4) Maximum instrument reading measured by Method 21 of 40 CFR part 60, appendix A after it is successfully repaired or determined to be nonrepairable.

(5) "Repair delayed" and the reason for the delay if a leak is not repaired within 15 calendar days after discovery of the leak.

(i) The owner or operator may develop a written procedure that identifies the conditions that justify a delay of repair. The written procedures may be included as part of the startup/shutdown/ malfunction plan, required by § 63.6(e)(3), for the source or may be part of a separate document that is maintained at the plant site. In such cases, reasons for delay of repair may be documented by citing the relevant sections of the written procedure.

(ii) If delay of repair was caused by depletion of stocked parts, there must be documentation that the spare parts were sufficiently stocked on-site before depletion and the reason for depletion.

(6) Dates of process unit shutdowns that occur while the equipment is unrepaired.

(7)(i) Identification, either by list, location (area or grouping), or tagging of connectors that have been opened or otherwise had the seal broken since the last monitoring period required in § 63.174(b) of this subpart, as described in § 63.174(c)(1) of this subpart, unless the owner or operator elects to comply with the provisions of § 63.174(c)(1)(ii) of this subpart.

(ii) The date and results of monitoring as required in § 63.174(c) of this subpart. If identification of connectors that have been opened or otherwise had the seal broken is made by location under paragraph (d)(7)(i) of this section, then all connectors within the designated location shall be monitored.

(8) The date and results of the monitoring required in § 63.178(c)(3)(i) of this subpart for equipment added to a batch process unit since the last monitoring period required in § 63.178 (c)(3)(ii) and (c)(3)(iii) of this

subpart. If no leaking equipment is found in this monitoring, the owner or operator shall record that the inspection was performed. Records of the actual monitoring results are not required.

(9) Copies of the periodic reports as specified in § 63.182(d) of this subpart, if records are not maintained on a computerized database capable of generating summary reports from the records.

(f) The dates and results of each compliance test required for compressors subject to the provisions in § 63.164(i) and the dates and results of the monitoring following a pressure release for each pressure relief device subject to the provisions in §§ 63.165 (a) and (b) of this subpart. The results shall include:

(1) The background level measured during each compliance test.

(2) The maximum instrument reading measured at each piece of equipment during each compliance test.

(g) The owner or operator shall maintain records of the information specified in paragraphs (g)(1) through (g)(3) of this section for closed-vent systems and control devices subject to the provisions of § 63.172 of this subpart. The records specified in paragraph (g)(1) of this section shall be retained for the life of the equipment. The records specified in paragraphs (g)(2) and (g)(3) of this section shall be retained for 2 years.

(1) The design specifications and performance demonstrations specified in paragraphs (g)(1)(i) through (g)(1)(iv) of this section.

(i) Detailed schematics, design specifications of the control device, and piping and instrumentation diagrams.

(ii) The dates and descriptions of any changes in the design specifications.

(iii) The flare design (i.e., steam-assisted, air-assisted, or non-assisted) and the results of the compliance demonstration required by § 63.11(b) of subpart A of this part.

(iv) A description of the parameter or parameters monitored, as required in § 63.172(e) of this subpart, to ensure that control devices are operated and maintained in conformance with their design and an explanation of why that parameter (or parameters) was selected for the monitoring.

(2) Records of operation of closed-vent systems and control devices, as specified in paragraphs (g)(2)(i) through (g)(2)(iii) of this section.

(i) Dates and durations when the closed-vent systems and control devices required in §§ 63.163 through 63.166, and § 63.170 of this subpart are not operated as designed as indicated by the monitored parameters, including periods when a flare pilot light system does not have a flame.

(ii) Dates and durations during which the monitoring system or monitoring device is inoperative.

(iii) Dates and durations of startups and shutdowns of control devices required in §§ 63.163 through 63.166, and § 63.170 of this subpart.

(3) Records of inspections of closed-vent systems subject to the provisions of § 63.172 of this subpart, as specified in paragraphs (g)(3)(i) and (g)(3)(ii) of this section.

(i) For each inspection conducted in accordance with the provisions of § 63.172(f)(1) or (f)(2) of this subpart during which no leaks were detected, a record that the inspection was performed, the date of the

inspection, and a statement that no leaks were detected.

(ii) For each inspection conducted in accordance with the provisions of § 63.172(f)(1) or (f)(2) of this subpart during which leaks were detected, the information specified in paragraph (d) of this section shall be recorded.

(h) Each owner or operator of a process unit subject to the requirements of §§ 63.175 and 63.176 of this subpart shall maintain the records specified in paragraphs (h)(1) through (h)(9) of this section for the period of the quality improvement program for the process unit.

(1) For owners or operators who elect to use a reasonable further progress quality improvement program, as specified in § 63.175(d) of this subpart:

(i) All data required in § 63.175(d)(2) of this subpart.

(ii) The percent leaking valves observed each quarter and the rolling average percent reduction observed in each quarter.

(iii) The beginning and ending dates while meeting the requirements of § 63.175(d) of this subpart.

(2) For owners or operators who elect to use a quality improvement program of technology review and improvement, as specified in § 63.175(e) of this subpart:

(i) All data required in § 63.175(e)(2) of this subpart.

(ii) The percent leaking valves observed each quarter.

(iii) Documentation of all inspections conducted under the requirements of § 63.175(e)(4) of this subpart, and any recommendations for design or specification changes to reduce leak frequency.

(iv) The beginning and ending dates while meeting the requirements of § 63.175(e) of this subpart.

(3) For owners or operators subject to the requirements of the pump quality improvement program as specified in § 63.176 of this subpart:

(i) All data required in § 63.176(d)(2) of this subpart.

(ii) The rolling average percent leaking pumps.

(iii) Documentation of all inspections conducted under the requirements of § 63.176(d)(4) of this subpart, and any recommendations for design or specification changes to reduce leak frequency.

(iv) The beginning and ending dates while meeting the requirements of § 63.176(d) of this subpart.

(4) If a leak is not repaired within 15 calendar days after discovery of the leak, the reason for the delay and the expected date of successful repair.

(5) Records of all analyses required in §§ 63.175(e) and 63.176(d) of this subpart. The records will include the following:

(i) A list identifying areas associated with poorer than average performance and the associated service characteristics of the stream, the operating conditions and maintenance practices.

(ii) The reasons for rejecting specific candidate superior emission performing valve or pump technology

from performance trials.

(iii) The list of candidate superior emission performing valve or pump technologies, and documentation of the performance trial program items required under §§63.175(e)(6)(iii) and 63.176(d)(6)(iii) of this subpart. (iv) The beginning date and duration of performance trials of each candidate superior emission performing technology.

(6) All records documenting the quality assurance program for valves or pumps as specified in §§ 63.175(e)(7) and 63.176(d)(7) of this subpart.

(7) Records indicating that all valves or pumps replaced or modified during the period of the quality improvement program are in compliance with the quality assurance requirements in § 63.175(e)(7) and § 63.176(d)(7) of this subpart.

(8) Records documenting compliance with the 20 percent or greater annual replacement rate for pumps as specified in § 63.176(d)(8) of this subpart.

(9) Information and data to show the corporation has fewer than 100 employees, including employees providing professional and technical contracted services.

(i) The owner or operator of equipment in heavy liquid service shall comply with the requirements of either paragraph (i)(1) or (i)(2) of this section, as provided in paragraph (i)(3) of this section.

(1) Retain information, data, and analyses used to determine that a piece of equipment is in heavy liquid service.

(2) When requested by the Administrator, demonstrate that the piece of equipment or process is in heavy liquid service.

(3) A determination or demonstration that a piece of equipment or process is in heavy liquid service shall include an analysis or demonstration that the process fluids do not meet the definition of "in light liquid service." Examples of information that could document this include, but are not limited to, records of chemicals purchased for the process, analyses of process stream composition, engineering calculations, or process knowledge.

(j) Identification, either by list, location (area or group) of equipment in organic HAP service less than 300 hours per year within a process unit subject to the provisions of this subpart under § 63.160 of this subpart.

**§§ 63.182(c)(1), (d)(1), (d)(2), and (d)(4) of National Emission Standards for Organic Hazardous Air Pollutants for Equipment Leaks (Subpart H) - Notification and periodic reporting requirements.**

(1) The notification shall provide the information listed in paragraphs (c)(1)(i) through (c)(1)(iv) of this section for each process unit subject to the requirements of § 63.163 through § 63.174 of this subpart.

(i) Process unit identification.

(ii) Number of each equipment type (e.g., valves, pumps) excluding equipment in vacuum service.

(iii) Method of compliance with the standard (for example, "monthly leak detection and repair" or "equipped with dual mechanical seals").

(iv) Planned schedule for each phase of the requirements in § 63.163 and § 63.168 of this subpart.

(d) The owner or operator of a source subject to this subpart shall submit Periodic Reports.

(1) A report containing the information in paragraphs (d)(2), (d)(3), and (d)(4) of this section shall be submitted semiannually starting 6 months after the Notification of Compliance Status, as required in paragraph (c) of this section. The first periodic report shall cover the first 6 months after the compliance date specified in § 63.100(k)(3) of subpart F. Each subsequent periodic report shall cover the 6 month period following the preceding period.

(2) For each process unit complying with the provisions of § 63.163 through § 63.174 of this subpart, the summary information listed in paragraphs (i) through (xvi) of this paragraph for each monitoring period during the 6 month period.

(i) The number of valves for which leaks were detected as described in § 63.168(b) of this subpart, the percent leakers, and the total number of valves monitored;

(ii) The number of valves for which leaks were not repaired as required in § 63.168(f) of this subpart, identifying the number of those that are determined nonreparable;

(iii) The number of pumps for which leaks were detected as described in § 63.163(b) of this subpart, the percent leakers, and the total number of pumps monitored;

(iv) The number of pumps for which leaks were not repaired as required in § 63.163(c) of this subpart;

(v) The number of compressors for which leaks were detected as described in § 63.164(f) of this subpart;

(vi) The number of compressors for which leaks were not repaired as required in § 63.164(g) of this subpart;

(vii) The number of agitators for which leaks were detected as described in § 63.173(a) and (b) of this subpart;

(viii) The number of agitators for which leaks were not repaired as required in § 63.173(c) of this subpart;

(ix) The number of connectors for which leaks were detected as described in § 63.174(a) of this subpart, the percent of connectors leaking, and the total number of connectors monitored;

(x) [Reserved]

(xi) The number of connectors for which leaks were not repaired as required in § 63.174(d) of this subpart, identifying the number of those that are determined nonreparable;

(xii) [Reserved]

(xiii) The facts that explain any delay of repairs and, where appropriate, why a process unit shutdown was technically infeasible.

(xiv) The results of all monitoring to show compliance with §§63.164(i), 63.165(a), and 63.172(f) of this subpart conducted within the semiannual reporting period.

(xv) If applicable, the initiation of a monthly monitoring program under § 63.168(d)(1)(i) of this subpart, or a quality improvement program under either §§ 63.175 or 63.176 of this subpart.

(xvi) If applicable, notification of a change in connector monitoring alternatives as described in

§ 63.174(c)(1) of this subpart.

(xvii) If applicable, the compliance option that has been selected under § 63.172(n).

(4) The information listed in paragraph (c) of this section for the Notification of Compliance Status for process units with later compliance dates. Any revisions to items reported in earlier Notification of Compliance Status, if the method of compliance has changed since the last report.

---

[EPA Home](#) | [OAR Home](#) | [OAQPS Home](#) | [TTN Home](#) | [UATW Home](#)

[ContactUATW Webmaster-\(919-541-5347\)](#)